

AKTIEBOLAGET SVENSK EXPORTKREDIT (PUBL)
(SWEDISH EXPORT CREDIT CORPORATION)

(Incorporated in the Kingdom of Sweden, and registered in the Swedish Companies Register
with registered number 556084-0315)

\$500,000,000 Floating Rate Global Notes due October 2018

Prospectus dated November 1, 2016

INTRODUCTION

The Prospectus has been approved by the Central Bank of Ireland (the “Central Bank”), as competent authority under Directive 2003/71/EC (the “Prospectus Directive”). The Central Bank only approves this Prospectus as meeting the requirements imposed under Irish and EU law pursuant to the Prospectus Directive. Application has been made to the Irish Stock Exchange for the Notes to be admitted to the official list (the “Official List”) and trading on its regulated market (the “Main Securities Market”). The Main Securities Market is a regulated market for the purposes of Directive 2004/39/EC (the “Markets in Financial Instruments Directive”).

Unless the context requires otherwise, references to the “Issuer”, “SEK”, the “Company”, “we” and “us” in this document refer to Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (publ) (Swedish Export Credit Corporation) and references to the “Notes” refer to the US\$500,000,000 Floating Rate Global Notes due October 2018. We refer to this document as the “Supplement”. The Supplement does not constitute a Supplement for the purposes of Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive. The “Prospectus” comprises the Supplement, the pricing supplement dated September 29, 2016 (the “Pricing Supplement”), the prospectus addendum dated January 28, 2016 (the “Prospectus Addendum”), the prospectus supplement dated November 3, 2014 (the “Prospectus Supplement”) and the original prospectus dated November 3, 2014 (the “Original Prospectus”). If the information in this Supplement differs from the information contained in the Pricing Supplement, the Prospectus Addendum, the Prospectus Supplement, the Original Prospectus or any of the documents incorporated by reference herein you should rely on the information in this Supplement. The Prospectus constitutes a prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive.

The language of the Prospectus is English. Certain legislative references and technical terms have been cited in their original language in order that the correct technical meaning may be ascribed to them under applicable law.

This Prospectus also includes the following documents, which we have filed with the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (“Finansinspektionen”) in accordance with the Transparency Directive, and which are incorporated by reference herein:

- our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2015 reported by us to the Finansinspektionen on February 26, 2016 (the “2015 Annual Report”) (available at http://www.sek.se/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2016/03/SEK_AR_2015_EN.pdf), which includes our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 (the “2015 Financial Statements”);
- pages 8-47 and 58-127 of our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2014 reported by us to the Finansinspektionen on February 19, 2015 (the “2014 Annual Report”) (available at http://www.sek.se/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2015/02/SEK_%C3%85R_2014_en.pdf), which includes our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 (the “2014 Financial Statements” and, together with the 2015 Financial Statements, the “Financial Statements”);
- our interim report for the three months ended March 31, 2016 reported by us to the Finansinspektionen on April 26, 2016 (the “First Quarter 2016 Interim

Report”) (available at <http://www.sek.se/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2016/04/Interim-Report-Q1-2016.pdf>), which includes our unaudited consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2016;

- our interim report for the six months ended June 30, 2016 reported by us to the Finansinspektionen on July 21, 2016 (the “Second Quarter 2016 Interim Report”) (available at <http://www.sek.se/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2016/02/Interim-Report-2-2016.pdf>), which includes our unaudited consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2016; and
- our interim report for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 reported by us to the Finansinspektionen on October 21, 2016 (the “Third Quarter 2016 Interim Report”) (available at http://www.sek.se/en/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2016/10/Interim-Report_Jan-Sep_2016.pdf), which includes our unaudited consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended September 30, 2016.

Portions of the 2014 Annual Report that are not incorporated by reference herein are either (i) not relevant to investors or (ii) relate to information addressed elsewhere in this Prospectus, including in the 2015 Annual Report. These documents incorporated by reference themselves incorporate by reference further information and documents, which do not form part of the Prospectus for Prospectus Directive purposes. The documents incorporated by reference on page P-3 of the Pricing Supplement under the heading “Incorporation of Information We File with the SEC” do not form part of this Prospectus for Prospectus Directive purposes. Any websites referred to herein do not form part of this Prospectus.

For the life of this Prospectus, the 2014 Annual Report, the 2015 Annual Report, the First Quarter 2016 Interim Report, the Second Quarter 2016 Interim Report and the Third Quarter 2016 Interim Report may be inspected at our registered head office at Klarabergsviadukten 61-63, P.O. Box 194, SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden.

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information given in this Prospectus. Having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, we declare that the information given in this Prospectus is, to the best of our knowledge, in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect its import.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

RISK FACTORS	ii
GENERAL INFORMATION	ix
THE PROPOSED FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS TAX	xvi
IRELAND	xvii
PRICING SUPPLEMENT	
About This Pricing Supplement	P-1
Incorporation of Information We File with the SEC	P-3
Risk Factors.....	P-4
Description of the Notes.....	P-6
Use of Proceeds	P-10
Plan of Distribution	P-10
Validity of the Notes	P-12
General Information	P-12
Clearance Through DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg.....	P-14
PROSPECTUS ADDENDUM	
Risk Factors.....	PA-1
Description of Medium-Term Notes	PA-4
PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT	
About this Prospectus Supplement.....	S-1
Summary Description of the Notes	S-2
Swedish Export Credit Corporation	S-2
Risks Associated with Foreign Currency Notes and Indexed Notes.....	S-5
Currency Exchange Information	S-8
Description of the Notes.....	S-9
United States Federal Income Tax Considerations	S-30
Plan of Distribution	S-37
ORIGINAL PROSPECTUS	
About this Prospectus.....	1
Incorporation of Information We File with the SEC	1
Forward-Looking Statements.....	2
Enforcement of Liabilities; Service of Process	3
Prospectus Summary	3
Use of Proceeds.....	6
Capitalization	7
Description of Debt Securities	7
Swedish Taxation	18
Plan of Distribution	19
Exchange Controls and Other Limitations Affecting Security Holders	20
Validity of the Debt Securities	20
Authorized Representative	20
Expenses.....	21
Experts.....	21
Where You Can Find More Information.....	21

RISK FACTORS

Prospective investors should read the entire Prospectus along with the documents incorporated by reference. Investing in the Notes involves certain risks and is suitable only for investors who have the knowledge and experience in financial and business matters necessary to enable them to evaluate the risks and the merits of such an investment. Prospective investors should make such inquiries as they deem necessary without relying on us, the lead managers or the co-managers and should consult with their financial, tax, legal, accounting and other advisers, prior to deciding to make an investment in the Notes.

We have described the risks and uncertainties that we believe are material, but these risks and uncertainties may not be the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties relating to SEK that are not currently known to us, or that we currently deem immaterial, may also have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. If this occurs, the price of the Notes may decline, and investors could lose all or part of their investment.

Risks Relating to the Notes

The Notes lack a developed public market.

There can be no assurance regarding the future development of a market for the Notes or the ability of the holders of the Notes to sell their Notes or the price at which such holders may be able to sell their Notes. If such a market were to develop, the Notes may trade at a discount to their initial offering price, depending upon prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, general economic conditions and our financial condition. Although application has been made for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the Irish Stock Exchange, there is no assurance that such application will be accepted or that an active trading market will develop. Accordingly, there is no assurance as to the development or liquidity of any trading market for the Notes and, therefore, any prospective purchaser should be prepared to hold the Notes indefinitely or until the maturity or final redemption of such Notes.

The Notes may be redeemed prior to maturity.

If, due to the imposition by Sweden or one of its political subdivisions or taxing authorities of any tax, assessment or governmental charge subsequent to the issue date, we become obligated to pay additional amounts, we may at our option redeem all, but not less than all, the Notes by giving notice specifying a redemption date at least 30 days, but not more than 60 days, after the date of the notice. In such a circumstance, the Notes could be redeemed at a time when prevailing interest rates may not enable an investor to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as that of the Notes.

Taxation

Potential investors in the Notes should consult their own tax advisers as to which countries' tax laws could be relevant to acquiring, holding and disposing of Notes and receiving payments of interest, principal and/or other amounts or delivery of securities under the Notes and the consequences of such actions under the tax laws of those countries.

Risks Relating to SEK

Disruptions in the financial markets or economic recessions may have an adverse effect on SEK's ability to repay its debt.

SEK's financial performance, as represented in its statement of financial position and of comprehensive income, may be adversely affected by a number of factors, many of which are outside the Group's (as defined under "General Information— Name and corporate structure" below) control. Recent disruptions in the international financial markets and the recent worldwide recession had direct and indirect effects on SEK's profitability, asset quality, and its ability to finance its operations. Future disruptions or global recessions may reduce the Group's ability to repay its debt.

In addition, certain major economies around the world are currently in recession or have experienced slow growth or economic stagnation in recent periods. This, or any return to recessive conditions in any significant market that has recently emerged from recession, may ultimately impact the industrial development of commercial or industrial entities in countries around the world, which could also affect the business volumes, profitability or asset qualities of the Group. There can be no certainty that measures taken by various governments and monetary authorities will succeed in re-establishing, on a sustainable basis, the conditions necessary for economic growth. Therefore, uncertainty remains as to the future global economic outlook, and many countries' economies could experience long periods of slow growth or recurring recessions.

Additionally, even in the absence of slow economic growth or recessions, other economic circumstances — including, but not limited to, volatility in energy prices, fluctuations in the prices of commodities or other raw materials, contractions in infrastructure spending, fluctuations in market interest or exchange rates, and concerns over the financial health of sovereign governments and their instrumentalities — may have negative consequences for the companies and industries that the Group provides financing to (as well as the financial condition of SEK's financial counterparties) and could, in addition to the other factors cited above, have material adverse effects on the Group's business prospects, financial condition or ability to fulfill debt obligations.

SEK is exposed to credit risk even in normal economic circumstances. Disruptions in the financial markets or economic recessions may further negatively affect the credit quality of borrowers and other risk counterparties, which may cause credit losses or affect the value of assets.

Risks arising from the credit quality of borrowers and counterparties and the recoverability of loans and amounts due from counterparties in derivative transactions are inherent in SEK's businesses. Consequently, SEK may incur credit losses or delinquency in debt repayments even in normal economic circumstances. Financial market disruptions or economic recessions may further affect SEK's customers and counterparties, negatively affecting their ability to fulfill their obligations. Market and economic disruptions may affect, among other things, business and consumer spending, bankruptcy rates and asset prices, creating a greater likelihood that an increased number of SEK's customers or counterparties could require less credit or become delinquent in their loans or other obligations to SEK. SEK has, in the recent past, been forced to write down the value of some of its assets as a result of disruptions in the financial markets, and SEK may be forced to do so again in future periods. Such disruptions may affect the recoverability and value of SEK's assets and may necessitate

an increase in SEK's provisions for delinquent and defaulted debt and other provisions, which could in turn have a material adverse effect on SEK's business and/or its ability to repay its debts.

Reduced access to international capital markets for the financing of SEK's operations, or less favorable financing terms, may have negative impacts on SEK's profitability and its ability to fulfill its obligations.

In order to finance its operations, SEK is dependent on the international capital markets, where it competes with other issuers to obtain financing. Although SEK has been able to successfully finance its operations to date, factors outside SEK's control may have material adverse effects on the Group's continued ability to obtain such financing or could cause the cost of such financing to increase.

Continuing market turmoil and ongoing recessions in certain major countries have made it very difficult for many issuers to obtain financing, especially with longer maturities. Continued market disruptions may make such funding more expensive and difficult to obtain, consequently reducing the Group's profitability and/or its ability to fulfill its obligations. In addition, in the wake of the financial disruptions from 2008 and onwards, there have been proposals of new stricter regulations under the Basel regime with regard to capital adequacy and liquidity coverage. These stricter regulations (many of which have already come into force, while others are expected to become effective in the near future) will mean that, in general, financial institutions will need to have a larger own funds in relation to their risk-weighted assets as well as have better matched funding in relation to their obligations. Furthermore, tighter rules on which assets can be defined as liquidity reserves as well as stricter requirements on clearing of derivatives are important parts of the regulations. Compliance with such new rules may increase the costs of funding for all financial institutions, including SEK.

A key factor affecting the cost and availability of financing is SEK's credit rating. Although the Group currently has favorable credit ratings from various credit rating agencies, those credit ratings depend on many factors, some of which are outside of SEK's control. Credit rating agencies are also increasing their scrutiny of all issuers, particularly financial institutions. Significant factors in determining SEK's credit ratings or that otherwise could affect its ability to raise financing include its ownership structure, asset quality, liquidity profile, short- and long-term financial prospects, risk exposures, capital ratios, and prudential measures, as well as government support and SEK's public policy role. In particular, the public policy role of SEK and corresponding level of government support might receive greater scrutiny from the rating agencies in the near future, as similar institutions within the Nordic region have recently experienced dramatic changes in their government's definition of their public policy role. Notwithstanding regular confirmation from SEK's owner (the Swedish State) of its continued support for SEK's current public policy role, the risk that this view could change in the future cannot be entirely disregarded. Deterioration in any one of these factors or in any combination of these factors may lead rating agencies to downgrade SEK's credit ratings. If the Group were to experience a downgrade in its credit ratings, it would likely become necessary to offer increased interest margins in the capital markets in order to obtain financing, which would likely substantially lower the Group's profit margins and earnings, harm its overall liquidity and negatively affect its business and its ability to fulfill its obligations.

SEK may experience negative changes in the value of its assets or liabilities and may incur other losses related to volatile and illiquid market conditions.

Market volatility, illiquid market conditions and disruptions in the credit markets have during certain periods made it difficult to value certain of SEK's assets and liabilities. For example, SEK is exposed to changes in fair value due to changes in credit spreads on its own debt and due to changes in currency basis spread, which it has not hedged, and such changes in fair value can have a negative impact on SEK's results as reported under IFRS, even though SEK historically has not experienced any material realized losses related to such exposures. Subsequent valuations, in light of factors then prevailing, may result in significant changes in the value of such assets or liabilities in future periods. In addition, at the time of any sale of any such assets, the prices SEK ultimately realizes will depend on the demand and liquidity in the market at that time and may be materially lower than such assets' current fair value. Any of these factors could require SEK to negatively change the carrying amount of such assets or liabilities, which may have an adverse effect on the Group's financial condition in future periods.

SEK's hedging strategies may not prevent losses.

SEK uses hedging instruments in an attempt to manage interest rate, currency, credit, basis and other market-related risks. If any of the variety of instruments and strategies the Group uses to hedge its exposure to these various types of risk is not effective, the Group may incur losses, impairing its ability to timely repay or refinance its debts. In addition, there can be no assurance that the Group will continue to be able to hedge risks related to current or future assets or liabilities in accordance with its current policies in an efficient manner or at all. Disruptions such as market crises and economic recessions may put a strain on the availability and effectiveness of hedging instruments or strategies and could have an adverse effect on SEK's financial condition and its ability to fulfill its obligations.

Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates could harm SEK's business.

As an international lending institution, the Group is subject to some exchange-rate risk. The adequacy of the Group's financial resources may be impacted by changes in currency exchange rates that affect the value in Swedish currency of the Group's foreign-currency obligations. The values of a majority of the items presented in the statement of financial position are subject to fluctuations as a result of changes in the exchange rate between the Swedish krona and other currencies, such as the U.S. dollar/Swedish krona and the euro/Swedish krona exchange rates. Even though the Group carefully monitors and hedges its foreign currency exposures, changes in currency exchange rates adverse to the Group could harm SEK's business, its profitability and its ability to repay its debts. Furthermore, SEK does not hedge its exposure towards currency exchange effects related to unrealized changes in the fair value of its assets and liabilities. Also, any strengthening of the Swedish krona against other currencies may reduce demand for the products sold overseas by SEK's Swedish clients and thus reduce demand for its loans from end-purchasers of such products, or cause such clients to experience increased difficulty in repaying their loans to SEK. Such eventualities could therefore have an adverse effect on SEK's financial condition and its ability to fulfill its obligations. As part of its ordinary business activities, SEK has a material amount of euro-denominated assets reported in its statement of financial position as well as euro-denominated debt. Because of uncertainty surrounding the capacity of Eurozone countries' ability to handle the financial problems many of these countries are currently experiencing, the euro may fluctuate against the Swedish krona or any other currency in

which SEK has assets or liabilities. SEK might therefore be harmed by such fluctuations in exchange rates. Recent developments in Russia have had a negative impact on SEK's customers, while recent developments in Greece have only had indirect effects through their impact on financial markets.

Increasing competition may adversely affect SEK's income and business.

Competition in the Group's business is based on service, product innovation, product features, price, commission structures, financial strength and name recognition. The Group competes with a large number of other credit institutions, including domestic and foreign banks, as well as with the direct or indirect financing programs of exporters themselves. Some of these institutions offer a broader array of products or have more competitive pricing or greater financial resources with which to compete than does SEK. Increasing competition may have significant negative effects on the Group's financial performance if the Group is unable to match the products and services of its competitors or has to lower its prices or rates in order to compete for customer business, investments or financing. Such changes could have material adverse effects on SEK's business and its ability to repay its debts.

SEK is exposed to significant operational risk.

Broadly, operational risk can arise from fraud, errors by employees, failure to document transactions properly or to obtain proper internal authorizations, equipment failures, natural disasters or the failure of external systems such as, for example, those of SEK's suppliers or counterparties. SEK's businesses are dependent on the ability to process complex transactions efficiently and accurately. Failure to address operational risk may lead to additional costs, losses or damages to SEK's reputation which may negatively affect customers' and investors' confidence, and thus SEK's business, financial performance and/or ability to repay its debt. If, for example, SEK failed to properly comply with its obligations under financial guarantee contracts or other credit risk reducing arrangements or if the contracts were not properly drafted, this could result in SEK not being able to effectively seek recourse to such guarantees or other arrangements in the event the relevant borrower was unable to repay its debt to SEK.

There is also a risk that SEK's reputation will be damaged if SEK fails to comply with current legislation and best practices or in any other way fails to meet its commitments, including those that are not explicit. Although operational risks can be reduced by properly documented processes, adequate systems, a culture of sensitivity to risk, compliance with regulations, effective corporate governance and other factors supporting internal control, such procedures may not be effective in controlling each of the operational risks SEK faces. A significant failure in managing our operational risk could materially and adversely affect SEK's business, financial condition, results of operation and/or ability to repay its debt.

Notwithstanding anything in this risk factor, this risk factor should not be taken as implying that SEK will be unable to comply with its obligations as a company with securities admitted to the Official List.

Changes in law or regulation may adversely affect SEK's business.

SEK's business is subject to regulation and regulatory oversight. Any significant regulatory development could affect the manner in which SEK conducts its business and SEK's results of operations.

SEK is subject to financial services laws, regulations, administrative actions and policies in each location in which SEK operates. Financial regulators around the world have responded to the recent crisis by proposing significant changes to the regulatory regime applicable to financial service companies such as SEK's. Changes to the current system of supervision and regulation, or any failure to comply with applicable rules (and particularly those in Sweden) could materially and adversely affect SEK's business, financial condition or results of operation and/or ability to repay its debt.

In December 2010, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision presented an extensive new package of rules known as Basel III, intended to supersede the previous Basel II standard. As of January 1, 2014, new rules according to Basel III came into force within the European Union by means of the Capital Requirements Regulation ("CRR") and the Capital Requirements Directive ("CRD"). The CRR is directly applicable legislation in the European Union. The rules of the CRD must be transposed into national law, and the Swedish law was amended accordingly as of August 2, 2014. In some cases the new rules are subject to transitional arrangements, while in other cases binding rules are still not finalized. The areas in which rules have yet to be finalized include, but are not limited to (i) the minimum requirements on leverage, particularly the minimum leverage ratio of 3.0 percent which is intended to apply from 2018 and which may be increased following the evaluation period and (ii) minimum requirements on net stable funding, for which the final rules are yet to be finalized, and which are expected to apply from 2018 as well. On numerous topics the regulations will be further specified by means of binding technical standards or amended according to stated intentions. The implications of such changes are, as yet, not fully known. Furthermore, the new regulations have introduced a higher level of discretion for national supervisory authorities to impose further capital requirements and such decisions may adversely affect SEK. Finally, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision continuously releases amendments or revisions to the Basel III standard. Such initiatives, following implementation within the European Union, may also adversely affect SEK.

In addition, the European Market Infrastructure Regulation ("EMIR") will impose, in some cases, mandatory central clearing of derivatives. The future clearing obligations according to EMIR will also gradually widen, and the regulation will be further supplemented by means of binding technical standards. This new regulation may affect SEK's business by increasing costs and putting restraints on the way SEK can conduct its business with regard to derivatives, if those derivatives are not cleared through a central clearing house.

The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive ("BRRD") applies in European Union as of January 1, 2015. In Sweden, the requirements of the BRRD are implemented into national law by the Resolution Act 2016 (the "Resolution Act"). The Swedish implementation of the BRRD includes the introduction of the bail-in tool as of February 1, 2016. The Resolution Act includes a requirement for the terms of debt instruments which are issued on or after the date the Resolution Act enters into force, i.e. February 1, 2016, and are not governed by the law of a European Economic Area ("EEA") jurisdiction (including the notes), to contain a contractual clause whereby holders of debt instruments recognize the applicability of the bail-in powers to their debt instruments.

In addition, the EU Commission has proposed the introduction of a tax on financial transactions for 11 countries in the European Union (although one of these countries, Estonia, has since stated that it will not participate). Under the proposal, which has a very broad scope, certain dealings (including secondary market transactions) in bonds and other

securities will be taxed (in the case of bond and share transactions at a rate of 0.1 percent and in the case of derivative transactions at a rate of 0.01 percent). Although it is possible that only ten EU countries may introduce the tax, financial institutions and customers outside these countries may also be affected under the current proposal, for example if they carry out transactions with counterparties within any of those ten EU countries or trade in instruments issued there. This means that financial institutions in Sweden, like SEK, may also be affected if the tax were to be introduced as proposed. However, the tax remains subject to negotiation between the ten participating EU countries and the legality of the proposal is uncertain. It may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional EU countries may decide to participate and/or certain of the participating EU countries may decide to withdraw.

Other pending regulations that could also have a negative impact on SEK include IFRS 9, which will replace IAS 39 with regard to accounting rules for financial instruments. The implementation of IFRS 9 may lead to higher costs for SEK.

Risk related to financial reporting and other deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting and disclosure processes could result in errors, affect operating results and cause investors to lose confidence in our reported results.

SEK's external reporting of financial and non-financial data is reliant on the Group's internal control over financial reporting including the integrity of systems and people. Failure to report data accurately and in compliance with external standards could result in regulatory action, legal liability and damage to the Group's reputation.

Notwithstanding anything in this risk factor, this risk factor should not be taken as implying that SEK will be unable to comply with its obligations as a company with securities admitted to the Official List.

Developments in emerging market countries may adversely affect the Group's business.

The Group operates in a number of emerging markets and its exposure to such markets has increased in recent years, as the number and importance of investment and trade links between Sweden and emerging markets has increased. Economic and political developments in emerging markets, including economic crises or political instability, may have material adverse effects on the Group's business prospects, results of operations and/or ability to repay its debt.

Natural disasters, social and political unrest and other factors beyond SEK's control may disrupt financial markets and economic conditions in markets that SEK relies on.

In order to finance its operations, SEK is dependent on the international capital markets, where it competes with other issuers to obtain financing. Although this has not been the case to date, natural disasters, such as the 2011 earthquake and tsunami in Japan, and/or social and political unrest, such as that seen in a number of Eurozone countries in recent years as well as in Ukraine and Russia recently, may have material adverse effects on the Group's continued ability to obtain such financing or could cause the cost of such financing to increase.

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Documents on Display

For the life of this Prospectus, the following documents (or copies thereof) may be inspected in electronic and/or physical form at our registered head office at Klarabergsviadukten 61-63, P.O. Box 194, SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden:

- (a) our Articles of Association;
- (b) our consolidated financial information for the years ended December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014;
- (c) the 2015 Annual Report, 2014 Annual Report, the First Quarter 2016 Interim Report, the Second Quarter 2016 Interim Report and the Third Quarter 2016 Interim Report;
- (d) the Indenture, dated August 15, 1991, as supplemented by a first supplemental indenture dated June 2, 2004, a second supplemental indenture dated January 30, 2006, a third supplemental indenture dated October 23, 2008, and a fourth supplemental indenture dated March 8, 2010, each between us and the Trustee;
- (e) the Agency Agreement, dated November 3, 2014; and
- (f) the Terms Agreement, dated September 29, 2016.

2. Auditors

Our auditor for the years ended December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was authorized public accountant Erik Åström of Ernst & Young AB, Jakobsbergsgatan 24, Box 7850, Stockholm, SE-10399 Sweden. Erik Åström is a member of FAR, the professional institute for authorized public accountants, approved public accountants and other highly qualified professionals in the accountancy sector in Sweden. FAR is also a member of IFAC (International Federation of Accountants) and FEE (Fédération des Experts Comptables Européens).

3. Name and corporate structure

Our legal name is Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (publ) (In English: Swedish Export Credit Corporation) and our commercial name is AB Svensk Exportkredit (publ) (In English: Swedish Export Credit Corporation). We are a limited liability company (registered number 556084-0315) incorporated in Sweden on September 3, 1962 and are a “public company” under the Swedish Companies Act. We are wholly owned by the Swedish State through the Ministry of Enterprise and Innovation (“Sweden” or the “State”). Our consolidated group consists of Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (publ) (Swedish Export Credit Corporation), including the “State Support System”, and SEK’s wholly-owned subsidiary Venantius AB (including its wholly-owned subsidiary VF Finans AB) (together with SEK, the “Group”).

4. Board of Directors and Executives

The members of our Board of Directors are as follows:

Name	Position
Lars Linder-Aronson	Chairman of the Board and Director
Cecilia Ardström	Director
Jan Belfrage	Director
Susanne Lithander	Director
Lotta Mellström	Director
Ulla Nilsson	Director
Teppo Tauriainen	Director
Magnus Ugglå	Director

The business address of each of the members of the Board of Directors is Klarabergsviadukten 61-63, P.O. Box 194, SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden.

The members of our Executive Committee are as follows:

Name	Position
Catrin Fransson	Chief Executive Officer
Karl Johan Bernerfalk	Executive Director, General Counsel
Teresa Hamilton Burman	Executive Director, Chief Credit Officer
Johan Henningsson	Executive Director, Head of Sustainability
Stefan Friberg	Executive Director, Chief Risk Officer
Jane Lundgren Ericsson	Executive Director, Head of Lending
Sirpa Rusanen	Executive Director, Head of Human Resources
Susanna Rystedt	Executive Director, Chief Administrative Officer, Head of Economy & IT
Edvard Unsgaard	Executive Director, Head of Communications
Per Åkerlind	Executive Vice President, Head of Treasury and Capital Management

The business address of each of the members of the Executive Committee is Klarabergsviadukten 61-63, P.O. Box 194, SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden.

Biographical Details

Mr. Linder-Aronson was appointed director in May 2011. He is the Chairman of the Board of Facility Labs AB with subsidiaries and a director of a number of small and medium-sized companies. He has previously served as President of Enskilda Securities and Vice President of Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken.

Ms. Ardström was appointed director in May 2011. She currently holds the position of Chief Financial Officer and Head of Kapitalförvaltning Länsförsäkringar AB. She has served as a CIO and Head of Asset Management of Folksamgruppen. Head of Treasury of the Tele2 Group, director of Tryggstiftelsen, AP7 and for companies that are part of the Folksam Group and the Tele2 group. She is also director of Humlegården Holding AB (I-III), Länsförsäkringar Fondförvaltning AB, Stiftelsen Länsbörsen and Länsförsäkringar P.E Holding AB.

Mr. Belfrage was appointed director in April 2010. He served in various executive capacities at Crédit Agricole, Citigroup Nordic Countries, Citigroup Sweden, AGA AB, and AB SKF.

Ms. Lithander was appointed director in January 2015. She is currently CFO at BillerudKorsnäs AB, having previously served as VP Finance, Projects at SCA Group, CEO at Mercuri International Group and as VP Head of Advisory Services at Ericsson, BU Global Services.

Ms. Mellström was appointed director in May 2011. She has served as Senior Investment Manager and Special Adviser at the Swedish Ministry of Finance's division for state-owned companies since 2001, and also serves as a director of Swedavia AB. Previously, she worked as a management consultant at Resco AB, controller at Sydkraft Försäljning AB (now E.ON Sverige), controller and acting CFO at Adranz Sweden AB (now Bombardier Transportation), project controller at ABB Network Partners AB and management trainee at ABB AB.

Ms. Nilsson was appointed director in July 2011. She has served in a number of senior positions with Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB, including as Global Head of SEB Futures in London, Chairman of Enskilda Futures Limited in London, Head of Fixed Income Trading in Sweden, Head of Trading and Capital Markets in Singapore and Head of Treasury in Luxembourg. Prior to joining SEB, Ms. Nilsson worked at Skånska Banken. Ms. Nilsson also serves as a director of Swedish Chamber International.

Mr. Tauriainen was appointed director in October 2014. He is currently the Head of the Americas Department of the Swedish Ministry for Foreign Affairs, having previously served as the Ministry's Head of the Department of International Trade. Mr. Tauriainen also served as the Swedish Ambassador to Singapore and Canada.

Mr. Ugglä was appointed director in April 2016. He has previously served as Executive Vice President at Handelsbanken for over 25 years and most recently Head of Handelsbanken International.

Ms. Fransson has been Chief Executive Officer since April 2014. Prior to that she held several positions within Swedbank between 2000 and 2013; member of group executive committee (2004-2013), Head of Group Products (2013), Head of Retail Banking Sweden (2010-2012), Head of Customer Offerings & Products (2007-2010), Region Manager — Northern Region (2004-2007), CRM Manager (2000-2002), and several positions at Föreningssparbanken; Area Manager Stockholm (2003-2004) and various management positions (1997-2000).

Mr. Bernerfalk has been Executive Director, General Counsel since 2015. Previously he was Head of Legal Lending since 2007. Prior to that he served as legal counsel of SBAB and served as legal counsel (advokat) with leading Swedish law firms.

Ms. Hamilton Burman has been Chief Credit Officer since August 2015. Previously she held several positions within Swedbank e.g. Regional Credit Manager, Head of Corporate Banking, Head of Credit analysis. In addition she has been a director representing Swedbank in several of its subsidiaries such as Swedbank Financial Services AB, Swedbank Card Services AB and some partly owned saving banks and the credit bureau UC AB.

Mr. Henningsson has been Executive Director, Head of Sustainability since January 2015 and has served as Head of Sustainability since 2010. Previously he was a Director at SEK Financial Advisors (2006-2009). Prior to that, he served, among other professions, as Head of Corporate Sales at ABN Amro Bank Stockholm Branch and Head of Treasury Management at N&G Financial Management.

Mr. Friberg has been Executive Director, Chief Risk Officer since May 2015. Previously he held the position as Head of Group Risk Control at SEB from 2008. Prior to that he served as Head of Credit Portfolio Management, SEB from 2006. Prior to that he held various positions in Trading within SEB and Nordea, primarily in Derivatives Trading, since 1996.

Ms. Lundgren Ericsson has been Executive Director, Head of Lending since January 2015. Prior to that she was Deputy Chief Operating Officer (2011-2014), Executive Director since April 2005 and served as Chief Executive Officer, AB SEK Securities (2002-2014). Previously she served as SEK's Head of Legal and Transaction Management, beginning in 1993 and held the position for 7 years.

Ms. Rusanen has been Executive Director, Chief Human Resources Officer since 2005. Prior to that, she served as Human Resource Manager at Ericsson, beginning in 1997.

Ms. Rystedt has been Executive Director, Chief Administrative Officer since March 2009. Prior to that, she served as Head of Business Development & IT at SEB Life beginning in 2005. From 2002 to 2005, she served as Head of IT at SEB Trygg Liv, and before that she served in other capacities at SEB Trygg Liv and Enskilda Securities and as a member of the Group Staff within the SEB Group, beginning in 1990.

Mr. Unsgaard has been Executive Director, Head of Communications since 2015 and has served as the Head of Communications since 2012. Prior to that Mr. Unsgaard served as press secretary for the Prime Minister Mr. Fredrik Reinfeldt (2006-2010). He has also been political correspondent for the Swedish Radio Ekot (2000-2006).

Mr. Åkerlind has been Executive Vice President, Head of Treasury & Capital Management, since 2015. Prior to that he served as Executive Director, Chief Operating Officer since January 2011. Prior to that he was Executive Director, CFO and Head of Capital Markets since June 2002. Prior to that he served as Executive Director, Treasurer and Head of Debt Capital Markets beginning in 1997. Prior to that he served in various capacities within the Debt Capital Markets group, beginning in 1990.

5. Audit Committee

The Board established an Audit Committee to handle the Board's quality assurance of the company's financial reporting. The committee's duties include handling the Board's work to ensure quality assurance of the company's financial reporting, staying informed of compliance with internal control and regularly meeting the company's auditor to stay informed about the focus and scope of the audit, as well as to discuss coordination between the external and the internal audit and the view of the company's risks. The Audit Committee establishes overall instructions for the company's auditing work.

6. Conflicts of Interest

There are no actual or potential conflicts of interest of the members of the Board of Directors and the members of the Executive Committee between their respective duties to the Issuer and their respective private interests and/or other duties.

7. Corporate Governance

SEK complies with the Swedish Corporate Governance Code (the “Code”), which allows for deviations subject to an explanatory statement. SEK chooses to deviate from the Code in the following limited respects: the nomination process for the Board of Directors, the proposal of the chairman at the annual general meeting, the Board’s independence from the owner and the nomination process for auditors. These deviations are due to the fact that SEK is wholly owned by the Swedish state, and therefore adheres to its own policy in respect of these areas.

8. Litigation

On April 11, 2012, the Swiss company Lehman Brothers Finance AG. (in liquidation, with PricewaterhouseCoopers as appointed liquidators) (“LBF”) filed a lawsuit against SEK in the Stockholm District Court. In June 2014, the dispute was finally settled and in September 2014, SEK received certain distributions from other entities in the former Lehman Brothers group that, in total, affected the net result positively by Skr 317 million. As a result of the settlement, some additional, non-material distributions from other entities within the former Lehman Brothers group may be received in the future.

To SEK’s knowledge there are no other governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings, whether active, or so far as the SEK is aware, pending or threatened, which may have, or have had in the last 12 months, significant effects on the financial position or profitability of SEK.

9. Change

There has been no material adverse change in the prospects of SEK since December 31, 2015, nor has there been any significant change in the financial or trading position of SEK and the Group, which has occurred since September 30, 2016.

10. Clearance Through DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg

The Notes have been accepted for clearance through The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, located at 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041-0099, United States of America, under CUSIP 870297BU1. The Notes have also been accepted for clearing through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg under ISIN US870297BU19.

We will issue the Notes as global notes registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC. You may hold book-entry interests in a global note through organizations that participate, directly or indirectly, in the DTC, Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear systems, as applicable. Book-entry interests in and all transfers relating to the Notes will be reflected in the book-entry records of DTC or its nominee and, where applicable, the book-entry records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

For further information concerning clearance and settlement procedures, see “Description of the Notes—Form of the Notes” and “—Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures” in the Prospectus Supplement.

11. Estimate of Expenses

The estimate of expenses in relation to the admission to trading of the Notes is expected to be EUR 4,790.

12. Listing Agent

Arthur Cox Listing Services Limited is acting solely in its capacity as listing agent for the Issuer in relation to the Notes and is not itself seeking admission of the Notes to the Official List of the Irish Stock Exchange or to trading on the regulated market of the Irish Stock Exchange for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive.

13. Credit Ratings

SEK’s U.S.\$ Series F Medium Term Notes Programme (the “Programme”) has been assigned the following ratings: AA+ from Standard & Poor’s Credit Market Services Europe Limited (“Standard & Poor’s”) and Aa1 from Moody’s Investors Services Ltd. (“Moody’s”). Notes issued by SEK under this Programme may be rated or unrated. Rated Notes will not necessarily be assigned the same rating as the Programme. In general, European regulated investors are restricted from using a rating for regulatory purposes if such rating is not issued by a credit rating agency established in the European Union and registered under the Regulation (EU) No 1060/2009 (the “CRA Regulation”) unless the rating is provided by a credit rating agency operating in the European Union before June 7, 2010 which has submitted an application for registration in accordance with the CRA Regulation and such registration is not refused. Each of Standard & Poors and Moody’s is established in the European Economic Area and is registered under the CRA Regulation. As such, Standard & Poor’s and Moody’s are included in the list of credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority (“ESMA”) on its website in accordance with the CRA Regulation.

Credit ratings assigned to the Notes do not necessarily mean that they are a suitable investment. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organisation. Similar ratings on different types of notes do not necessarily mean the same thing. The ratings do not address the likelihood that the principal on the Notes will be prepaid, paid on an expected final payment date or paid on any particular date before the legal final maturity date of the Notes. The ratings do not address the marketability of the Notes or any market price. Any change in the credit ratings of the Notes or SEK could adversely affect the price that a subsequent purchaser will be willing to pay for the Notes. The significance of each rating should be analysed independently from any other rating.

14. Notice to Potential Investors

Each potential investor of the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of such investor’s own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (a) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the relevant Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the relevant Notes and the

information contained or incorporated by reference in this Prospectus or any applicable supplement to this Prospectus;

- (b) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the relevant Notes and the impact such investment will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (c) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes, including Notes with principal or interest payable in one or more currencies, or where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the currency in which such potential investor's financial activities are principally denominated;
- (d) understand thoroughly the terms of the relevant Notes and the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets; and
- (e) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Some Notes are complex financial instruments and such instruments may be purchased as a way to reduce risk or enhance yield with an understood, measured, appropriate addition of risk to the investor's overall portfolio. A potential investor should not invest in Notes which are complex financial instruments unless it has the expertise (either alone or with the assistance of a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of such Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor's overall investment portfolio.

THE PROPOSED FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS TAX

The European Commission has published a proposal (the “Commission’s Proposal”) for a Directive for a common financial transactions tax (“FTT”) in Austria, Belgium, Estonia, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Portugal, Slovenia, Slovakia and Spain (the “participating Member States”). However, Estonia has since stated that it will not participate.

The Commission’s Proposal has very broad scope and could, if introduced in its current form, apply to certain dealings in the Notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances.

Under the Commission’s Proposal, the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in the Notes where at least one party is a financial institution, and at least one party is established in a participating Member State. A financial institution may be, or be deemed to be, “established” in a participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including (a) by transacting with a person established in a participating Member State or (b) where the financial instrument which is subject to the dealings is issued in a participating Member State.

The FTT remains subject to negotiation between the participating Member States and the legality of the proposal is uncertain. It may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional EU Member States may decide to participate and/or certain of the participating Member States may decide to withdraw.

Prospective holders of the Notes are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the FTT.

IRELAND

Irish Taxation

The following is a summary based on the laws and practices currently in force in Ireland of Irish withholding tax on interest and addresses the tax position of investors who are the absolute beneficial owners of the Notes. Particular rules not discussed below may apply to certain classes of taxpayers holding Notes, including dealers in securities and trusts. The summary does not constitute tax or legal advice and the comments below are of a general nature only and it does not discuss all aspects of Irish taxation that may be relevant to any particular holder of Notes. Prospective investors in the Notes should consult their professional advisers on the tax implications of the purchase, holding, redemption or sale of the Notes and the receipt of payments thereon under the laws of their country of residence, citizenship or domicile.

TAXATION OF NOTEHOLDERS

Withholding Tax from payments on the Notes

Tax at the standard rate of income tax (currently 20 per cent.), is required to be withheld from payments of Irish source interest. The Issuer will not be obliged to withhold Irish income tax from payments on the Notes so long as such payments do not constitute Irish source income. Payments on the Notes should not be treated as having an Irish source unless:

- (a) the Issuer is resident in Ireland for tax purposes;
- (b) the Issuer has a branch or agency or a permanent establishment in Ireland, the assets or income of which is used to fund the payments on the Notes; or
- (c) the Issuer is not resident in Ireland for tax purposes but the register for the Notes is maintained in Ireland or (if the Notes are in bearer form) the Notes are physically located in Ireland.

It is anticipated that (i) the Issuer is not and will not be resident in Ireland for tax purposes, (ii) the Issuer will not have a branch or agency or a permanent establishment in Ireland, the assets or income of which is used to fund the payments on the Notes, (iii) that the Notes will not be issued in bearer form and (iv) the Issuer will not maintain a register of any registered Notes in Ireland.

Encashment Tax

In certain circumstances, Irish tax will be required to be withheld at the standard rate of income tax (currently 20 per cent.) from any interest, dividends or annual payments payable out of or in respect of Notes issued by a company not resident in Ireland, where such interest, dividends or annual payments are collected or realised by a bank or encashment agent in Ireland on behalf of any Noteholder who is Irish resident.

Encashment tax does not apply where the Noteholder is not resident in Ireland and has made a declaration in the prescribed form to the encashment agent or bank.

If you are in any doubt as to the consequences of your acquiring, holding or disposing of Notes you should consult an appropriate professional adviser.

SEK

\$500,000,000

AKTIEBOLAGET SVENSK EXPORTKREDIT (PUBL) (Swedish Export Credit Corporation)

Floating Rate Global Notes

Due October 2018

Issue Price: 100.000%

These notes are issued by Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (Publ) (Swedish Export Credit Corporation or “SEK”). The notes will mature on October 4, 2018. The notes will not be redeemable before maturity except for tax reasons and will not be entitled to the benefit of any sinking fund.

The notes will bear interest at a floating rate equal to three-month US\$ LIBOR plus 0.10%. The interest rate payable on the notes will be reset quarterly. Interest on the notes will be payable on each October 4, January 4, April 4 and July 4, commencing January 4, 2017, to and including the maturity date.

Application will be made to the Irish Stock Exchange for the notes to be admitted to the official list (the “Official List”) and trading on its regulated market. There can be no assurance that such listing will be granted or maintained.

See “Risk Factors” beginning on page P-4 to read about factors you should consider before buying the notes.

By acquiring the notes, you acknowledge, agree to be bound by, and consent to the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the Swedish resolution authority and the Debt Office. All payments are subject to the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the relevant Swedish resolution authority. See “Risk Factors—Consent to Bail-in Power.”

THE NOTES ARE OBLIGATIONS OF SEK, AND NOT THE KINGDOM OF SWEDEN.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other US regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this pricing supplement or the prospectus, the prospectus supplement and the prospectus addendum to which it relates. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Note	Total
Initial public offering price	100.000%	U.S.\$ 500,000,000
Underwriting discount	0.020%	U.S.\$ 100,000
Proceeds to SEK	99.980%	U.S.\$ 499,900,000

UPDATED CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities To Be Registered	Amount To Be Registered	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Price Per Unit	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
Notes offered hereby	US\$500,000,000	100.000%	US\$500,000,000	US\$50,350.00 ⁽¹⁾

(1) The registration fee is calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) under the Securities Act. US\$53,732.08 of the registration fees paid in respect of the securities covered by the registration statement of which this pricing supplement is a part remains unused. US\$50,350.00 of that amount is being offset against the registration fee for this offering and US\$3,382.08 remains available for future registration fees.

The Joint Lead Managers expect to deliver the notes to investors through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company, Clearstream Banking, société anonyme and Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear system, on or about October 4, 2016.

Joint Lead Managers

Crédit Agricole CIB

Deutsche Bank

Scotiabank

The date of this pricing supplement is September 29, 2016.

ABOUT THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT

This pricing supplement is a supplement to:

- the accompanying prospectus addendum dated January 28, 2016,
- the accompanying prospectus supplement dated November 3, 2014 relating to our medium-term notes, series F, due nine months or more from date of issue and
- the accompanying prospectus dated November 3, 2014 relating to our debt securities.

If the information in this pricing supplement differs from the information contained in the prospectus addendum, prospectus supplement or the prospectus, you should rely on the information in this pricing supplement.

You should read this pricing supplement along with the accompanying prospectus addendum, prospectus supplement and prospectus. All four documents contain information you should consider when making your investment decision. We are responsible for the information contained and incorporated by reference in this pricing supplement, the prospectus addendum, the prospectus supplement, the prospectus and in any related free-writing prospectus we prepare or authorize. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information, and we take no responsibility for any other information that others may give you. We and the Joint Lead Managers are offering to sell the notes and seeking offers to buy the notes only in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. The information contained in this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus addendum, prospectus supplement and prospectus is current only as of its date.

This pricing supplement does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any of the securities offered hereby to any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to receive or make such an offer. The offer or sale of notes may be restricted by law in certain jurisdictions, and you should inform yourself about, and observe, any such restrictions.

This pricing supplement has been prepared on the basis that any offer of notes in any Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “Relevant Member State”) will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of notes. Accordingly any person making or intending to make an offer in that Relevant Member State of notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated in this pricing supplement may only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for SEK or any of the Joint Lead Managers to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer. Neither SEK nor the Joint Lead Managers have authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for SEK or the Joint Lead Managers to publish or supplement a prospectus for such offer. The expression “Prospectus Directive” means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State and the expression “2010 PD Amending Directive” means Directive 2010/73/EU.

This document is only being distributed to and is only directed at (i) persons who are outside the United Kingdom or (ii) investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the “Order”) or (iii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (all such persons together being referred to as “relevant persons”). The notes are only available to, and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or otherwise acquire such notes will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents.

In connection with the issue of the notes, the Joint Lead Managers (or persons acting on their behalf), may over-allot notes (provided that the aggregate principal amount of notes allotted does not exceed 105% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes) or effect transactions with a view to

supporting the market price of the notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there is no assurance that the Joint Lead Managers (or persons acting on their behalf) will undertake stabilization action. Any stabilization action, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the notes.

INCORPORATION OF INFORMATION WE FILE WITH THE SEC

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with them. This means:

- incorporated documents are considered part of this pricing supplement;
- we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents;
- information in this pricing supplement automatically updates and supersedes information in earlier documents that are incorporated by reference in the prospectus; and
- information that we file with the SEC that we incorporate by reference in this pricing supplement will automatically update and supersede this pricing supplement.

We incorporate by reference the documents listed below which we have filed with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

- our annual report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, which we filed with the SEC on February 26, 2016; and
- our reports on Form 6-K which we furnished to the SEC on February 4, 2016, April 26, 2016, April 28, 2016 and July 21, 2016 (except to the extent that such documents specify that certain parts thereof are not incorporated by reference in our Registration Statement No. 333-199784).

We also incorporate by reference each of the following documents that we may file with the SEC after the date of this pricing supplement but before the end of the notes offering:

- any report on Form 6-K filed by us pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that indicates on its cover or inside cover page that we will incorporate it by reference in the registration statement of which this pricing supplement forms a part (except to the extent that such documents specify that certain parts thereof are not so incorporated by reference); and
- reports filed under Sections 13(a), 13(c) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

You may request a copy of any filings referred to above (excluding exhibits), at no cost, by contacting us at the following address:

AB Svensk Exportkredit
(Swedish Export Credit Corporation)
Klarabergsviadukten 61-63
P.O. Box 194
SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden
Tel: 011-46-8-613-8300

The exchange rate for converting U.S. dollars into Swedish kronor was 8.5457 Skr per U.S. dollar on September 23, 2016, based on the Federal Reserve Statistical Release publication of Foreign Exchange Rates (Weekly) (the latest date for which such data is available).

RISK FACTORS

Prospective investors should read the entire pricing supplement along with the accompanying prospectus addendum, prospectus supplement and prospectus. Investing in the notes involves certain risks and is suitable only for investors who have the knowledge and experience in financial and business matters necessary to enable them to evaluate the risks and the merits of such an investment. Prospective investors should make such inquiries as they deem necessary without relying on us, the Joint Lead Managers and should consult with their financial, tax, legal, accounting and other advisers, prior to deciding to make an investment in the notes. Prospective investors should consider, among other things, the following:

Risks Relating to the Notes

The notes lack a developed public market.

There can be no assurance regarding the future development of a market for the notes or the ability of the holders of the notes to sell their notes or the price at which such holders may be able to sell their notes. If such a market were to develop, the notes may trade at a discount to their initial offering price, depending upon prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, general economic conditions and our financial condition. Although application will be made for the notes to be admitted to trading on the Irish Stock Exchange, there is no assurance that such application will be accepted or that an active trading market will develop. Accordingly, there is no assurance as to the development or liquidity of any trading market for the notes and, therefore, any prospective purchaser should be prepared to hold the notes indefinitely or until the maturity or final redemption of such notes.

The notes may be redeemed prior to maturity.

If, due to the imposition by Sweden or one of its political subdivisions or taxing authorities of any tax, assessment or governmental charge subsequent to the issue date, we become obligated to pay additional amounts, we may at our option redeem all, but not less than all, the notes by giving notice specifying a redemption date at least 30 days, but not more than 60 days, after the date of the notice. In such a circumstance, the notes could be redeemed at a time when prevailing interest rates may not enable an investor to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as that of the notes.

Taxation

Potential investors in the notes should consult their own tax advisers as to which countries' tax laws could be relevant to acquiring, holding and disposing of notes and receiving payments of interest, principal and/or other amounts or delivery of securities under the notes and the consequences of such actions under the tax laws of those countries.

Risks Relating To SEK

Certain risk factors which could affect our business are contained in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015, filed with the SEC on February 26, 2016 and incorporated by reference herein. See the information under "Risk Factors" beginning on page 5 of our Annual Report on Form 20-F.

Consent to Bail-in Power

Under the Swedish Resolution Act 2016, the Swedish resolution authority, the Debt Office, may exercise a Bail-in Power under certain conditions which, in summary, include that such authority determines that: (i) a relevant entity (such as SEK) is failing or is likely to fail, (ii) it is not reasonably likely that (ignoring the other stabilization powers under the Resolution Act) any other action will be taken to avoid the entity's failure, (iii) the exercise of the stabilization powers are necessary taking into account certain public interest considerations such as the stability of the Swedish financial system, public

confidence in the banking system and the protection of depositors (also regulated by the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (SFSA)) and (iv) the objectives of the resolution measures would not be met to the same extent by the winding up of the entity. Notwithstanding these conditions, there remains uncertainty regarding how the Debt Office would assess these conditions in deciding whether to exercise any Bail-in Power.

The Bail-in Power includes any statutory write-down and conversion power, which allows for the cancellation of all, or a portion, of any amounts payable on the notes, including any repayment of principal and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of any amounts payable on the notes, including the repayment of principal, into shares or other securities or other obligations of ours or another person, including by means of a variation to the terms of the notes. Accordingly, if any Bail-in Power is exercised you may lose all or a part of the value of your investment in the notes or receive a different security, which may be worth significantly less than the notes and which may have significantly fewer protections than those typically afforded to debt securities. Moreover, the Debt Office may exercise its authority to implement the Bail-in Power without providing any advance notice to the holders of the notes. By your acquisition of the notes, you acknowledge, agree to be bound by, and consent to the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the relevant resolution authority. The exercise of any Bail-in Power with respect to the notes will not be a default or an Event of Default (as each term is defined in the indenture relating to the notes). The trustee will not be liable for any action that the trustee takes, or abstains from taking, in either case, in accordance with the exercise of the Bail-in Power with respect to the notes. Your rights as a holder of the notes are subject to, and will be varied, if necessary, so as to give effect to the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the Debt Office.

This is only a summary. For more information, please see the accompanying prospectus addendum, including the full definition of "Bail-in Power."

DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

You should read the following description of the particular terms of the notes in conjunction with the description of the general terms and provisions of the notes set forth in the accompanying prospectus supplement, prospectus addendum and of the Debt Securities (as defined below) set forth in the accompanying prospectus. If this summary differs in any way from the descriptions in the prospectus, the prospectus addendum or the prospectus supplement, you should rely on this summary.

We will issue the notes under the indenture, dated as of August 15, 1991, between us and the predecessor in interest to The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (directly or as the successor in interest to another party), as supplemented by supplemental indentures dated as of June 2, 2004, January 30, 2006, October 23, 2008 and March 8, 2010 (together, the “Indenture”). The information contained in this section and in the prospectus, prospectus addendum and the prospectus supplement summarizes some of the terms of the notes and the indenture. This summary does not contain all of the information that may be important to you as a potential investor in the notes. You should read the Indenture before making your investment decision. We have filed copies of these documents with the SEC and we have filed or will file copies of these documents at the offices of the trustee and the paying agents.

For the purposes hereof, the term “Debt Securities” used in the prospectus, and the term “notes” used in the prospectus supplement and the prospectus addendum, include the notes we are offering in this pricing supplement.

Principal Amount:	US\$500,000,000
Issue Price:	100.000% of the Principal Amount
Pricing Date:	September 27, 2016
Issue Date:	October 4, 2016 (T+5)
Maturity Date:	October 4, 2018
Redemption Amount:	100.000% of the Principal Amount
Specified Currency:	U.S. dollars (US\$)
Interest Rate:	Three-month USD LIBOR plus 0.10%, calculated on the basis of the actual number of days in the relevant interest period divided by 360.
Three-month USD LIBOR:	The London Interbank Offer Rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for a period of three months that appears on Reuters page “LIBOR01” (or any successor page) at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time, on the second London Business Day prior to the first day of the relevant interest period, as determined by the calculation agent.
Interest Period:	Each quarterly period from and including the Issue Date or any Interest Payment Date to but excluding the next Interest Payment Date (or the Maturity Date, in the case of the final Interest Period).
Interest Determination Dates:	The second London Business Day prior to the first day of each Interest Period.
Interest Reset Dates:	The first day of each Interest Period.
Base Rate:	LIBOR

Spread:	0.10%
Designated LIBOR Currency:	U.S. dollars (US\$)
Index Maturity:	Three months
Designated LIBOR Page:	Reuters page "LIBOR01" (or any successor page)
Interest Payment Dates:	Each October 4, January 4, April 4 and July 4, commencing January 4, 2017, to and including the Maturity Date. If any Interest Payment Date is not a Business Day, we may make the payment then due on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if made on such Interest Payment Date, unless that day falls in the next calendar month. If such succeeding Business Day falls in the next calendar month, we may make the payment on the first preceding day that is a Business Day.
Regular Record Dates:	Fifteen calendar days immediately preceding each Interest Payment Date.
Day Count Fraction:	Actual/360
Business Day:	Any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is a day on which commercial banks are generally open for business in New York City and London.
Optional Redemption:	We cannot redeem the notes prior to maturity unless, due to the imposition by Sweden or one of its political subdivisions or taxing authorities of any tax, assessment or governmental charge subsequent to the issue date, we would become obligated to pay additional amounts. If such an imposition occurs, we may at our option redeem all, but not less than all, the notes by giving notice specifying a redemption date at least 30 days, but not more than 60 days, after the date of the notice. The redemption price will be 100.000% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.
Form:	The notes will be represented by one or more global securities, registered in the name of The Depository Trust Company or its nominee. Except as described herein, notes in definitive form will not be issued.
Denomination:	The notes will be issued in denominations of US\$200,000 and integral multiples of US\$1,000 in excess thereof.
Joint Lead Managers:	Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch Scotiabank Europe plc
Calculation Agent:	To be appointed by SEK
Method of Payment:	Immediately available funds
Listing:	We will apply to the Irish Stock Exchange for the notes to be admitted to listing on the Official List and trading on its regulated market.
Securities Codes:	

CUSIP:	870297 BU1
ISIN:	US870297BU19
Trustee:	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (directly or as the successor in interest to another party).
Further Issues:	We may from time to time, without the consent of existing holders, create and issue further notes having the same terms and conditions as the notes being offered hereby in all respects, except for the issue date, issue price and, if applicable, the first payment of interest thereon. Additional notes issued in this manner will be consolidated with, and will form a single series with, the previously outstanding notes.
Payment of Principal and Interest:	Under the laws of New York, claims relating to payment of principal and interest on the notes will be prescribed according to the applicable statute of limitations.
Governing Law:	New York

Consent to Bail-in Power:

By investing in this offering, you acknowledge, agree to be bound by, and consent to the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the Swedish resolution authority and the Debt Office. All payments are subject to the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the relevant Swedish resolution authority.

Under the Swedish Resolution Act 2016, the Swedish resolution authority, the Debt Office, may exercise a Bail-in Power under certain conditions which, in summary, include that such authority determines that: (i) a relevant entity (such as SEK) is failing or is likely to fail, (ii) it is not reasonably likely that (ignoring the other stabilization powers under the Resolution Act) any other action will be taken to avoid the entity's failure, (iii) the exercise of the stabilization powers are necessary taking into account certain public interest considerations such as the stability of the Swedish financial system, public confidence in the banking system and the protection of depositors (also regulated by the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (SFSA)) and (iv) the objectives of the resolution measures would not be met to the same extent by the winding up of the entity. Notwithstanding these conditions, there remains uncertainty regarding how the Debt Office would assess these conditions in deciding whether to exercise any Bail-in Power.

The Bail-in Power includes any statutory write-down and conversion power, which allows for the cancellation of all, or a portion, of any amounts payable on the notes, including any repayment of principal and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of any amounts payable on the notes, including the repayment of principal, into shares or other securities or other obligations of ours or another person, including by means of a variation to the terms of the notes. Accordingly, if any Bail-in Power is exercised you may lose all or a part of the value of your investment in the notes or receive a different security, which may be worth significantly less than the notes and which may have significantly fewer protections than those typically afforded to debt securities. Moreover, the Debt Office may exercise its authority to implement the Bail-in Power without providing any advance notice to the holders of the notes. By your acquisition of the notes, you acknowledge, agree to be bound by, and consent to the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the relevant resolution authority. The exercise of any Bail-in Power with respect to the notes will not be a default or an Event of Default (as each term is defined in the indenture relating to the notes). The trustee will not be liable for any action that the trustee takes, or abstains from taking, in either case, in accordance with the exercise of the Bail-in Power with respect to the notes. Your rights as a holder of the notes are subject to, and will be varied, if necessary, so as to give effect to the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the Debt Office.

This is only a summary. For more information, please see the accompanying prospectus addendum, including the full definition of "Bail-in Power."

Further Information:

See "General Information".

USE OF PROCEEDS

We expect that the net proceeds from the issuance of notes will be US\$499,900,000. We will use the net proceeds for general corporate purposes.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in an Agency Agreement dated November 3, 2014, and a Terms Agreement dated September 29, 2016 (the “Agreements”), we have agreed to sell to the Joint Lead Managers, as underwriters, and each of the Joint Lead Managers have agreed to purchase, the principal amount of notes set forth opposite the Joint Lead Manager’s name below at 100.000% of the aggregate principal amount thereof (prior to deduction of the aforementioned underwriting commissions).

Joint Lead Managers	Principal Amount of Notes
Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank	\$ 166,667,000
Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch	\$ 166,667,000
Scotiabank Europe plc.....	\$ 166,666,000
Total	<u>\$ 500,000,000</u>

Under the terms and conditions of the Agreements, the Joint Lead Managers are committed to take and pay for all of the notes, if any are taken.

The Joint Lead Managers have advised us that they intend to make a market in the notes but are not obligated to do so and may discontinue market making at any time without notice. We cannot give any assurance as to the liquidity of the trading market for the notes.

In connection with the issue of the notes, the Joint Lead Managers (or persons acting on their behalf), may over-allot notes (provided that the aggregate principal amount of notes allotted does not exceed 105% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes) or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there is no assurance that the Joint Lead Managers (or persons acting on their behalf) will undertake stabilization action. Any stabilization action, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the notes.

Some of the Joint Lead Managers and their affiliates have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or may in the future receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the Joint Lead Managers and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. Certain of the Joint Lead Managers or their affiliates that have a lending relationship with us routinely hedge their credit exposure to us consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, such Joint Lead Managers and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in our securities, including potentially the notes offered hereby. Any such short positions could adversely affect future trading prices of the notes offered hereby. The Joint Lead Managers and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

Any Joint Lead Manager that is not a broker-dealer registered with the SEC will only make sales of notes in the United States through one or more SEC registered broker-dealers in compliance with applicable securities laws and the rules of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.

Delivery of the notes will be made against payment on or about the third business day following the date of this pricing supplement. Trades of securities in the United States secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, referred to as T+3, unless the parties to a trade agree otherwise. Accordingly, by virtue of the fact that the initial delivery of the notes will not be made on a T+3 basis, investors who wish to trade the notes before a final settlement will be required to specify an alternative settlement cycle at the time of any such trade to prevent a failed settlement.

We have agreed to indemnify the Joint Lead Managers against, or to make contributions relating to, certain liabilities, including liabilities under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

From time to time the Joint Lead Managers and their affiliates have, and in the future may, engage in transactions with and perform services for us for which they have been, and may be, paid customary fees. In particular, one or more of the Joint Lead Managers or an affiliate of one or more of the Joint Lead Managers may enter into swap transactions with us associated with this offering of notes.

The Joint Lead Managers have agreed to pay the out-of-pocket expenses (other than our internal costs and expenses) of the issue of the notes.

We will apply for the notes to be admitted to listing on the Official List and trading on the regulated market of the Irish Stock Exchange. The Joint Lead Managers reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify any offer and to reject orders in whole or in part.

European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “Relevant Member State”), each of the Joint Lead Managers has or will have represented and agreed that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the “Relevant Implementation Date”) it has not made and will not make an offer of notes to the public in that Relevant Member State prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to the notes which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of notes to the public in that Relevant Member State at any time:

(a) to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;

(b) to fewer than 100 or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Joint Lead Manager or Joint Lead Managers for any such offer; or

(c) in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive.

provided that no such offer of notes referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require SEK or any Joint Lead Manager to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an “offer of notes to the public” in relation to any notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the notes, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State and the expression “Prospectus Directive” means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the

extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State and the expression “2010 PD Amending Directive” means Directive 2010/73/EU.

This EEA selling restriction is in addition to any other selling restrictions set out below.

United Kingdom

Each of the Joint Lead Managers has or will have represented and agreed that:

(a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the “FSMA”)) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of the notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to SEK; and

(b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

VALIDITY OF THE NOTES

In the opinion of Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP, when the notes offered by this pricing supplement have been executed and issued by SEK and authenticated by the Trustee pursuant to the Indenture, and delivered against payment as contemplated herein, such notes will be legal, valid and binding obligations of SEK, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium or other similar laws affecting creditors’ rights generally from time to time in effect and subject to general principles of equity, regardless of whether such is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law.

This opinion is given as of the date of this pricing supplement and is limited to matters governed by the federal laws of the United States of America and the laws of the State of New York. With respect to matters governed by the law of Sweden, including the valid existence of SEK, its corporate power to issue the notes and its due authorization of all necessary action in connection with such issuance and its performance of related obligations including execution and delivery, we have relied on the opinion dated November 3, 2014 of Advokatfirman Vinge KB, Swedish counsel to SEK, which has been filed as exhibit number 5(a) to SEK’s Registration Statement on Form F-3 dated November 3, 2014. In addition, this opinion is subject to customary assumptions as to legal capacity, genuineness of signatures and authenticity of documents and our reliance on SEK and other sources as to certain factual matters, as stated in the opinion dated November 3, 2014, which has been filed as exhibit number 5(b) to SEK’s Registration Statement on Form F-3 dated November 3, 2014. This opinion is also subject to the discussion, as stated in such letter, of the enforcement of notes denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollars. In giving such consent, we do not thereby admit that we come within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act, or the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder.

GENERAL INFORMATION

We have obtained all necessary consents, approvals and authorizations in connection with the issuance and performance of the notes.

Application will be made to the Irish Stock Exchange for the notes to be admitted to the Official List and to trading on its regulated market.

We are not involved in any litigation or arbitration proceedings relating to claims or amounts which are material in the context of the issuance of the notes nor, so far as we are aware, is any such litigation or arbitration pending or threatened. Except as disclosed in the prospectus, the prospectus supplement, prospectus addendum and the documents considered part of them, there has been no material adverse

change in our prospects since June 30, 2016, nor has there been any significant change in our financial or trading position which has occurred since June 30, 2016.

We have consented to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the State of New York and the U.S. courts located in the City of New York with respect to any action that may be brought in connection with the notes.

Under the Indenture, we have irrevocably appointed Business Sweden as our authorized agent for service of process in any action based on the notes or the Indenture brought against us in any U.S. state or federal court in The City of New York. The contact information for Business Sweden is as follows:

Business Sweden
220 E. 42nd Street, Suite 409A
New York, New York 10017
Tel. No.: +1-212-507-9001

The Indenture provides that any money deposited with the trustee or any paying agent, or then held by us, in trust for the payment of any principal of or interest on the notes that is unclaimed for two years after such principal or interest has become due and payable will be paid to us, or if then held by us, will be discharged from such trust.

We accept responsibility for the information contained in the prospectus, the prospectus supplement, the prospectus addendum and this pricing supplement. We will also accept responsibility for any information contained in the application that will be made to the Irish Stock Exchange for the notes to be admitted to the Official List and to trading on its regulated market. We have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in the prospectus, the prospectus supplement, the prospectus addendum and this pricing supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

This document is an advertisement for the purposes of applicable measures implementing the Prospectus Directive. A prospectus prepared pursuant to the Prospectus Directive is intended to be published, which, when published, can be obtained from the offices of SEK.

We are furnishing this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus, prospectus supplement and prospectus addendum solely for use by prospective investors in connection with their consideration of a purchase of the notes. We confirm that:

- the information contained in this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus, prospectus supplement and prospectus addendum is true and correct in all material respects and is not misleading;
- we have not omitted other facts, the omission of which makes this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus, prospectus supplement and prospectus addendum as a whole misleading; and
- we accept responsibility for the information we have provided in this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus, prospectus supplement and prospectus addendum.

CLEARANCE THROUGH DTC, EUROCLEAR AND CLEARSTREAM, LUXEMBOURG

The notes have been accepted for clearance through DTC under CUSIP 870297 BU1. The notes have also been accepted for clearing through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg under ISIN US870297BU19.

We will issue the notes as global notes registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC. You may hold book-entry interests in a global note through organizations that participate, directly or indirectly, in the DTC, Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear systems, as applicable. Book-entry interests in and all transfers relating to the notes will be reflected in the book-entry records of DTC or its nominee and, where applicable, the book-entry records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

For further information concerning clearance and settlement procedures, see “Description of the Notes—Form of the Notes” and “—Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures” in the prospectus supplement.



AKTIEBOLAGET SVENSK EXPORTKREDIT (PUBL)
(Swedish Export Credit Corporation)
(incorporated in Sweden with limited liability)

Medium-Term Notes, Series F
Due Six Months or More From Date of Issue

We, Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (Publ) (Swedish Export Credit Corporation) ("SEK" or the "Issuer"), from time to time may offer and sell certain debt securities as part of our Medium-Term Notes, Series F program (the "notes"). This prospectus addendum supplements and amends the provisions set forth in the accompanying prospectus and the prospectus supplement dated November 3, 2014 (the "prospectus supplement") for the notes. You should read this prospectus addendum, the accompanying base prospectus, the prospectus supplement, the applicable product supplement(s), if any, and the applicable preliminary term sheet, free writing prospectus or pricing supplement carefully before you invest. We refer to any preliminary term sheet, free writing prospectus or pricing supplement relating to the notes as a "pricing supplement" in this prospectus addendum.

This prospectus addendum applies to all notes issued on or after February 1, 2016, unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement.

By its acquisition of the notes, each holder of the notes acknowledges, agrees to be bound by, and consents to the exercise of, the Bail-in Power (as defined herein) by the Debt Office that may result in the cancellation of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the notes and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the notes into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or another person, including by means of a variation to the terms of the notes, in each case, to give effect to the exercise by the Debt Office of the Bail-in Power. Each holder of the notes further acknowledges and agrees that the rights of the holders of the notes are subject to, and will be varied, if necessary, so as to give effect to, the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office.

For these purposes, a "Bail-in Power" is any statutory write-down and/or conversion power existing from time to time under any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms incorporated in Sweden in effect and applicable in Sweden to the Issuer, including but not limited to any such laws, regulations, rules or requirements that are implemented, adopted or enacted within the context of the BRRD (as defined herein) and/or within the context of a Swedish resolution regime under the Resolution Act 2016, as amended, or otherwise, pursuant to which obligations of a bank, banking group company, credit institution or investment firm or any of its affiliates can be reduced, cancelled and/or converted into shares or other securities or obligations of the obligor or any other person.

By its acquisition of the notes, each holder of the notes, to the extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act, waives any and all claims against the Trustee for, agrees not to initiate a suit against the Trustee in respect of, and agrees that the Trustee shall not be liable for, any action that the Trustee takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office with respect to the notes.

Investing in the notes involves risks. You may lose some or all of your investment if a Bail-in Power is exercised with respect to the notes or if the relevant Swedish resolution authority implements another resolution measure with respect to the Issuer. We encourage you to read and carefully consider this document in its entirety, in particular the risk factors beginning on page PA-1 of this prospectus addendum for a discussion of the factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in the notes.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission nor any U.S. state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the notes or determined that this prospectus addendum is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The notes are not deposit liabilities of the Issuer and are not guaranteed or insured by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency of the United States, Sweden or any other jurisdiction.

The Issuer and other entities disclosed in the applicable pricing supplement may solicit offers to subscribe for the notes as our agent. We may also issue notes to any agent as principal for its own account at prices to be agreed upon at the time of subscription. The agents may resell any notes they subscribe for as principal for their own accounts at prevailing market prices, or at other prices, as the agents determine. The applicable pricing supplement will disclose the agent's discounts and commissions, if any. **Unless we or our agent informs you otherwise in the confirmation of sale, the agents may use this prospectus addendum, the prospectus, the prospectus supplement, the applicable pricing supplement and the applicable product supplement, if any, and index supplement, if any, in connection with offers and sales of the notes in market-making transactions.**

SEK

January 28, 2016

RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the notes will involve certain risks. You should consider carefully the following risk factors together with the risk information contained in the prospectus supplement, the applicable product supplement, if any, the applicable index supplement, if any, the relevant pricing supplement and the Issuer's most recent annual report on Form 20-F before you decide that an investment in the notes is suitable for you.

Regulatory action in the event the Issuer is failing or likely to fail could materially adversely affect the value of the notes.

The European Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive ("BRRD") provides an EU-wide framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms, their subsidiaries and certain holding companies. The BRRD requires all EEA member states to provide their relevant resolution authorities with a set of tools to intervene sufficiently early and quickly in an unsound or failing institution so as to ensure the continuity of the institution's critical financial and economic functions, while minimizing the impact of an institution's failure on the broader economy and financial system.

In Sweden, the requirements of the BRRD are implemented into national law by the Resolution Act 2016 (the "Resolution Act"). The Swedish implementation of the BRRD includes the introduction of the bail-in tool as of February 1, 2016. The Resolution Act includes a requirement for the terms of debt instruments which are issued on or after the date the Resolution Act enters into force, i.e. February 1, 2016, and are not governed by the law of a European Economic Area ("EEA") jurisdiction (including the notes), to contain a contractual clause whereby holders of debt instruments recognize the applicability of the bail-in powers to their debt instruments. For more information on the bail-in tool and on the related contractual recognition, see *"The Swedish resolution authority, i.e. the Debt Office, may exercise the bail-in tool in respect of the Issuer and the notes, which may result in holders of the notes losing some or all of their investment"* and *"Under the terms of the notes, you have agreed to be bound by the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Swedish resolution authority."*

The Resolution Act confers substantial powers on the Swedish resolution authority to enable it to take a range of actions in relation to Swedish deposit taking institutions which are considered to be at risk of failing. The exercise of any of these actions in relation to the Issuer could materially adversely affect the value of any notes.

Under the Resolution Act, substantial powers are granted to the Debt Office (and in certain circumstances, in consultation with the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (SFSA)). These powers enable the Debt Office to implement resolution measures with respect to a relevant Swedish entity in circumstances in which Debt Office considers the failure of the relevant entity has become highly likely and a threat is posed to the public interest. The stabilization options available to the Debt Office (all of the below except for (v), which is available to the Swedish Government) provide for:

- (i) private sector transfer of all or part of the business of the relevant entity;
- (ii) transfer of all or part of the business of the relevant entity to a "bridge bank"
- (iii) transfer to an asset management vehicle;
- (iv) the bail-in tool; and
- (v) temporary public ownership (nationalization) of the relevant entity.

Each of these stabilization options is achieved through the exercise of one or more "stabilization powers," which include (i) the power to make share transfer orders pursuant to which all or some of the securities issued by a Swedish entity may be transferred to a commercial purchaser, a bridge bank or the Swedish government; (ii) the resolution instrument power which includes the exercise of the bail-in tool; (iii) the power to transfer all or some of the property, rights and liabilities of a Swedish entity to a commercial purchaser or the Debt Office; and (iv) the third country instrument powers that recognize the effect of similar special resolution action taken under the law of a country outside the European Union ("EU"). A share transfer order can extend to a wide range of securities, including shares and bonds issued by a Swedish entity and warrants for such shares and bonds and could, therefore, apply to the notes. In addition, the Resolution Act grants powers to modify contractual arrangements in certain circumstances and powers to suspend enforcement or termination rights that might be invoked as a result of the exercise of the resolution powers.

The exercise of any resolution power or any suggestion of any such exercise could materially adversely affect the value of any notes and could lead to holders of the notes losing some or all of the value of their investment in the notes.

The resolution powers are designed to be triggered prior to insolvency of the Issuer, and holders of the notes may not be able to anticipate the exercise of any resolution power (including the Bail-in Power) by the Debt Office (and with respect to nationalization, the Swedish Government).

The stabilization options are intended to be used prior to the point at which any insolvency proceedings with respect to the relevant entity could have been initiated. The purpose of the stabilization options is to address the situation where all or part of a business of a relevant entity has encountered, or is likely to encounter, financial difficulties, giving rise to wider public interest concerns. Accordingly, the stabilization options may be exercised if the Debt Office: (i) is satisfied that a relevant entity (such as the Issuer) is failing, or is likely to fail; (ii) determines that it is not reasonably likely that (ignoring the stabilization powers) action will be taken by or in respect of the relevant entity that will result in condition (i) above ceasing to be met; (iii) considers that the exercise of the stabilization powers to be necessary, having regard to certain public interest considerations (such as the stability of the Swedish financial system, public confidence in the Swedish Resolution system and the protection of depositors (also regulated by the SFSA), being some of the special resolution objectives) and (iv) considers that the special resolution objectives would not be met to the same extent by the winding-up of the relevant entity. The use of different stabilization powers is also subject to further “specific conditions” that vary according to the relevant stabilization power being used.

Although the Resolution Act provides for the above described conditions to the exercise of any resolution powers, it is uncertain how the Debt Office would assess such conditions in different pre-insolvency scenarios affecting the Issuer and in deciding whether to exercise a resolution power. The Debt Office is also not required to provide any advance notice to holders of the notes of its decision to exercise any resolution power. Therefore, holders of the notes may not be able to anticipate a potential exercise of any such powers nor the potential effect of any exercise of such powers on the Issuer, and the notes.

Holders of the notes may have only very limited rights to challenge the exercise of any resolution powers (including the Bail-in Power) by the Debt Office.

Holders of the notes may have only very limited rights to challenge and/or seek a suspension of any decision of the relevant Debt Office to exercise its resolution powers (including the Bail-in Power) or to have that decision reviewed by a judicial or administrative process or otherwise.

The Debt Office may exercise the bail-in tool in respect of the Issuer and the notes, which may result in holders of the notes losing some or all of their investment.

The Debt Office may exercise the bail-in tool to enable it to recapitalize an institution in resolution by allocating losses to its shareholders and unsecured creditors (which include holders of the notes) in a manner that (i) ought to respect the hierarchy of claims in an ordinary insolvency and (ii) is consistent with shareholders and creditors not receiving a less favorable treatment than they would have received in ordinary insolvency proceedings of the relevant entity. Insured deposits and liabilities to the extent they are secured are among the liabilities excluded from the scope of the bail-in tool.

The bail-in tool includes the power to cancel a liability or modify the terms of contracts for the purposes of reducing or deferring the liabilities of the relevant entity under resolution and the power to convert a liability from one form or class to another. The exercise of such powers may result in the cancellation of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the notes and/or the conversion of all or a portion of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the notes into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or another person, including by means of a variation to the terms of the notes, in each case, to give effect to the exercise by the Debt Office of such power.

Where the conditions for intervention under the Resolution Act and the use of the bail-in tool have been met, the Debt Office would be expected to exercise these powers without the further consent of the holders of the notes.

The exercise of any resolution power, including the power to exercise the bail-in tool in respect of the Issuer and the notes or any suggestion of any such exercise could materially adversely affect the rights of the holders of the notes, the price or value of their investment in the notes and/or the ability of the Issuer to satisfy its obligations under the notes and could lead to holders of the notes losing some or all of the value of their investment in such notes.

In addition, even in circumstances where a claim for compensation is established under the “no creditor worse off” safeguard in accordance with a valuation performed after the resolution action has been taken, it is unlikely that such compensation would be equivalent to the full losses incurred by the holders of the notes in the resolution and there can be no assurance that such holders would recover such compensation promptly.

Under the terms of the notes, you have agreed to be bound by the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office.

In accordance with the Resolution Act, the terms of the notes include the following contractual recognition of the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office. By its acquisition of the notes, each holder of the notes acknowledges, agrees to be bound by, and consents to the exercise of, the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office that may result in the cancellation of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the notes and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the notes into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or another person, including by means of a variation to the terms of the notes, in each case, to give effect to the exercise by the Debt Office of the Bail-in Power. Each holder of the notes further acknowledges and agrees that the rights of the holders of the notes are subject to, and will be varied, if necessary, so as to give effect to, the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office. Accordingly, the Bail-in Power may be exercised in such a manner as to result in you and other holders of the notes losing all or a part of the value of your investment in the notes or receiving a different security from the notes, which may be worth significantly less than the notes and which may have significantly fewer protections than those typically afforded to debt securities. Moreover, the Debt Office may exercise the Bail-in Power without providing any advance notice to, or requiring the consent of, the holders of the notes. In addition, under the terms of the notes, the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office with respect to the notes is not a default or an Event of Default (as each term is defined in the Indenture). For more information, see “*Description of Medium-Term Notes—Agreement with Respect to the Exercise of Bail-in Power.*” See also “*Regulatory action in the event the Issuer is failing or likely to fail could materially adversely affect the value of the notes.*”

DESCRIPTION OF MEDIUM-TERM NOTES

The following description of the notes supplements the description of the notes in the accompanying prospectus and prospectus supplement. If this prospectus addendum is inconsistent with the accompanying prospectus or the prospectus supplement, this prospectus addendum will prevail with regard to the notes.

The notes offered pursuant to this prospectus addendum, the accompanying prospectus and the prospectus supplement will be issued, in one or more series under the indenture (the “Indenture”), dated as of August 15, 1991, as supplemented by a first supplemental indenture dated as of June 2, 2004, a second supplemental indenture dated as of January 30, 2006, a third supplemental indenture dated as of October 23, 2008 and a fourth supplemental indenture dated as of March 8, 2010 (together with the first supplemental indenture, the second supplemental indenture, and the third supplemental indenture, the “supplemental indentures”), each between us and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (directly or as the successor in interest to another party, the “Trustee”).

Agreement with Respect to the Exercise of Bail-in Power

In accordance with the Resolution Act, the terms of the notes include the following contractual recognition of the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office:

By its acquisition of the notes, each holder of the notes acknowledges, agrees to be bound by, and consents to the exercise of, any Bail-in Power (as defined below) by the Debt Office that may result in the cancellation of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the notes and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the notes into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or another person, including by means of a variation to the terms of the notes, in each case, to give effect to the exercise by the Debt Office of such Bail-in Power. Each holder of the notes further acknowledges and agrees that the rights of the holders of the notes are subject to, and will be varied, if necessary, so as to give effect to, the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the Debt Office.

For purposes of the notes, a “Bail-in Power” is any statutory write-down and/or conversion power existing from time to time under any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms incorporated in Sweden in effect and applicable in Sweden to the Issuer, including but not limited to any such laws, regulations, rules or requirements that are implemented, adopted or enacted within the context of the BRRD and/or within the context of a Swedish resolution regime under the Resolution Act 2016, as amended, or otherwise, pursuant to which obligations of a bank, banking group company, credit institution or investment firm or any of its affiliates can be reduced, cancelled and/or converted into shares or other securities or obligations of the obligor or any other person.

If any notes provide for the delivery of property, any reference in this prospectus addendum, the accompanying prospectus, the prospectus supplement and the relevant pricing supplement to payment by the Issuer under the notes will be deemed to include such delivery of property.

No repayment of the principal amount of the notes or payment of interest on, or any other amount payable on, the notes shall become due and payable after the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the Debt Office unless such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by the Issuer under the laws and regulations of Sweden and the European Union applicable to the Issuer.

By its acquisition of the notes, each holder of the notes, to the extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act, waives any and all claims against the Trustee for, agrees not to initiate a suit against the Trustee in respect of, and agrees that the Trustee shall not be liable for, any action that the Trustee takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office with respect to the notes.

Upon the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office with respect to the notes, the Issuer shall provide a written notice to The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) as soon as practicable regarding such exercise of the Bail-in Power for purposes of notifying holders of such occurrence. The Issuer shall also deliver a copy of such notice to the Trustee for information purposes.

Under the terms of the notes, the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office with respect to the notes will not be a default or an Event of Default (as each term is defined in the Indenture).

By its acquisition of the notes, each holder of the notes acknowledges and agrees that the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office with respect to the notes shall not give rise to a default for purposes of Section 315(b) (*Notice of Defaults*) and Section 315(c) (*Duties of the Trustee in Case of Default*) of the Trust Indenture Act.

The Issuer's obligations to indemnify the Trustee in accordance with Section 607 of the Indenture shall survive the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office with respect to any notes.

By its acquisition of the notes, each holder of the notes acknowledges and agrees that, upon the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the Debt Office with respect to the notes, (a) the Trustee shall not be required to take any further directions from holders of the notes under Section 512 (*Control by Holders*) of the Indenture, which section authorizes holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of the notes to direct certain actions relating to the notes, and (b) the Indenture shall impose no duties upon the Trustee whatsoever with respect to the exercise of any Bail-in Power by the Debt Office. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if, following the completion of the exercise of the Bail-in Power by the Debt Office in respect of the notes, the notes remain outstanding (for example, if the exercise of the Bail-in Power results in only a partial write-down of the principal of such notes), then the Trustee's duties under the Indenture shall remain applicable with respect to the notes following such completion to the extent that the Issuer and the Trustee shall agree pursuant to a supplemental indenture.

By its acquisition of the notes, each holder of the notes shall be deemed to have (a) consented to the exercise of any Bail-in Power as it may be imposed without any prior notice by the Debt Office of its decision to exercise such power with respect to the notes and (b) authorized, directed and requested DTC and any direct participant in DTC or other intermediary through which it holds the notes to take any and all necessary action, if required, to implement the exercise of any Bail-in Power with respect to the notes as it may be imposed, without any further action or direction on the part of such holder or the Trustee.

If, under the terms of the relevant notes, the Issuer has elected or is required to redeem the notes, or if you have exercised an option to require the Issuer to repurchase the notes, but, in each case, prior to the payment of the redemption or repurchase amount with respect to such redemption or repurchase the Debt Office exercises its Bail-in Power in respect of the notes, the relevant redemption or repurchase notice, if any, shall be automatically rescinded and shall be of no force and effect, and no payment of the redemption amount or repurchase amount will be due and payable.

For the avoidance of doubt, references to "you" and "holder" in this prospectus addendum include beneficial owners of the notes.

Subsequent Holders' Agreement

Holders of the notes that acquire such notes in the secondary market shall be deemed to acknowledge, agree to be bound by and consent to the same provisions specified herein to the same extent as the holders of the notes that acquire the notes upon their initial issuance, including, without limitation, with respect to the acknowledgement and agreement to be bound by and consent to the terms of the notes, including in relation to the Bail-in Power.

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT
(To Prospectus dated November 3, 2014)

SEK

AKTIEBOLAGET SVENSK EXPORTKREDIT (PUBL)
(Swedish Export Credit Corporation)
(incorporated in Sweden with limited liability)

Medium-Term Notes, Series F
Due Six Months Or More From Date Of Issue

We may offer an unlimited principal amount of notes. The following terms may apply to the notes, which we may sell from time to time. We may vary these terms and will provide the final terms for each offering of notes in a pricing supplement. If the information in a pricing supplement differs from the information contained in this prospectus supplement or the prospectus, you should rely on the information contained in the pricing supplement.

- The notes may bear interest at fixed or floating interest rates. Floating interest rate formulae may be based on:
 - LIBOR;
 - Commercial Paper Rate;
 - the Treasury Rate;
 - the CD Rate;
 - the Federal Funds Rate; or
 - any other rate specified in the relevant pricing supplement
- We may sell the notes as indexed notes or discount notes.
- The notes may be subject to redemption at our option or repurchase at our option.
- The notes will be in registered form and may be in book-entry or certificated form.
- The notes will be denominated in U.S. dollars or other currencies.
- U.S. dollar-denominated notes will be issued in denominations of U.S.\$1,000 and integral multiples of U.S.\$1,000.
- The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange, unless otherwise indicated in the applicable pricing supplement.
- We will make interest payments on the notes without deducting withholding or similar taxes imposed by Sweden.

See “Risks Associated With Foreign Currency Notes and Indexed Notes” beginning on page S-5 to read about certain risks associated with foreign currency notes and indexed notes which you should consider before investing in such notes.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the related prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Barclays Capital
Deutsche Bank Securities
J.P. Morgan

BofA Merrill Lynch
Goldman, Sachs & Co.
Morgan Stanley

Citigroup
Incapital LLC
Wells Fargo Securities

This prospectus supplement is dated November 3, 2014.

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT	S-1
SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES	S-2
SWEDISH EXPORT CREDIT CORPORATION	S-2
RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH FOREIGN CURRENCY NOTES AND INDEXED NOTES . . .	S-5
CURRENCY EXCHANGE INFORMATION	S-8
DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES	S-9
General Terms of the Notes	S-9
Business Days	S-10
Discount Notes	S-11
Form of the Notes	S-11
Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures	S-14
Paying Agents, Transfer Agents, Exchange Rate Agents and Calculation Agents	S-15
Payment of Principal and Interest	S-15
Interest Rates	S-17
Indexed Notes	S-27
European Monetary Union	S-28
Redemption and Repurchase	S-28
Notices	S-29
UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS	S-30
PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	S-37
Distribution	S-37
Selling Restrictions	S-38
ANNEX A FORM OF PRICING SUPPLEMENT	A-1
CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE	A-1
ABOUT THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT	A-2
INCORPORATION OF INFORMATION WE FILE WITH THE SEC	A-2
DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES	A-4
PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	A-5

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

This prospectus supplement supplements the accompanying prospectus dated November 3, 2014 relating to our debt securities. If the information in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement.

You should read this prospectus supplement along with the accompanying prospectus (and any relevant pricing supplement). Each document contains information you should consider when making your investment decision. You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus (or such pricing supplement). We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information. We and the agents are offering to sell the notes and seeking offers to buy the notes only in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is current only as of the date hereof.

This document is only being distributed to and is only directed at (i) persons who are outside the United Kingdom or (ii) investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the Order) or (iii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling within Article 49 (2)(a) to (d) of the Order (all such persons together being referred to as “relevant persons”). Any notes will only be available to, and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or otherwise acquire such notes will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents.

This document has been prepared on the basis that, except to the extent sub-paragraph (ii) below may apply, any offer of notes in any member state of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (2003/71/EC) (each, a Relevant Member State) will be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in that Relevant Member State, from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of notes. Accordingly any person making or intending to make an offer in that Relevant Member State of notes which are the subject of an offering contemplated in this prospectus supplement as completed by final terms in relation to the offer of those notes may only do so (i) in circumstances in which no obligation arises for SEK or any agent to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer, or (ii) if a prospectus for such offer has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State and (in either case) published, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, provided that any such prospectus has subsequently been completed by final terms which specify that offers may be made other than pursuant to Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State and such offer is made in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified for such purpose in such prospectus or final terms, as applicable. Except to the extent sub-paragraph (ii) above may apply, neither SEK nor any agent have authorized, nor do they authorize, the making of any offer of notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for SEK or any agent to publish or supplement a prospectus for such offer.

THE NOTES OFFERED HEREBY MAY BE OFFERED FROM TIME TO TIME IN THE EUROPEAN UNION PURSUANT TO A BASE PROSPECTUS DIFFERENT FROM, BUT NOT INCONSISTENT WITH, THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT AND THE PROSPECTUS TO WHICH IT REFERS.

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and in the prospectus. It does not contain all the information that you should consider before investing in the notes. You should carefully read the pricing supplement relating to the terms and conditions of a particular issue of notes along with this entire prospectus supplement and the prospectus.

SWEDISH EXPORT CREDIT CORPORATION

We, Swedish Export Credit Corporation (or SEK), are a public stock corporation wholly owned by the Kingdom of Sweden through the Ministry of Finance.

Our principal executive office is located at Klarabergsviadukten 61-63, P.O. Box 194, SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden; and our telephone number is +46-8-613-8300.

The Notes

Issuer:	Swedish Export Credit Corporation
Agents:	Barclays Capital Inc. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. Goldman, Sachs & Co. Incapital LLC J.P. Morgan Securities LLC Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC Wells Fargo Securities, LLC
Trustee:	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.
Paying Agent:	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement.
Amount:	We may offer an unlimited amount of notes.
Issue Price:	We may issue the notes at par, or at a premium over, or discount to, par and either on a fully paid or partly paid basis.
Maturities:	The notes will mature at least six months from their date of issue.
Fixed Rate Notes:	Fixed rate notes will bear interest at a fixed rate.
Floating Rate Notes:	Floating rate notes will bear interest at a rate determined periodically by reference to one or more interest rate bases plus a spread or multiplied by a spread multiplier.
Indexed Notes:	Payments of principal and/or interest on indexed notes will be calculated by reference to a specific measure or index.
Discount Notes:	Discount notes are notes that are offered or sold at a price less than their principal amount and called discount notes in the applicable pricing supplement. They may or may not bear interest.

Redemption and Repayment:

If the notes are redeemable at our option (other than on the occurrence of the tax events described under “Description of Debt Securities—Optional Redemption Due to Changes in Swedish Tax Treatment” in the accompanying prospectus) or repayable at the option of the holder before maturity, the pricing supplement will specify:

- the initial redemption date on or after which we may redeem the notes or the repayment date or dates on which the holders may elect repayment of the notes;
- the redemption or repayment price or how this will be calculated; and
- the required prior notice to the holders or to us.

Status:

The notes will constitute our direct, unconditional and unsecured indebtedness and will rank equally in right of payment with all our unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness, subject to applicable bankruptcy and similar laws affecting creditors’ rights generally and to general principles of equity. The notes will not be obligations of the Kingdom of Sweden.

Taxes:

Subject to certain exceptions, we will make all payments on the notes without withholding or deducting any taxes imposed by Sweden. For further information, see “Description of the Debt Securities—Additional Amounts” beginning on page 13 of the Prospectus.

Further Issues:

We may from time to time, without the consent of existing holders, create and issue notes having the same terms and conditions as any other outstanding notes offered pursuant to a pricing supplement in all respects, except for the issue date and, if applicable, the issue price and the first payment of interest thereon. Additional notes issued in this manner will be consolidated with, and will form a single series with, any such other outstanding notes.

Listing:

We have not applied to list the notes on any securities exchange. However, we may apply to list any particular issue of notes on a securities exchange, as provided in the applicable pricing supplement. We are under no obligation to list any issued notes and may in fact not list any.

Stabilization:

In connection with issues of notes, a stabilizing manager or any person acting for the stabilizing manager may over-allot or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail for a limited period after the issue date. However, there may be no obligation of the stabilizing manager or any agent of the stabilizing manager to do this. Stabilization may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the notes under the issue is made. Any such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time, and must be brought to an end after a limited period, in any case no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the issue of notes. Such stabilizing or over-allotment shall be conducted in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and rules.

Governing Law:

The notes will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, New York law, except that matters relating to the authorization and execution of the notes by us will be governed by the law of Sweden. Furthermore, if the notes are at any time secured by property or assets in Sweden, matters relating to the enforcement of such security will be governed by the law of Sweden.

Purchase Currency:

You must pay for notes by wire transfer in the specified currency. You may ask an agent to arrange for, at its discretion, the conversion of U.S. dollars or another currency into the specified currency to enable you to pay for the notes. You must make this request on or before the fifth business day preceding the issue date, or by a later date if the agent allows. The agent will set the terms for each conversion and you will be responsible for all currency exchange costs.

Certain Risk Factors:

For information about risks associated with foreign currency notes and indexed notes, see “Risks Associated with Foreign Currency Notes and Indexed Notes” beginning on page S-5.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH FOREIGN CURRENCY NOTES AND INDEXED NOTES

An investment in a foreign currency note or an indexed note entails significant risks that are not associated with an investment in a non-indexed note denominated in U.S. dollars. This section describes certain risks associated with investing in such notes. An applicable pricing supplement may describe additional risks. You should consult your financial and legal advisors about the risks of investing in the notes and the suitability of your investment in light of your particular situation. We disclaim any responsibility for advising you on these matters.

Fluctuations in currency exchange rates and the imposition of exchange controls could cause the U.S. dollar equivalent of any interest payments and/or principal payable at maturity of a foreign currency note or a currency-indexed note to be lower than the U.S. dollar equivalent amount you paid to purchase the note.

In general, the currency markets are extremely volatile. Significant changes in the rate of exchange between the U.S. dollar and the specified currency for a foreign currency note (or, in the case of a currency-indexed note, the rate of exchange between the specified currency and the indexed currency or currencies or between two or more indexed currencies for such note) during the term of any foreign currency note (or currency-indexed note) may significantly reduce the U.S. dollar equivalent value of any interest payable in respect of such note and, consequently, the U.S. dollar equivalent rate of return on the U.S. dollar equivalent amount paid to purchase such note. Moreover, if at maturity the specified currency for such note has depreciated against the U.S. dollar (or, in the case of a currency-indexed note, if significant changes have occurred in the rate of exchange between the specified currency and the indexed currency or currencies or between two or more indexed currencies for such note), the U.S. dollar equivalent value of the principal amount payable in respect of such note may be significantly less than the U.S. dollar equivalent amount paid to purchase such note.

In certain circumstances such changes could result in a net loss to you on a U.S. dollar basis. If any currency-indexed note is indexed to an indexed currency on a greater than one to one basis, the note will be leveraged and the percentage of the potential loss (or gain) to the investor as a result of the changes in exchange rates between currencies discussed above may be greater than the actual percentage of the change in the rate of exchange between the U.S. dollar and the currency or currencies in which the note is denominated or to which it is indexed.

Currency exchange rates are determined by, among other factors:

- changing supply and demand for a particular currency;
- trade, fiscal, monetary, foreign investment and exchange control programs and policies of governments;
- U.S. and foreign political and economic events and policies;
- restrictions on U.S. and foreign exchanges or markets;
- changes in balances of payments and trade;
- U.S. and foreign rates of inflation;
- U.S. and foreign interest rates; and

- currency devaluations and revaluations.

In addition, governments and central banks from time to time intervene, directly and by regulation, in the currency markets to influence prices and may, from time to time, impose or modify foreign exchange controls for a specified currency or indexed currency. Changes in exchange controls could affect exchange rates for a particular currency as well as the availability of a specified currency for making payments in respect of notes denominated in that currency.

We have no control over the factors that affect rates of exchange between currencies. In recent years, rates of exchange have been highly volatile and such volatility may be expected to continue in the future. Fluctuations in any particular exchange rate that have occurred in the past, however, are not necessarily indicative of fluctuations in the rate that may occur during the term of any note.

The information set forth above is directed to prospective purchasers of foreign currency notes and currency-indexed notes that are residents of the United States. If you are a resident of a country other than the United States, you should consult your own financial and legal advisors with respect to any matters that may affect your purchase or holding of, or receipt of payments of any principal, premium or interest in respect of, foreign currency notes or currency-indexed notes.

THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT AND THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS DO NOT DESCRIBE ALL THE RISKS OF AN INVESTMENT IN FOREIGN CURRENCY NOTES OR CURRENCY INDEXED NOTES. AS A RESULT, YOU SHOULD, IN EVERY CASE, CONSULT YOUR OWN FINANCIAL AND LEGAL ADVISORS AS TO THE RISKS, IN LIGHT OF YOUR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES, POSED BY AN INVESTMENT IN SUCH NOTES. SUCH NOTES ARE NOT AN APPROPRIATE INVESTMENT FOR PERSONS WHO ARE UNSOPHISTICATED WITH RESPECT TO FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS.

The pricing supplement relating to any foreign currency notes or currency-indexed notes will contain information concerning historical exchange rates for the relevant specified or indexed currency or currencies against the U.S. dollar and a brief description of such currency or currencies and any exchange controls then in effect with respect to such currency or currencies.

If we are unable to make payments in the specified currency of a foreign currency note, you may experience losses due to exchange rate fluctuations.

Exchange controls may restrict or prohibit us from making payments of any principal, premium or interest in respect of any note in any currency or composite currency. Even if there are no actual exchange controls, it is possible that, on a payment date with respect to any particular note, the currency in which amounts then due in respect of such note are payable would not be available to us. In that event, we would make such payments in the manner set forth under “Description of the Notes—Payment of Principal and Interest.”

If we are required to make payment in respect of a note in a specified currency other than U.S. dollars and such currency is unavailable due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond our control or is no longer used by the government of the country issuing such currency or for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the international banking community, then we will make all payments in respect of such note in U.S. dollars until such currency is again available or so used. Any amounts payable in such currency on any date will be converted by the exchange rate agent (which may be us, the trustee or a bank or financial institution we select) into U.S. dollars on the basis of the most recently available market exchange rate for such

currency or as otherwise indicated in the applicable pricing supplement. Any payment made under such circumstances in U.S. dollars will not constitute an event of default under the indenture.

You may not be able to secure a foreign-currency judgment in the United States.

The notes generally will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of New York. See “Description of Debt Securities—Governing Law” in the accompanying prospectus. Courts in the United States customarily have not rendered judgments for money damages denominated in any currency other than the U.S. dollar. The Judiciary Law of New York provides, however, that an action based upon an obligation denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollars will be rendered in the foreign currency of the underlying obligation and converted into U.S. dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the entry of the judgment or decree.

An investment in indexed notes entails significant risks not associated with a similar investment in fixed or floating rate debt securities.

An investment in notes that are indexed, as to principal, premium, if any, and/or interest, to one or more underlying assets or measures, including currencies or composite currencies, exchange rates, swap indices between currencies or composite currencies, commodities, commodity indices or baskets, securities or securities baskets or indices, interest rates or other indices or measures, either directly or inversely, entails significant risks that are not associated with investments in a conventional fixed rate or floating rate debt security.

These risks include the possibility that the value of the underlying, asset, measure, index or indices may be subject to significant changes, that the resulting interest rate will be less than that payable on a conventional fixed or floating rate debt security issued by us at the same time, that the repayment of principal and/or premium, if any, can occur at times other than those expected by the investor, and that you, as the investor, could lose all or a substantial portion of principal and/or premium, if any, payable on the maturity date. These risks depend on a number of inter-related factors, including economic, financial and political events, over which we have no control.

Additionally, if the formula used to determine the amount of principal, premium, if any, and/or interest payable with respect to such notes contains a multiplier or leverage factor, the effect of any change in the applicable index or indices will be magnified. In recent years, values of many underlying measures and indices have been highly volatile, and such volatility may continue or intensify.

Any optional redemption feature of any notes might affect their market value. Since we may be expected to redeem notes when prevailing interest rates are relatively low, an investor generally will not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate that is as high as the then-current interest rate on the notes.

The secondary market, if any, for indexed notes will be affected by a number of factors independent of our creditworthiness and the value of the applicable underlying asset, measure, index or indices, including the complexity and volatility thereof, the method of calculating the principal, premium, if any, and/or interest in respect of indexed notes, the time remaining to the maturity of such notes, the outstanding amount of such notes, any redemption features of such notes, the amount of other debt securities linked to such underlying asset, measure, index or indices and the level, direction and volatility of market interest rates generally. Such factors also will affect the market value of indexed notes.

In addition, certain notes may be designed for specific investment objectives or strategies and, therefore, may have a more limited secondary market and experience more price volatility than conventional debt securities. Investors may not be able to sell such notes readily or at prices that will enable them to realize their anticipated yield. You should not purchase such notes unless you understand and are able to bear the risks that such notes may not be readily saleable, that the value of such notes will fluctuate over time and that such fluctuations may be significant.

Finally, our credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of the various risks that could affect the market value of the notes. Accordingly, prospective investors should consult their own financial and legal advisors as to the risks an investment in the notes may entail and the suitability of the notes in light of their particular circumstances.

The pricing supplement relating to any note indexed to a currency, currencies, a commodity, a commodity index, a stock, a stock index or any similar such measure or index will contain information concerning the historical prices or values of such underlying measure or index.

CURRENCY EXCHANGE INFORMATION

If you purchase any notes, you must pay for them by wire transfer in the currency we specify. If you are a prospective purchaser of foreign currency notes (that is, notes for which the currency we specify is other than U.S. dollars), you may ask the agent to arrange for, at its discretion, the conversion of U.S. dollars or another currency into the specified currency to enable you to pay for such foreign currency notes. You must make this request on or before the fifth business day preceding the issue date for such notes, or by a later date if the agent allows. The agent will perform each conversion on such terms and subject to such conditions, limitations and charges as such agent may from time to time establish in accordance with its regular foreign exchange practices. You will be responsible for any resulting currency exchange costs.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

The following description supplements the information contained in “Description of Debt Securities” in the prospectus. If the information in this prospectus supplement differs from the prospectus, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement. Because the information provided in a pricing supplement may differ from that contained in this prospectus supplement, you should rely on the pricing supplement for the final description of a particular issue of notes. The following description will apply to a particular issue of notes only to the extent that it is not inconsistent with the description provided in the applicable pricing supplement.

We will issue the notes under an indenture, dated as of August 15, 1991, as supplemented by a first supplemental indenture dated as of June 2, 2004, a second supplemental indenture dated as of January 30, 2006, a third supplemental indenture dated as of October 23, 2008 and a fourth supplemental indenture dated as of March 8, 2010 (together with the first supplemental indenture, the second supplemental indenture, and the third supplemental indenture, the “supplemental indentures”), each between us and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (directly or as the successor in interest to another party), which serves as the trustee thereunder. Except where otherwise indicated or clear from the context, all references to the “indenture” are to the indenture as supplemented by the supplemental indentures and as further supplemented. The information contained in this section and in the prospectus summarizes some of the terms of the notes and the indenture. This summary does not contain all of the information that may be important to you as a potential investor in the notes. You should read the indenture, each of the supplemental indentures and the forms of the notes before making any investment decision. We have filed or will file copies of these documents with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) and we have filed or will file copies of these documents at the offices of the trustee and the other paying agents, if any.

General Terms of the Notes

The following are summaries of the material provisions of the indenture and the notes.

- The notes will constitute a single series of debt securities with an unlimited aggregate principal amount we will issue pursuant to the indenture. We have more fully described the indenture in the accompanying prospectus.
- We are offering the notes on a continuous basis through the agents identified on the cover page of this prospectus supplement.
- The notes will mature at least six months from their issue dates.
- The notes may be subject to redemption prior to their maturity dates, as described under “—Redemption and Repurchase.”
- The notes will constitute our direct, unconditional and unsecured indebtedness and will rank equally in right of payment with all our unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The notes will not be obligations of the Kingdom of Sweden.
- We will issue the notes in fully registered form only, without coupons.
- Unless otherwise specified, we will issue the notes in authorized denominations of U.S.\$ 1,000 and integral multiples thereof (in the case of notes denominated in U.S. dollars). We will set forth the authorized denominations of foreign currency notes in the applicable pricing supplements;
- We expect to issue the notes initially in book-entry form, represented by a single global master note. Thereafter, the notes may be issued either in book entry form (represented by such master

global note or one or more other global notes) or in certificated form. Except as we describe in the accompanying prospectus under the heading “—Description of Debt Securities—Global Securities,” we will not issue book-entry notes in exchange for certificated notes. See “—Form of the Notes—Book-Entry Notes” below. You may present certificated notes for registration of transfer or exchange at the office of the trustee (currently located at 101 Barclay Street (Attn: Trust Services Window), New York, New York 10286), or at such other office or agency of the trustee as we may designate for such purpose in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

The pricing supplement relating to a note will describe the following terms:

- the principal or face amount of such note;
- the currency we have specified for the note (and, if such specified currency is other than U.S. dollars, certain other terms relating to the note and the specified currency, including the authorized denominations of the note);
- the price (expressed as a percentage of the aggregate principal or face amount thereof) at which we will issue the note;
- the date on which we will issue the note;
- the maturity date for the note;
- if the note is a fixed rate note, the rate per annum at which the note will bear interest;
- if the note is a floating rate note, the initial interest rate, the formula or formulae by which interest on the note will be calculated thereafter, the dates on which we will pay interest and any other terms relating to the particular method and times for calculating the interest rate for such note;
- if the note is an indexed note, a description of the applicable index and the manner of determining the indexed principal amount and/or the indexed interest amount thereof (all as defined in the accompanying prospectus), together with other material information relevant to holders of such note;
- if the note is a discount note, the total amount of original issue discount, the amount of original issue discount allocable to the initial accrual period and the yield to maturity of such note;
- whether such note may be redeemed prior to its maturity date (other than as a result of a change in Swedish taxation as described under “—Redemption and Repurchase”) and, if so, the provisions relating to redemption, including, in the case of a discount note or an indexed note, the information necessary to determine the amount due upon redemption;
- whether the note will be issued initially as a book-entry note or a certificated note; and
- any other material terms of the note.

Business Days

In this prospectus supplement, the term “business day” with respect to any note means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is a day on which:

- (1) commercial banks are generally open for business in The City of New York; and

- (2) (a) if such note is a foreign currency note and the specified currency in which such note is denominated is the euro, the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (TARGET2) System or any successor system is open for business; and (b) if such note is a foreign currency note and the specified currency in which the note is denominated is other than the euro, commercial banks are generally open for business in the financial center of the country issuing such currency; and
- (3) if the note is an indexed note, commercial banks are generally open for business in such other place or places as may be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement; and
- (4) if the interest rate formula for the note is LIBOR, a London banking day. The term “London banking day” with respect to any note means any day on which dealings in deposits in the specified currency for such note are transacted in the London interbank market.

Discount Notes

Any of the notes we issue may be “discount notes.” A discount note is:

- (1) a note, including any note having an interest rate of zero, that has a stated redemption price at maturity that exceeds its issue price by at least 0.25% of its principal or face amount, multiplied by the number of full years from the issue date to the maturity date for such note; and
- (2) any other note that we designate as issued with original issue discount for United States federal income tax purposes.

Form of the Notes

The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, is under no obligation to perform or continue to perform the procedures described below, and it may modify or discontinue them at any time. Neither we nor the trustee will be responsible for DTC’s performance of its obligations under its rules and procedures. Additionally, neither we nor the trustee will be responsible for the performance by direct or indirect participants of their obligations under their rules and procedures.

We expect to issue the notes initially in the form of a single master global note in fully registered form, without coupons. A master global note will initially be registered in the name of a nominee (Cede & Co.) of DTC, as depository. Notes need not be represented by such master global note, and may instead be represented by separate global notes. Except as set forth in the accompanying prospectus under “Book-Entry Procedures and Settlement,” the notes will not be issuable as certificated notes. For more information, see “—Book-Entry Notes” below.

Registered Notes. Registered notes are registered in the name of a particular person or entity. In the case of book-entry registered notes, the global security is registered in the name of a nominee of the applicable clearing system, and this nominee is considered the sole legal owner or holder of the notes for purposes of the indenture. Beneficial interests in a registered note and transfers of those interests are recorded by the security registrar.

Book-Entry Notes. All Book-Entry notes with the same issue date and terms will be represented by one or more global securities (which may be the master global note) deposited with, or on behalf of, DTC, and registered in the name of DTC or its nominee (Cede & Co.) (unless the applicable prospectus supplement provides otherwise). Unless otherwise provided, DTC will act as a depository

for, and hold the global securities on behalf of, certain financial institutions, called “participants.” These participants, or other financial institutions acting through them called “indirect participants,” will represent your beneficial interests in the global securities (unless the applicable prospectus supplement provides otherwise). They will record the ownership and transfer of your beneficial interests through computerized book-entry accounts, eliminating the need for physical movement of the notes. Book-entry notes will not be exchangeable for certificated notes and, except under the circumstances described below, will not otherwise be issued as certificated notes.

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable pricing supplement, if you wish to purchase book-entry securities, you must either be a direct participant or make your purchase through a direct or indirect participant. Investors who purchase book-entry securities will hold them in an account at the bank or financial institution acting as their direct or indirect participant. Holding securities in this way is called holding in “street name.”

When you hold securities in street name, you must rely on the procedures of the institutions through which you hold your securities to exercise any of the rights granted to holders. This is because our legal obligations and those of the trustee run only to the registered owner of the global security, which will be the clearing system or its nominee. For example, once we and the trustee make a payment to the registered holder of a global security, neither we nor the trustee will be liable for the payment to you, even if you do not receive it. In practice, the clearing system will pass along any payments or notices it receives from us to its participants, which will pass along the payments to you. In addition, if you desire to take any action which the holder of a global security is entitled to take, then the clearing system would authorize the participant through which you hold your book-entry securities to take such action, and the participant would then either authorize you to take the action or would act for you on your instructions. The transactions between you, the participants and the clearing system will be governed by customer agreements, customary practices and applicable laws and regulations, and not by any of our or the trustee’s legal obligations.

As an owner of book-entry securities represented by a global security, you will also be subject to the following restrictions:

- You will not be entitled to (1) receive physical delivery of the securities in certificated form or (2) have any of the securities registered in your name, except under the circumstances described below under “—Certificated Notes”;
- You may not be able to transfer or sell your securities to some insurance companies and other institutions that are required by law to own their securities in certificated form; and
- You may not be able to pledge your securities in circumstances where certificates must be physically delivered to the creditor or the beneficiary of the pledge in order for the pledge to be effective.

Outside the United States, if you are a participant in either of Clearstream Banking, société anonyme (referred to as Clearstream Luxembourg) or Euroclear, S.A./N.V. or its successor, as operator of the Euroclear System (referred to as Euroclear) you may elect to hold interests in global securities through such systems. Alternatively, you may elect to hold interests indirectly through organizations that are participants of such systems. Clearstream Luxembourg and Euroclear will hold interests on behalf of their participants through customers’ security accounts in the names of their respective depositaries, which in turn may hold such interests in customers’ securities accounts in the names of their respective depositaries, which we refer to as the U.S. depositaries, on the books of the DTC. Notes may also be initially deposited with and settle through Clearstream, Euroclear or any other depositary specified in the relevant pricing supplement.

As long as the notes are represented by global securities, we will pay principal of and interest on such notes to or as directed by DTC as the registered holder of the global securities (or such other depository as may be applicable). Payments to DTC (or such other depository) will be in immediately available funds by wire transfer. DTC, Clearstream Luxembourg or Euroclear, as applicable, will credit the relevant accounts of their participants on the applicable date.

DTC, Clearstream Luxembourg and Euroclear, respectively, advise as follows:

As to DTC: DTC advises us that it is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt securities deposited with it by its participants and facilitates the settlement of transactions among its participants in such securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in accounts of the participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. DTC’s participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of which (and/or their representatives) own DTC. Access to DTC’s book-entry system is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly. According to DTC, the foregoing information with respect to DTC has been provided to the financial community for informational purposes only and is not intended to serve as a representation, warranty or contract modification of any kind.

As to Clearstream Luxembourg: Clearstream Luxembourg has advised us that it is incorporated as a limited liability company under Luxembourg law. Clearstream Luxembourg is owned by Deutsche Börse AG.

Clearstream Luxembourg holds securities for its participating organizations and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between its participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates. Clearstream Luxembourg provides to its participants, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Clearstream Luxembourg interfaces with domestic markets in several countries. Clearstream Luxembourg participants are recognized financial institutions around the world, including underwriters, securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations and may include the underwriters. Indirect access to Clearstream Luxembourg is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Clearstream Luxembourg participant either directly or indirectly. Distributions with respect to notes held beneficially through Clearstream Luxembourg will be credited to cash accounts of Clearstream Luxembourg participants in accordance with its rules and procedures, to the extent received by or on behalf of Clearstream Luxembourg.

Clearstream Luxembourg effects transactions through its affiliate, Clearstream Banking SA, which is registered as a bank in Luxembourg, and as such is subject to regulation by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier, which supervises Luxembourg banks. Since 12 February 2001, Clearstream Banking SA has also been supervised by the Central Bank of Luxembourg according to the Settlement Finality Directive Implementation of January 12, 2001, following the official notification to the regulators of Clearstream Banking SA’s role as a payment system provider operating a securities settlement system.

As to Euroclear:

Euroclear holds securities and book-entry interests in securities for participating organizations and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Euroclear participants, and between Euroclear participants and participants of certain other securities intermediaries through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of such participants or other securities intermediaries.

Euroclear provides Euroclear participants, among other things, with safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement, securities lending and borrowing, and related services. Euroclear participants are investment banks, securities brokers and dealers, banks, central banks, supranationals, custodians, investment managers, corporations, trust companies and certain other organizations. Certain of the underwriters, or other financial entities involved in this offering, may be Euroclear participants.

Non-participants in the Euroclear System may hold and transfer book-entry interests in notes through accounts with a participant in the Euroclear System or any other securities intermediary that holds a book-entry interest in the securities through one or more securities intermediaries standing between such other securities intermediary and Euroclear.

Under Belgian law, investors that are credited with securities on the records of Euroclear have a co-property right in the fungible pool of interests in securities on deposit with Euroclear in an amount equal to the amount of interests in securities credited to their accounts. In the event of the insolvency of Euroclear, Euroclear participants would have a right under Belgian law to the return of the amount and type of interests in securities credited to their accounts with Euroclear. If Euroclear did not have a sufficient amount of interests in securities on deposit of a particular type to cover the claims of all participants credited with such interests in securities on Euroclear's records, all participants having an amount of interests in securities of such type credited to their accounts with Euroclear would have the right under Belgian law to the return of their pro-rata share of the amount of interests in securities actually on deposit.

Under Belgian law, Euroclear is required to pass on the benefits of ownership in any interests in securities on deposit with it (such as dividends, voting rights and other entitlements) to any person credited with such interests in securities on its records. Distributions with respect to notes held beneficially through Euroclear will be credited to the cash accounts of Euroclear participants in accordance with the Euroclear Terms and Conditions, to the extent received by or on behalf of Euroclear.

Certificated Notes. We will issue debt securities in fully registered certificated form in exchange for book-entry securities represented by a global security only under the circumstances described in the prospectus under "Description of Debt Securities—Global Securities." If we do so, you will be entitled to have registered in your name, and have physically delivered to you, debt securities in certificated form equal to the amount of book-entry securities you beneficially own. If we issue certificated debt securities, they will have the same terms and authorized denominations as the global security.

Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures

You will be required to make your initial payment for the notes in immediately available funds. Secondary market trading between DTC participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with DTC rules and will be settled in immediately available funds using DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System. Secondary market trading between Clearstream Luxembourg customers and/or Euroclear participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with applicable rules and operating procedures applicable to conventional eurobonds in immediately available funds.

Cross-market transfers between persons holding directly or indirectly through DTC on the one hand, and directly or indirectly through Clearstream Luxembourg or Euroclear participants, on the other, will be effected within DTC in accordance with DTC's rules on behalf of the relevant European international clearing system by its U.S. depository; however, such cross-market transactions will require delivery of instructions to the relevant European international clearing system by the counterparty in such system in accordance with its rules and procedures and within its established deadlines (European time). The relevant European international clearing system will, if the transaction meets its settlement requirements, deliver instructions to its U.S. depository to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering or receiving notes in DTC, and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures. Clearstream Luxembourg participants and Euroclear participants may not deliver instructions directly to their respective U.S. depositories.

Due to time zone differences in their favor, Euroclear Participants and Clearstream customers may employ their customary procedure for transactions in which securities are to be transferred by the respective clearing system, through the applicable U.S. Depository to another Participant's. In these cases, Euroclear will instruct its U.S. Depository to credit the securities to the Participant's account against payment. The payment will then be reflected in the account of the Euroclear Participant or Clearstream customer the following business day, and receipt of the cash proceeds in the Euroclear Participants' or Clearstream customers' accounts will be back-valued to the value date (which would be the preceding day, when settlement occurs in New York). If the Euroclear Participant or Clearstream customer has a line of credit with its respective clearing system and elects to draw on such line of credit in anticipation of receipt of the sale proceeds in its account, the back-valuation may substantially reduce or offset any overdraft charges incurred over that one-day period. If settlement is not completed on the intended value date (*i.e.*, the trade fails), receipt of the cash proceeds in the Euroclear Participant's or Clearstream customer's accounts would instead be valued as of the actual settlement date.

Although DTC, Clearstream Luxembourg and Euroclear have agreed to the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of securities among participants of DTC, Clearstream Luxembourg and Euroclear, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures and they may discontinue the procedures at any time.

All information in this document on DTC, Clearstream Luxembourg and Euroclear is derived from DTC, Clearstream Luxembourg or Euroclear, as the case maybe, and reflects the policies of these organizations; these policies are subject to change without notice.

Paying Agents, Transfer Agents, Exchange Rate Agents and Calculation Agents

Until the notes are paid, we will maintain a paying agent and transfer agent in The City of New York. We have initially appointed the trustee to serve as our paying agent and transfer agent.

We will appoint an exchange rate agent to determine the exchange rate for converting payments on notes denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollars into U.S. dollars, where applicable. In addition, as long as any floating rate notes or indexed notes are outstanding, we will maintain a calculation agent for calculating the interest rate and interest payments, or indexed principal amount and/or indexed interest amount on the notes.

Payment of Principal and Interest

General

We will pay interest on registered notes (a) to the persons in whose names the notes are registered at the close of business on the record date or (b) if we are paying interest at maturity,

redemption or repurchase, we will make such payment to the person to whom principal is payable. The regular record date for registered notes is the date 15 calendar days before the applicable interest payment date, whether or not a business day. If we issue notes between a record date and an interest payment date, we will pay the interest that accrues during this period on the next following interest payment date to the persons in whose names the notes are registered on the record date for that following interest payment date.

Book-Entry Notes

We will, through our paying agent, make payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest on book-entry notes by wire transfer to the clearing system or the clearing system's nominee as the registered owner of the notes, which will receive the funds for distribution to the holders. We expect that the holders will be paid in accordance with the procedures of the clearing system and its participants. Neither we nor the paying agent will have any responsibility or liability for any of the records of, or payments made by, the clearing system or the clearing system's nominee or common depositary.

Registered Certificated Notes

If we issue registered certificated notes, we will make payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest to you, as a holder, by wire transfer if:

- you own at least U.S.\$ 10,000,000 aggregate principal amount or its equivalent of notes; and
- not less than 15 calendar days before the payment date, you notify the paying agent of your election to receive payment by wire transfer and provide it with your bank account information and wire transfer instructions.

If we do not pay interest by wire transfer for any reason, we will, subject to applicable laws and regulations, mail a check to you on or before the due date for the payment at your address as it appears on the security register on the applicable record date.

Payment Currency

We will pay any principal, premium or interest in respect of a note in the currency we have specified for such note. In the case of a foreign currency note, the exchange rate agent will arrange to convert all payments in respect of such note into U.S. dollars in the manner described in the next paragraph. However, if U.S. dollars are not available for making payments due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond our control, then the holder of such note will receive payments in such specified currency until U.S. dollars are again available for making such payments. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the holder of a foreign currency note may (if we so indicate in the applicable pricing supplement and note) elect to receive all payments in respect of such note in the specified currency for such note by delivery of a written notice to the trustee not later than 15 calendar days prior to the applicable payment date. The holder's election generally will remain in effect until revoked by written notice to the trustee received not later than 15 calendar days prior to the applicable payment date. The holder's election may not be effective under certain circumstances as described above under "Risks Associated with Foreign Currency Notes and Indexed Notes—If we are unable to make payments in the specified currency of a foreign currency note, you may experience losses due to exchange rate fluctuations."

In the case of a foreign currency note, the exchange rate agent will determine the amount of any U.S. dollar payment in respect of such note based on the following exchange rate: the highest firm bid quotation expressed in U.S. dollars, for the foreign or composite currency in which such note is denominated, received by the exchange rate agent at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on the second business day preceding the applicable payment date (or, if no such rate is quoted on such date, the last date on which such rate was quoted), from three (or, if three are not available, then two) recognized foreign exchange dealers in The City of New York, for the purchase by the quoting dealer, for settlement on such payment date, of the aggregate amount of the specified currency for such note payable on such payment date in respect of all notes denominated in such specified currency. If no such bid quotations are available, we will make such payments in such specified currency, unless such specified currency is unavailable due to the imposition of exchange controls or to other circumstances beyond our control, in which case we will make such payments as described above under “Risks Associated with Foreign Currency Notes and Indexed Notes—If we are unable to make payments in the specified currency of a foreign currency note, you may experience losses due to exchange rate fluctuations.”

All currency exchange costs will be borne by the holders of foreign currency notes by deductions from such payments. Any of the foreign exchange dealers submitting quotes to the exchange rate agent may be agents soliciting orders for the notes or affiliates of such agents. All determinations that the exchange rate agent makes, after being confirmed by us, will be binding unless they are clearly wrong.

If the principal of any discount note is declared to be due and payable immediately due to the occurrence of an event of default, the amount of principal due and payable with respect to such note shall be the issue price of such note plus the amount of original issue discount amortized from the issue date of such note to the date of declaration. Such amortization shall be calculated using the “interest method” (computed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles in effect on the date of declaration).

Interest Rates

General

The interest rate on the notes will not be higher than the maximum rate permitted by New York law, currently 25% per year on a simple interest basis. This limit will not apply to notes in which U.S.\$ 2,500,000 or more has been invested. Interest payments on the notes will generally include interest accrued from and including the issue date or the last interest payment date to but excluding the following interest payment date or the date of maturity, redemption or repurchase. Each of these periods is called an interest period.

The relevant pricing supplement will specify the day count fraction applicable to the calculation of payments due on the notes:

- if “1/1” is specified, the relevant payment will be calculated on the basis of 1;
- if “actual/365,” “act/365,” “A/365,” “actual/actual” or “act/act” is specified, the relevant payment will be calculated on the basis of the actual number of days in the period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that calculation period falls in a leap year, the sum of (i) the actual number of days in that portion of the period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (ii) the actual number of days in that portion of the calculation period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);

- if “actual/365 (fixed),” “act/365 (fixed),” “A/365 (fixed)” or “A/365F” is specified, the relevant payment will be calculated on the basis of the actual number of days in the calculation period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 365;
- if “actual/360,” “act/360” or “A/360” is specified, the relevant payment will be calculated on the basis of the actual number of days in the calculation period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360;
- if “30/360,” “360/360” or “bond basis” is specified, the relevant payment will be calculated on the basis of the number of days in the calculation period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360 (the number of days to be calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with 12 30-day months (unless (i) the last day of the calculation period is the 31st day of a month but the first day of the calculation period is a day other than the 30th or 31st day of a month, in which case the month that includes that last day shall not be considered to be shortened to a 30-day month or (ii) the last day of the calculation period is the last day of the month of February, in which case the month of February shall not be considered to be lengthened to a 30-day month)); and
- if “30E/360” or “eurobond basis” is specified, the relevant payment will be calculated on the basis of the number of days in the calculation period in respect of which payment is being made divided by 360 (the number of days to be calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with 12 30-day months, without regard to the date of the first day or last day of the calculation period unless, in the case of the final calculation period, the maturity date is the last day of the month of February, in which case the month of February shall not be considered to be lengthened to a 30-day month).

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement, interest on fixed rate notes will be calculated on a 30/360 basis.

The relevant pricing supplement will also specify the relevant business day convention applicable to the calculation of payments due on the notes. The term “business day convention” means the convention for adjusting any relevant date if it would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day. The following terms, when used in conjunction with the term “business day convention” and a date, shall mean that an adjustment will be made if that date would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day so that:

- if “following” is specified, that date will be the first following day that is a business day;
- if “modified following” or “modified” is specified, that date will be the first following day that is a business day unless that day falls in the next calendar month, in which case that date will be the first preceding day that is a business day; and
- if “preceding” is specified, that date will be the first preceding day that is a business day.

Fixed Rate Notes

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, each fixed rate note will bear interest from its issue date at the rate per annum (which may be zero) stated on the face of the note until the principal amount of the note is paid or made available for payment. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we will pay interest on each fixed rate note semiannually in arrears on each March 15 and September 15 and at maturity. Each payment of interest on a fixed

rate note in respect of an interest payment date shall include interest accrued through the day before such interest payment date.

If we are required to make a payment required in respect of a fixed rate note on a date that is not a business day for such note, we need not make the payment on such date, but may make it on the first succeeding business day with the same force and effect as if we had made it on such date, and no additional interest shall accrue as a result of such delayed payment.

Floating Rate Notes

Each floating rate note will bear interest during each interest reset period (as defined below) based on the interest rate formula for such note. The pricing supplement for a floating rate note may specify an interest rate for the first interest period. This formula is generally composed of the following:

- a base interest rate with a specified maturity called the index maturity, e.g., three months, six months, etc.;
- plus or minus a spread measured in basis points with one basis point equal to 1/100 of a percentage point; or
- multiplied by a spread multiplier measured as a percentage.

The applicable pricing supplement will specify the base rate, the index maturity and the spread or spread multiplier. The pricing supplement may also specify a maximum (ceiling) or minimum (floor) interest rate limitation. The calculation agent will use the interest rate formula, taking into account any maximum or minimum interest rate, to determine the interest rate in effect for each interest period. All determinations made by the calculation agent will be binding unless they are clearly wrong.

We may issue floating rate notes with the following base rates:

- LIBOR;
- the Commercial Paper Rate;
- the Treasury Rate;
- the CD Rate;
- the Federal Funds Rate; or
- any other rate specified in the relevant pricing supplement.

The applicable pricing supplement will also specify the following with respect to each floating rate note:

- the dates as of which the calculation agent will determine the interest rate for each interest period (referred to as the interest determination date);
- the frequency with which the interest rate will be reset, *i.e.*, daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semiannually or annually;

- the dates on which the interest rate will be reset (referred to as the interest reset dates), i.e., the first day of each new interest period, using the interest rate that the calculation agent determined on the interest determination date for that interest period;
- the interest payment dates; and
- if already determined, the initial interest rate in effect from and including the issue date to but excluding the first interest reset date.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the date or dates on which interest will be reset will be as follows:

- in the case of notes that reset daily, each business day;
- in the case of notes, other than those whose base rate is the Treasury Rate, that reset weekly, the Wednesday of each week;
- in the case of notes whose base rate is the Treasury Rate that reset weekly, the Tuesday of each week (except as provided below);
- in the case of notes that reset monthly, the third Wednesday of each month;
- in the case of notes that reset quarterly, the third Wednesday of March, June, September and December;
- in the case of notes that reset semi-annually, the third Wednesday of the two months of each year specified in the applicable pricing supplement; and in the case of notes that reset annually, the third Wednesday of the month of each year specified in the applicable pricing supplement; with the following two exceptions:
- the interest rate in effect from the date of issue to the first interest reset date will be the initial interest rate; and
- the interest rate in effect for the 10 days immediately prior to the maturity date will be that in effect on the tenth day preceding the maturity date.

Determination of Reset Interest Rates

The interest rate applicable to each period commencing on the respective interest reset date (the “interest reset period”) will be the rate determined as of the applicable interest determination date defined below on or prior to the relevant calculation date.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the “interest determination date” with respect to an interest reset date will be:

- for notes for which the base rate is LIBOR, the second London banking day before the interest reset date unless the designated LIBOR currency is pounds sterling, in which case the interest determination date, the applicable interest reset date;
- for notes for which the base rate is the CD Rate, the Commercial Paper Rate or the Federal Funds Rate, the second business day before the interest reset date; and

- for notes for which the base rate is the Treasury Rate, the day of the week in which that interest reset date falls on which treasury bills (as defined below under “—Treasury Rate”) are normally auctioned. Treasury bills are normally sold at auction on the Monday of each week, unless that day is a legal holiday, in which case the auction is normally held on the following Tuesday, but is sometimes held on the preceding Friday. If as a result of a legal holiday a treasury bill auction is held on the Friday of the week preceding an interest reset date, the related interest determination date will be the preceding Friday; and if an auction falls on any interest reset date, then the interest reset date instead will be the first business day following the auction.

The interest determination date pertaining to a floating rate note the interest rate of which is determined with reference to two or more base rates will be the first business day which is at least two business days prior to the interest reset date for that floating rate note on which each base rate is determined. Each base rate will be determined on that date and the applicable interest rate will take effect on the related interest reset date.

The interest rate in effect with respect to a floating rate note on each day that is not an interest reset date will be the interest rate determined as of the interest determination date for the immediately preceding interest reset date. The interest rate in effect on any day that is an interest reset date will be the interest rate determined as of the interest determination date for that interest reset date, subject in each case to any applicable law and maximum or minimum interest rate limitations. However, the interest rate in effect with respect to a floating rate note for the period from its original issue date to the first interest reset date, to which we refer as the “initial interest rate,” will be determined as specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

Interest Payment Dates

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the date or dates on which interest will be payable are as follows:

- in the case of notes that reset daily, weekly or monthly, the third Wednesday of each month or the third Wednesday of March, June, September and December of each year, as specified in the applicable pricing supplement;
- in the case of notes that reset quarterly, the third Wednesday of March, June, September, and December of each year;
- in the case of notes that reset semi-annually, the third Wednesday of the two months of each year specified in the applicable pricing supplement; and
- in the case of notes that reset annually, the third Wednesday of the month specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

If any interest payment date, other than one that falls on the maturity date or on a date for earlier redemption or repurchase, or any interest reset date for a floating rate note would fall on a day that is not a business day, the interest payment date or interest reset date will instead be the next business day, unless the notes are LIBOR notes and that business day falls in the next month, in which case the interest payment date or the interest reset date will be the preceding business day. If any payment on a floating rate note is due on the maturity date or upon earlier redemption or repurchase and that date is not a business day, the payment will be made on the next business day. In addition, if any payment on a floating rate note is due on a date that is not a business day in the relevant place of payment, we will make the payment on the next business day in that place of payment and no

additional interest will accrue as a result of this delay. We will treat these payments as if they were made on the due date.

Accrued Interest

Except as specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the calculation agent will calculate the accrued interest payable on floating rate notes for any interest period by multiplying the principal amount of the note by an accrued interest factor, which will equal the interest rate for the interest period times the relevant day count. If the interest rate varies during the period, the accrued interest factor will equal the sum of the interest factors for each day in the interest period. The calculation agent will compute the interest factors for each day by dividing the interest rate applicable to that day by 360, 365 or 366, depending on the day count fraction.

The calculation agent will round all percentages resulting from any interest rate calculation to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point, with five one-millionths of a percentage point rounded upward. For example, the calculation agent will round 9.876545%, or .09876545, to 9.87655% or .0987655. The calculation agent will also round all specified currency amounts used in or resulting from any interest rate calculation to the nearest one-hundredth of a unit, with .005 of a unit being rounded upward.

Calculation Agent

The calculation agent will be specified in the applicable pricing supplement for each issuance of floating rate notes. If you are the holder of a floating rate note, you may ask the calculation agent to provide you with the current interest rate and, if it has been determined, the interest rate that will be in effect on the next interest reset date. The calculation agent will also notify us, each paying agent and the registered holders, if any, of the following information for each interest period (except for the initial interest period if this information is specified in the applicable pricing supplement):

- the interest rate in effect for the interest period;
- the number of days in the interest period;
- the next interest payment date; and
- the amount of interest that we will pay for a specified principal amount of notes on that interest payment date.

The calculation agent will generally provide this information by the first business day of each interest period, unless the terms of a particular series of notes provide that the calculation agent will calculate the applicable interest rate on a calculation date after that date, in which case the calculation agent will provide this information by the first business day following the applicable calculation date.

Base Rates

LIBOR. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, “LIBOR” means the rate determined by the calculation agent in accordance with the following provisions:

- (a) For an interest determination date relating to any floating rate note for which LIBOR is an applicable base rate, to which we refer as a “LIBOR interest determination date,” LIBOR will be the arithmetic mean of the offered rates, unless the Designated LIBOR page, as defined below, by its terms provides only for a single

rate, in which case that single rate shall be used, for deposits in the designated LIBOR currency having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement, commencing on the applicable interest reset date, that appear, or, if only a single rate is required as aforesaid, appears, on the designated LIBOR page as of 11:00 a.m., London time, on that LIBOR interest determination date.

If fewer than two offered rates appear, or no single rate appears, as applicable, LIBOR in respect of that LIBOR interest determination date will be determined as if the parties had specified the rate described in clause (b) below.

(b) For a LIBOR interest determination date on which fewer than two offered rates appear, or no rate appears, as the case may be, on the designated LIBOR page as specified in clause (a) above, the calculation agent will request the principal London offices of each of four major reference banks, which may include one or more of the agents or their affiliates, in the London interbank market, as selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, to provide its offered quotation for deposits in the designated LIBOR currency for the period of the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement, commencing on the applicable interest reset date, to prime banks in the London interbank market at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time, on that LIBOR interest determination date and in a principal amount that is representative for a single transaction in the designated LIBOR currency in that market at that time.

- If the reference banks provide at least two such quotations, then LIBOR for that LIBOR interest determination date will be the arithmetic mean of such quotations. If fewer than two quotations are provided, then LIBOR for that LIBOR interest determination date will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted at approximately 11:00 a.m., in the applicable principal financial center, as defined below, on that LIBOR interest determination date by three major banks, which may include one or more of the agents or their affiliates, in that principal financial center selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, for loans in the designated LIBOR currency to leading European banks, having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement and in a principal amount that is representative for a single transaction in that designated LIBOR currency in that market at that time.
- If the banks selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, LIBOR with respect to that LIBOR interest determination date will be LIBOR for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

“Designated LIBOR currency” means the currency specified in the applicable pricing supplement as to which LIBOR will be calculated. If no such currency is specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the designated LIBOR currency shall be U.S. dollars.

“Designated LIBOR page” means the display on the Reuters Money Market Rates Service, or any successor service, on the page specified in the applicable pricing supplement, or any successor page on that service, for the purpose of displaying the London interbank rates of major banks for the designated LIBOR currency.

“Principal financial center” means the capital city of the country to which the designated LIBOR currency relates (or the capital city of the country issuing the specified currency, as applicable), except that with respect to U.S. dollars, Australian dollars, Canadian dollars, South African rand and

Swiss francs, the “principal financial center” means The City of New York, Sydney, Toronto, Johannesburg and Zurich, respectively, and with respect to euros the principal financial center means the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (TARGET2) System or any successor system.

Commercial Paper Rate. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, “commercial paper rate” means, for any interest determination date relating to any floating rate note for which the commercial paper rate is an applicable base rate, to which we refer as a “commercial paper rate interest determination date,” the money market yield on that date of the rate for commercial paper having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as published in H.15(519) under the caption “Commercial Paper—Nonfinancial.” If the commercial paper rate cannot be determined as described above, the following procedures will apply:

- If the rate described above is not published by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the relevant calculation date, then the commercial paper rate will be the money market yield of the rate on that commercial paper rate interest determination date for commercial paper of the specified index maturity as published in H.15 Daily Update, or in another recognized electronic source used for the purpose of displaying the applicable rate, under the caption “Commercial Paper—Nonfinancial.”
- If by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the calculation date, the rate described is not yet published in H.15(519), H.15 Daily Update or another recognized electronic source, the commercial paper rate for the applicable commercial paper rate interest determination date will be calculated by the calculation agent and will be the money market yield of the arithmetic mean of the offered rates (quoted on a bank discount basis), as of 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on that commercial paper rate interest determination date of three leading dealers of U.S. dollar commercial paper in The City of New York, which may include one or more of the agents or their affiliates, selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, for commercial paper of the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement placed for a non-financial issuer whose bond rating is “Aa,” or the equivalent, from a nationally recognized statistical rating agency.
- If the dealers selected as described above by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the commercial paper rate with respect to that commercial paper rate interest determination date will be the commercial paper rate in effect for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

“Money market yield” means the yield, expressed as a percentage, calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Money market yield} = \frac{360 \times D}{360 - (D \times M)} \times 100$$

where “D” is the annual rate for commercial paper quoted on a bank discount basis and expressed as a decimal, and “M” is the actual number of days in the applicable interest period.

“H.15(519)” means the weekly statistical release designated “Statistical Release H.15(519), Selected Interest Rates,” or any successor publication, published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

“H.15 Daily Update” means the daily update of H.15(519), available through the world-wide-web site of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System at <http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h15/update>, or any successor site or publication. All references to this website are inserted as inactive textual references to the “uniform resource locator,” or “URL,” and are for your informational reference only. Information on that website is not incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Treasury Rate Notes. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, “treasury rate” means, with respect to any interest determination date relating to any floating rate note for which the treasury rate is an applicable base rate, to which we refer as a “treasury rate interest determination date,” the rate from the auction held on such treasury rate interest determination date of direct obligations of the United States, or “treasury bills,” having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement under the caption “INVEST RATE” on the display on Reuters Money Markets Rates Service or any successor service, on page “USAUCTION 10,” or any other page as may replace that page on that service, or page “USAUCTION 11,” or any other page as may replace that page on that service. If the treasury rate cannot be determined in this manner, the following procedures will apply:

- If the rate described above is not so published by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the related calculation date, the bond equivalent yield of the rate for those treasury bills as published in H.15 Daily Update, or another recognized electronic source used for the purpose of displaying that rate, under the caption “U.S. Government Securities/Treasury Bills/Auction High,” will be the treasury rate.
- If the rate described in the prior paragraph is not so published by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the related calculation date, the bond equivalent yield, as defined below, of the auction rate of such treasury bills as announced by the U.S. Department of the Treasury.
- If the auction rate described in the prior paragraph is not so announced by the U.S. Department of the Treasury, or if no such auction is held, then the treasury rate will be the bond equivalent yield of the rate on that treasury rate interest determination date of treasury bills having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as published in H.15(519) under the caption “U.S. Government Securities/Treasury Bills/Secondary Market” or, if not yet published by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the related calculation date, the rate on that treasury rate interest determination date of those treasury bills as published in H.15 Daily Update, or another recognized electronic source used for the purpose of displaying that rate, under the caption “U.S. Government Securities/Treasury Bills/Secondary Market.”
- If the rate described in the prior paragraph is not yet published in H.15(519), H.15 Daily Update or another recognized electronic source, then the treasury rate will be calculated by the calculation agent and will be the bond equivalent yield of the arithmetic mean of the secondary market bid rates, as of approximately 3:30 p.m., New York City time, on that treasury rate interest determination date, of three leading primary United States government securities dealers, which may include one or more of the agents or their affiliates, selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with the Company, for the issue of treasury bills with a remaining maturity closest to the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement.
- If the dealers selected as described above by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the treasury rate with respect to that treasury rate interest determination date will be the treasury rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

“Bond equivalent yield” means a yield, expressed as a percentage, calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Bond equivalent yield} = \frac{D \times N}{360 - (D \times M)}$$

where “D” is the applicable per annum rate for treasury bills quoted on a bank discount basis, “N” refers to 365 or 366, as the case may be, and “M” is the actual number of days in the applicable interest reset period.

CD Rate. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, CD rate means, with respect to any interest determination date relating to any floating rate note for which the CD rate is an applicable base rate, which date we refer to as a “CD rate interest determination date,” the rate on that date for negotiable U.S. dollar certificates of deposit having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as published in H.15(519), as defined below, under the heading “CDs (Secondary Market).” If the CD rate cannot be determined in this manner, the following procedures will apply:

- If the rate described above is not published by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the relevant calculation date, then the CD rate will be the rate on that CD rate interest determination date for negotiable U.S. dollar certificates of deposit having the specified index maturity as published in H.15 Daily Update, as defined below, or other recognized electronic sources used for the purpose of displaying the applicable rate, under the caption “CDs (Secondary Market).”
- If by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the applicable calculation date, that rate is not published in either H.15(519), H.15 Daily Update or another recognized electronic source, the CD rate for that CD rate interest determination date will be calculated by the calculation agent and will be the arithmetic mean of the secondary market offered rates as of 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on that CD rate interest determination date, of three leading non-bank dealers in negotiable U.S. dollar certificates of deposit in The City of New York, which may include one or more of the agents or their affiliates, selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, for negotiable U.S. dollar certificates of deposit of major U.S. money market banks with a remaining maturity closest to the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in that market at that time.
- If the dealers selected as described above by the calculation agent are not quoting rates as set forth above, the CD rate for that CD interest rate determination date will be the CD rate in effect for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or if there was no interest reset period, then the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

Federal Funds Rate. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, “federal funds rate” means, with respect to any interest determination date relating to any floating rate note for which the federal funds rate is an applicable base rate, to which we refer as a “federal funds rate interest determination date,” the rate on that date for United States dollar federal funds as published in H.15(519) under the heading “Federal Funds (Effective)” as that rate is displayed on Reuters Money Markets Rates Service, or any successor service, on page “FEDFUNDS 1,” or any other page as may replace that page on that service. If the federal funds rate cannot be determined in this manner, the following procedures will apply.

- If the rate described above does not appear on page “FEDFUNDS1” by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the related calculation date, then the federal funds rate will be the rate on that federal

funds rate interest determination date for United States dollar federal funds as published in H.15 Daily Update, or another recognized electronic source used for the purpose of displaying that rate, under the caption “Federal Funds (Effective).”

- If the rate described above does not appear on “FEDFUNDS1” and is not yet published in H.15(519), H.15 Daily Update or another electronic source by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the related calculation date, then the federal funds rate for that federal funds rate interest determination date will be calculated by the calculation agent and will be the arithmetic mean of the rates for the last transaction in overnight United States dollar federal funds arranged by three leading brokers of United States dollar federal funds transactions in The City of New York, which may include one or more of the agents or their affiliates, selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, prior to 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on that federal funds rate interest determination date.
- If the brokers selected as described above by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the federal funds rate with respect to that federal funds rate interest determination date will be the federal funds rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

Indexed Notes

We may offer indexed notes according to which the principal and/or interest is determined by reference to one or more underlying assets or measures, including currencies or composite currencies, exchange rates, swap indices between currencies or composite currencies, commodities, commodity indices or baskets, securities or securities baskets or indices, interest rates or other indices or any other financial, economic or other measure or instrument, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any event or circumstance described in the applicable pricing supplement.

The pricing supplement will describe how interest and principal payments on indexed notes will be determined. It will also include historical and other information about the index or indices and information about the U.S. tax consequences to the holders of indexed notes.

Amounts payable on an indexed note will be based on the face amount of the note. The pricing supplement will describe whether the principal amount that we will pay you on redemption or repayment before maturity would be the face amount, the principal amount at that date or another amount.

If a third party is responsible for calculating or announcing an index for certain indexed notes and that third party stops calculating or announcing the index, or changes the way that the index is calculated in a way not permitted in the pricing supplement, then the index will be calculated by an independent determination agent named in the pricing supplement. If no independent agent is named, then we will calculate the index. If neither the determination agent nor we can calculate the index in the same way and under the same conditions as the original third party, then the principal or interest on the notes will be determined as described in the pricing supplement. All calculations that we or the independent determination agent make will be binding unless they are clearly wrong.

If you purchase an indexed note, the applicable pricing supplement will include information about the relevant underlying index or measure, about how amounts that are to become payable will be determined by reference to the price or value of that index and about the terms on which amounts payable on the note may be settled physically or in cash. Note that, under the indenture, physical settlement is only possible if relevant procedures are agreed between us and the trustee. Such

procedures have not yet been agreed. In the event of physical settlement, the relevant pricing supplement will specify in detail the procedures for such physical settlement. The pricing supplement will also identify the calculation agent that will calculate the amounts payable with respect to the indexed debt security and may exercise significant discretion in doing so. An investment in indexed notes may entail significant risks. See “Risks Associated With Foreign Currency Notes and Indexed Notes—Indexed Notes,” as well as the risks described in the applicable pricing supplement.

European Monetary Union

On January 1, 1999, the European Union introduced the single European currency known as the euro in the 11 (now 18) participating member states of the European Monetary Union. A participating member state is a member state of the European Union that has adopted the euro as its legal currency according to the Treaty of Rome of March 25, 1957, as amended by the Single European Act of 1986 and the Treaty on European Union, signed in Maastricht on February 1, 1992. As of the date of this prospectus supplement, Sweden does not participate in the single currency.

If so specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we may at our option, and without the consent of the holders of the notes or the need to amend the notes or the indenture, re-denominate the notes issued in the currency of a country that subsequently participates in the final stage of the European Monetary Union, or otherwise participates in the European Monetary Union in a manner with similar effect to such final stage, into euro. The provisions relating to any such redenomination will be contained in the applicable pricing supplement. You are responsible for informing yourself about the effects or potential of European Monetary Union on any investment you make.

Redemption and Repurchase

General

The pricing supplement for the issuance of each series of notes will indicate either that:

- the notes cannot be redeemed prior to their maturity date (other than on the occurrence of the tax events described under “Description of Debt Securities—Optional Redemption Due to Changes in Swedish Tax Treatment” in the accompanying prospectus); or
- the notes will be redeemable or subject to repayment at our or the holder’s option on or after a specified date at a specified redemption or repayment price. The redemption or repayment price may be par or may decline from a specified premium to par at a later date, together, in each case, with accrued interest to the date of redemption or repayment.

Market Repurchases

We may repurchase notes at any time and price in the open market or otherwise. Notes we repurchase may, at our discretion, be held, resold (subject to compliance with applicable securities and tax laws) or surrendered to the trustee for cancellation.

Discount Notes

If the pricing supplement states that a note is a discount note, the amount payable in the event of redemption, repayment or other acceleration of the maturity date will be the amortized face amount of the note as of the date of redemption, repayment or acceleration, but in no event more than its principal amount. The amortized face amount is equal to (a) the issue price plus (b) that portion of the difference between the issue price and the principal amount that has accrued at the yield to maturity

described in the pricing supplement (computed in accordance with generally accepted U.S. bond yield computation principles) by the redemption, repayment or acceleration date.

Sinking Fund

The notes will not be subject to any sinking fund.

Notices

Notices to holders of notes will be made by first class mail, postage prepaid, or sent by facsimile transmission to the registered holders. Under the indenture, we have irrevocably appointed Business Sweden in The City of New York as our authorized agent for service of process in any action based on the debt securities brought against us in any State or federal court in The City of New York. Under the indenture, we will waive any immunity from the jurisdiction of these courts to which we might be entitled in any action based on these debt securities.

UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion summarizes certain U.S. federal income tax considerations that may be relevant to you if you invest in notes and are a U.S. holder. You will be a U.S. holder if you are a beneficial owner of the notes and you are an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States, a U.S. domestic corporation, or any other person that is subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis in respect of an investment in the notes. This summary deals only with U.S. holders that hold notes as capital assets. It does not address considerations that may be relevant to you if you are an investor that is subject to special tax rules, such as a bank, thrift, real estate investment trust, regulated investment company, insurance company, dealer in securities or currencies, trader in securities or commodities that elects mark to market treatment, certain short-term holders of the notes, persons that will hedge their exposure to the notes or will hold notes as a hedge against currency risk or as a position in a “straddle” or conversion transaction, tax-exempt organization or a person whose “functional currency” is not the U.S. dollar. U.S. holders should be aware that the U.S. federal income tax consequences of holding notes may be materially different for investors described in the prior sentence. In addition, this discussion does not address alternative minimum taxes, the Medicare tax on net investment income or state, local or foreign taxes.

This summary is based on laws, regulations, rulings and decisions now in effect, all of which may change. Any change could apply retroactively and could affect the continued validity of this summary.

You should consult your tax adviser about the tax consequences of holding notes, including the relevance to your particular situation of the considerations discussed below, as well as the relevance to your particular situation of state, local or other tax laws.

You should be aware that the U.S. federal income tax considerations in this Prospectus Supplement may be modified or superseded by U.S. federal income tax considerations discussed in the product supplement and/or pricing supplement relating to a specific issuance of notes. You should read any such tax considerations when considering an investment in the notes.

Payments or Accruals of Interest

Payments or accruals of “qualified stated interest” (as defined below) on a note will be taxable to you as ordinary interest income at the time that you receive or accrue such amounts (in accordance with your regular method of tax accounting). If you use the cash method of tax accounting and you receive payments of interest pursuant to the terms of a note in a currency other than U.S. dollars (a “foreign currency”), the amount of interest income you will realize will be the U.S. dollar value of the foreign currency payment based on the exchange rate in effect on the date you receive the payment, regardless of whether you convert the payment into U.S. dollars. If you are an accrual-basis U.S. holder, you will accrue interest income on foreign currency notes in the relevant foreign currency, and will translate the amount so accrued into U.S. dollars based on the average exchange rate in effect during the interest accrual period (or with respect to an interest accrual period that spans two taxable years, based on the average exchange rate for the partial period within the taxable year). Alternatively, as an accrual-basis U.S. holder, you may elect to translate all interest income on foreign currency-denominated notes at the spot rate on the last day of the accrual period (or the last day of the taxable year, in the case of an accrual period that spans more than one taxable year) or on the date that you receive the interest payment if that date is within five business days of the end of the accrual period. If you make this election, you must apply it consistently to all debt instruments from year to year and you cannot change the election without the consent of the Internal Revenue Service. If you use the accrual method of accounting for tax purposes, you will recognize foreign currency gain or loss on the receipt of a foreign currency interest payment if the exchange rate in effect on the date the payment is

received differs from the rate applicable to a previous accrual of that interest income. This foreign currency gain or loss will be treated as ordinary income or loss, but generally will not be treated as an adjustment to interest income received on the note.

Purchase, Sale and Retirement of Notes

Initially, your tax basis in a note generally will equal the cost of the note to you. Your basis will increase by any amounts that you are required to include in income under the rules governing original issue discount and market discount, and will decrease by the amount of any amortized premium and any payments other than payments of qualified stated interest made on the note. (The rules for determining these amounts are discussed below.) If you purchase a note that is denominated in a foreign currency, the cost to you (and therefore generally your initial tax basis) will be the U.S. dollar value of the foreign currency purchase price on the date of purchase calculated at the exchange rate in effect on that date. If the foreign currency note is traded on an established securities market and you are a cash-basis taxpayer (or if you are an accrual-basis taxpayer that makes a special election), you will determine the U.S. dollar value of the cost of the note by translating the amount of the foreign currency that you paid for the note at the spot rate of exchange on the settlement date of your purchase. The amount of any subsequent adjustments to your tax basis in a note in respect of foreign currency-denominated original issue discount, market discount and premium will be determined in the manner described below. If you convert U.S. dollars into a foreign currency and then immediately use that foreign currency to purchase a note, you generally will not have any taxable gain or loss as a result of the conversion or purchase.

When you sell or exchange a note, or if a note that you hold is retired, you generally will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount you realize on the transaction (less any accrued qualified stated interest, which will be subject to tax in the manner described above under "Payments or Accruals of Interest") and your tax basis in the note. If you sell or exchange a note for a foreign currency, or receive foreign currency on the retirement of a note, the amount you will realize for U.S. tax purposes generally will be the dollar value of the foreign currency that you receive calculated at the exchange rate in effect on the date the foreign currency note is disposed of or retired. If you dispose of a foreign currency note that is traded on an established securities market and you are a cash-basis U.S. holder (or if you are an accrual-basis holder that makes a special election), you will determine the U.S. dollar value of the amount realized by translating the amount at the spot rate of exchange on the settlement date of the sale, exchange or retirement.

The special election available to you if you are an accrual-basis taxpayer in respect of the purchase and sale of foreign currency notes traded on an established securities market, which is discussed in the two preceding paragraphs, must be applied consistently to all debt instruments from year to year and cannot be changed without the consent of the Internal Revenue Service.

Except as discussed below with respect to market discount, short-term notes (as defined below) and foreign currency gain or loss, the gain or loss that you recognize on the sale, exchange or retirement of a note generally will be capital gain or loss. The gain or loss on the sale, exchange or retirement of a note will be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held the note for more than one year on the date of disposition. Net long-term capital gain recognized by an individual U.S. holder generally will be subject to tax at a lower rate than net short-term capital gain or ordinary income. The ability of U.S. holders to offset capital losses against ordinary income is limited.

Despite the foregoing, the gain or loss that you recognize on the sale, exchange or retirement of a foreign currency note generally will be treated as ordinary income or loss to the extent that the gain or loss is attributable to changes in exchange rates during the period in which you held the note.

This foreign currency gain or loss will not be treated as an adjustment to interest income that you receive on the note.

Original Issue Discount

If we issue notes at a discount from their “stated redemption price at maturity” (as defined below), and the discount is equal to or more than the product of one-fourth of one percent (0.25%) of the stated redemption price at maturity of the notes multiplied by the number of full years to their maturity, the notes will be “original issue discount notes.” The difference between the issue price and the stated redemption price at maturity of the notes will be the “original issue discount.” The “issue price” of the notes will be the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes are sold to the public (*i.e.*, excluding sales of notes to underwriters, placement agents, wholesalers, or similar persons). The “stated redemption price at maturity” will include all payments under the notes other than payments of qualified stated interest. The term “qualified stated interest” generally means stated interest that is unconditionally payable in cash or property (other than debt instruments issued by the Company) at least annually during the entire term of a note at a single fixed interest rate or, subject to certain conditions, based on one or more interest indices.

If you invest in an original issue discount note, you generally will be subject to the special tax accounting rules for original issue discount obligations provided by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and certain U.S. Treasury regulations. You should be aware that, as described in greater detail below, if you invest in an original issue discount note, you generally will be required to include original issue discount in ordinary gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes as it accrues, although you may not yet have received the cash attributable to that income.

In general, and regardless of whether you use the cash or the accrual method of tax accounting, if you are the holder of an original issue discount note with a maturity greater than one year, you will be required to include in ordinary gross income the sum of the “daily portions” of original issue discount on that note for all days during the taxable year that you own the note. The daily portions of original issue discount on an original issue discount note are determined by allocating to each day in any accrual period a ratable portion of the original issue discount allocable to that period. Accrual periods may be any length and may vary in length over the term of an original issue discount note, so long as no accrual period is longer than one year and each scheduled payment of principal or interest occurs on the first or last day of an accrual period. If you are the initial holder of the note, the amount of original issue discount on an original issue discount note allocable to each accrual period is determined by:

- (i) multiplying the “adjusted issue price” (as defined below) of the note at the beginning of the accrual period by a fraction, the numerator of which is the annual yield to maturity (defined below) of the note and the denominator of which is the number of accrual periods in a year; and
- (ii) subtracting from that product the amount (if any) payable as qualified stated interest allocable to that accrual period.

The “adjusted issue price” of an original issue discount note at the beginning of any accrual period will generally be the sum of its issue price (including any accrued interest) and the amount of original issue discount allocable to all prior accrual periods, reduced by the amount of all payments other than any qualified stated interest payments on the note in all prior accrual periods. All payments on an original issue discount note (other than qualified stated interest) will generally be viewed first as payments of previously accrued original issue discount (to the extent of the previously accrued

discount), with payments considered made from the earliest accrual periods first, and then as a payment of principal. The “annual yield to maturity” of a note is the discount rate (appropriately adjusted to reflect the length of accrual periods) that causes the present value on the issue date of all payments on the note to equal the issue price. In the case of an original issue discount note that is a floating rate note, both the “annual yield to maturity” and the qualified stated interest will be determined for these purposes as though the note will bear interest in all periods at a fixed rate generally equal to the rate that would be applicable to interest payments on the note on its date of issue or, in the case of some floating rate notes, the rate that reflects the yield that is reasonably expected for the note. (Additional rules may apply if interest on a floating rate note is based on more than one interest index.)

As a result of this “constant yield” method of including original issue discount income, the amounts you will be required to include in your gross income if you invest in an original issue discount note denominated in U.S. dollars generally will be lesser in the early years and greater in the later years than amounts that would be includible on a straight-line basis.

You generally may make an irrevocable election to include in income your entire return on a note (*i.e.*, the excess of all remaining payments to be received on the note, including payments of qualified stated interest, over the amount you paid for the note) under the constant yield method described above. If you purchase notes at a premium or market discount and if you make this election, you will also be deemed to have made the election (discussed below under the “Premium” and “Market Discount”) to amortize premium or to accrue market discount currently on a constant yield basis in respect of all other premium or market discount bonds that you hold.

In the case of an original issue discount note that is also a foreign currency note, you should determine the U.S. dollar amount includible as original issue discount for each accrual period by (i) calculating the amount of original issue discount allocable to each accrual period in the foreign currency using the constant yield method described above and (ii) translating that foreign currency amount at the average exchange rate in effect during that accrual period (or, with respect to an interest accrual period that spans two taxable years, at the average exchange rate for each partial period). Alternatively, you may translate the foreign currency amount at the spot rate of exchange on the last day of the accrual period (or the last day of the taxable year, for an accrual period that spans two taxable years) or at the spot rate of exchange on the date of receipt, if that date is within five business days of the last day of the accrual period, provided that you have made the election described above under “Payments or Accruals of Interest.” Because exchange rates may fluctuate, if you are the holder of an original issue discount note that is also a foreign currency note, you may recognize a different amount of original issue discount income in each accrual period than would be the case if you were the holder of an otherwise similar original issue discount note denominated in U.S. dollars. Upon the receipt of an amount attributable to original issue discount (whether in connection with a payment of an amount that is not qualified stated interest or the sale or retirement of the original issue discount note), you will recognize ordinary income or loss measured by the difference between the amount received (translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the date of receipt or on the date of disposition of the original issue discount note, as the case may be) and the amount of original issue discount accrued (using the exchange rate applicable to such previous accrual).

If you purchase an original issue discount note outside of the initial offering at a cost less than its remaining redemption amount (*i.e.*, the total of all future payments to be made on the note other than payments of qualified stated interest), or if you purchase an original issue discount note in the initial offering at a price other than the note’s issue price, you generally will also be required to include in gross income the daily portions of original issue discount, calculated as described above. However, if you acquire an original issue discount note at a price greater than its adjusted issue price, you will be

required to reduce your periodic inclusions of original issue discount to reflect the premium paid over the adjusted issue price. On the other hand, if you acquired an original issue discount note at a price that was less than its adjusted issue price by at least 0.25% of its adjusted issue price multiplied by the number of remaining whole years to maturity, the market discount rules discussed below also will apply.

Floating rate notes generally will be treated as “variable rate debt instruments” under U.S. Treasury regulations dealing with original issue discount notes. Accordingly, the stated interest on a floating rate note generally will be treated as “qualified stated interest” and such a note will not have original issue discount solely as a result of the fact that it provides for interest at a variable rate. If a floating rate note does not qualify as a “variable rate debt instrument,” the note will be subject to special rules that govern the tax treatment of debt obligations that provide for contingent payments. We will provide a detailed description of the tax considerations relevant to U.S. holders of any such notes in the pricing supplement.

Certain notes may be redeemed prior to their stated maturity, either at the option of the Company or at the option of the holder, or may have special repayment or interest rate reset features as indicated in the pricing supplement. Notes containing these features, in particular original issue discount notes may be subject to special rules that differ from the general rules discussed above. If you purchase original issue discount notes with these features, you should carefully examine the pricing supplement and consult your tax adviser about their treatment since the tax consequences of investing in original issue discount notes will depend, in part, on the particular terms and features of those notes.

Short-Term Notes

The rules described above also will generally apply to original issue discount notes with maturities of one year or less (“short-term notes”), but with some modifications.

First, the original issue discount rules treat none of the interest on a short-term note as qualified stated interest, and treat a short-term note as having original issue discount. Thus, all short-term notes will be original issue discount notes. Except as noted below, if you are a cash-basis holder of a short-term note and you do not identify the short-term note as part of a hedging transaction you will generally not be required to accrue original issue discount currently, but you will be required to treat any gain realized on a sale, exchange or retirement of the note as ordinary income to the extent such gain does not exceed the original issue discount accrued with respect to the note during the period you held the note. You may not be allowed to deduct all of the interest paid or accrued on any indebtedness incurred or maintained to purchase or carry a short-term note until the Maturity of the note or its earlier disposition in a taxable transaction. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if you are a cash-basis U.S. holder of a short-term note, you may elect to accrue original issue discount on a current basis (in which case the limitation on the deductibility of interest described above will not apply). A U.S. holder using the accrual method of tax accounting and some cash method holders (including banks, securities dealers, regulated investment companies and certain trust funds) generally will be required to include original issue discount on a short-term note in gross income on a current basis. Original issue discount will be treated as accruing for these purposes on a ratable basis or, at the election of the holder, on a constant yield basis based on daily compounding.

Second, regardless of whether you are a cash-basis or accrual-basis holder, if you are the holder of a short-term note you may elect to accrue any “acquisition discount” with respect to the note on a current basis. Acquisition discount is the excess of the remaining redemption amount of the note at the time of acquisition over the purchase price. Acquisition discount will be treated as accruing ratably or, at the election of the holder, under a constant yield method based on daily compounding. If you elect to accrue acquisition discount, the original issue discount rules will not apply.

Finally, the market discount rules described below will not apply to short-term notes.

Premium

If you purchase a note at a cost greater than the note's remaining redemption amount, you will be considered to have purchased the note at a premium, and you may elect to amortize the premium as an offset to interest income, using a constant yield method, over the remaining term of the note. If you make this election, it generally will apply to all debt instruments that you hold at the time of the election, as well as any debt instruments that you subsequently acquire. In addition, you may not revoke the election without the consent of the Internal Revenue Service. If you elect to amortize the premium, you will be required to reduce your tax basis in the note by the amount of the premium amortized during your holding period. Original issue discount notes purchased at a premium will not be subject to the original issue discount rules described above. In the case of premium on a foreign currency note, you should calculate the amortization of the premium in the foreign currency. Premium amortization deductions attributable to a period reduce interest income in respect of that period, and therefore are translated into U.S. dollars at the rate that you use for interest payments in respect of that period. Exchange gain or loss will be realized with respect to amortized premium on a foreign currency note based on the difference between the exchange rate computed on the date or dates the premium is amortized against interest payments on the note and the exchange rate on the date the holder acquired the note. If you do not elect to amortize premium, the amount of premium will be included in your tax basis in the note. Therefore, if you do not elect to amortize premium and you hold the note to Maturity, you generally will be required to treat the premium as capital loss when the note matures.

Market Discount

If you purchase a note at a price that is lower than the note's remaining redemption amount (or in the case of an original issue discount note, the note's adjusted issue price), by 0.25% or more of the remaining redemption amount (or adjusted issue price), multiplied by the number of remaining whole years to maturity, the note will be considered to bear "market discount" in your hands. In this case, any gain that you realize on the disposition of the note generally will be treated as ordinary interest income to the extent of the market discount that accrued on the note during your holding period. In addition, you may be required to defer the deduction of a portion of the interest paid on any indebtedness that you incurred or continued to purchase or carry the note. In general, market discount will be treated as accruing ratably over the term of the note, or, at your election, under a constant yield method. You must accrue market discount on a foreign currency note in the specified currency. The amount that you will be required to include in income in respect of accrued market discount will be the U.S. dollar value of the accrued amount, generally calculated at the exchange rate in effect on the date that you dispose of the note.

You may elect to include market discount in gross income currently as it accrues (on either a ratable or constant yield basis), in lieu of treating a portion of any gain realized on a sale of the note as ordinary income. If you elect to include market discount on a current basis, the interest deduction deferral rule described above will not apply. If you do make such an election, it will apply to all market discount debt instruments that you acquire on or after the first day of the first taxable year to which the election applies. The election may not be revoked without the consent of the Internal Revenue Service. Any accrued market discount on a foreign currency note that is currently includible in income will be translated into U.S. dollars at the average exchange rate for the accrual period (or portion thereof within the holder's taxable year).

Indexed Notes and Other Notes Providing for Contingent Payments

Special rules govern the tax treatment of debt obligations that provide for contingent payments (“contingent debt obligations”). These rules generally require accrual of interest income on a constant yield basis in respect of contingent debt obligations at a yield determined at the time of issuance of the obligation, and may require adjustments to these accruals when any contingent payments are made. We will provide a detailed description of the tax considerations relevant to U.S. holders of any contingent debt obligations in the pricing supplement.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

The paying agent must file information returns with the United States Internal Revenue Service in connection with note payments made to certain United States persons. If you are a United States person, you generally will not be subject to United States backup withholding tax on such payments if you provide your taxpayer identification number to the paying agent. You may also be subject to information reporting and backup withholding tax requirements with respect to the proceeds from a sale of the notes. If you are not a United States person, you may have to comply with certification procedures to establish that you are not a United States person in order to avoid information reporting and backup withholding tax requirements.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Distribution

We may offer the notes on a continuous basis through agents that have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to solicit orders. The terms and conditions contained in the agency agreement, dated November 3, 2014 (the “Agency Agreement”), and any terms agreement entered into thereunder will govern these selling efforts. The agents who have entered into this agreement with us are listed on page S-2.

We will pay the agents a commission that will be negotiated at the time of sale. Generally, the commission will take the form of a discount, which may vary based on the maturity of the notes offered and is expected to range from 0.125% to 0.650% of the principal amount (but may be outside that range, and will, in any event, be specified in the applicable pricing supplement).

In addition to the agents listed on page S-2, we may sell notes through other agents who execute the forms and receive the confirmations required by the Agency Agreement. The applicable pricing supplement will specify the agents and their commission.

We have the right to accept orders or reject proposed purchases in whole or in part. The agents also have the right, using their reasonable discretion, to reject any proposed purchase of notes in whole or in part.

We may also sell notes to agents as principal, *i.e.*, for their own accounts. These notes may be resold in one or more transactions, including negotiated transactions, at a fixed public offering price or at varying prices. The pricing supplement relating to these notes will specify the purchase price paid by the agents and, if the notes are to be resold at a fixed public offering price, the initial public offering price and the underwriting discounts and commissions. Unless the pricing supplement specifies otherwise, any note purchased by an agent as principal will be purchased at 100% of the principal amount of the note minus a percentage equal to the commission applicable to an agency sale of a note of identical maturity. These notes may be sold to other dealers. The agents and dealers may allow concessions, which will be described in the pricing supplement. Such concessions may not be in excess of those concessions received by such agent from us. After the initial public offering of the notes, the public offering price, the concession and the discount may be changed.

The notes will generally not have an established trading market when issued. The agents may make a market in the notes, but are not obligated to do so and may discontinue any market-making at any time without notice. We cannot assure you that a secondary market will be established for any series of notes, or that any of them will be sold. The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange, unless otherwise indicated in the pricing supplement.

In order to facilitate the offering of the notes, the stabilizing manager or any person acting for the stabilizing manager may engage in transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the notes issued under the program at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail for a limited period after the issue date. In particular, the stabilizing manager or any person acting for it may:

- over-allot in connection with the offering, *i.e.*, offer and apportion more of the notes than the agents have, creating a short position in the notes for their own accounts;
- bid for and purchase notes in the open market to cover over-allotments or to stabilize the price of the notes; or

- if the stabilizing manager or any person acting on its behalf repurchases previously-distributed notes, reclaim selling concessions which they gave to dealers when they sold the notes.

Any of these activities may stabilize or maintain the market price of the notes above independent market levels. The stabilizing manager or any person acting on its behalf are not required to engage in these activities, and, if they do, they may discontinue them at any time and they must be brought to an end after a limited period. Such stabilizing shall be in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and rules.

We may agree to reimburse the agents for certain expenses incurred in connection with the offering of the notes. The agents and their affiliates may engage in transactions with and perform services for us in the ordinary course of business.

We have agreed to indemnify the agents against certain liabilities, including certain liabilities under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 (the Securities Act). The agents, whether acting as agent or principal, and any dealer that offers the notes, may be deemed to be “underwriters” within the meaning of the Securities Act.

Some of the agents and their affiliates have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or may in the future receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the agents and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. Certain of the agents or their affiliates that have a lending relationship with us routinely hedge their credit exposure to us consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, such agents and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in our securities, including potentially the notes offered hereby. Any such short positions could adversely affect future trading prices of the notes offered hereby. The agents and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

A form of pricing supplement is attached as Annex A to this prospectus supplement.

Selling Restrictions

Each of the agents has represented and agreed, and each further agent appointed under the series will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or delivered and will not offer, sell or deliver any of the notes (“Notes”) directly or indirectly, or distribute this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus or any other offering material relating to the notes, in or from any jurisdiction except under circumstances that will result in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations thereof and that will not impose any obligations on us except as set forth in the terms agreement.

European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a “Relevant Member State”), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the “Relevant Implementation Date”), an offer to the public of any Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Prospectus as completed by the final terms in relation thereto (the “Offer Notes”) may not be made in that Relevant Member State, except that an offer to the public in that Relevant Member State of any Offer Notes may be made at any time with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date under the following exemptions under the Prospectus Directive, if they have been implemented in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) if the final terms in relation to the Offer Notes specify that an offer of those Offer Notes may be made other than pursuant to Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State (a “Non-exempt Offer”), following the date of publication of a prospectus in relation to such Offer Notes which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, provided that any such prospectus has subsequently been completed by the final terms contemplating such Non-exempt Offer, in accordance with the Prospectus Directive in the period beginning and ending on the dates specified in such prospectus or final terms, as applicable and the Issuer has consented in writing to its use for the purpose of that Non-exempt Offer;
- (b) to legal entities which are qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- (c) to fewer than 100, or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provisions of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior consent of the Lead Agent for any such offer; or
- (d) in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Offer Notes referred to in (b) to (d) above shall require the Issuer or any Agent to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an “offer to the public” in relation to any Offer Notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and any Offer Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for any Offer Notes, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State, the expression “Prospectus Directive” means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State and the expression “2010 PD Amending Directive” means Directive 2010/73/EU.

This EEA selling restriction is in addition to any other selling restrictions set out in this Prospectus.

United Kingdom

This communication is only being distributed to and is only directed at (i) persons who are outside the United Kingdom or (ii) investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the “Order”) or (iii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (all such persons together being referred to as “relevant persons”). The Notes are only available to, and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or otherwise acquire such notes will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents.

Each Agent has represented, warranted and agreed, and each further Agent appointed under the series will be required to represent, warrant and agree, that:

- (a) in relation to any notes which have a maturity of less than one year, (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any notes other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the notes would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the FSMA by SEK;
- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the “FSMA”)) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this supplement in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to SEK; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.”

Italy

The offering of the Notes has not been registered with the *Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa* (CONSOB), in accordance with Italian securities legislation. Accordingly, the Notes may not, and will not, be offered, sold or delivered and copies of this offering document or any other document relating to the Notes may not, and will not, be distributed in Italy except (i) to qualified investors (*investitori qualificati*), as defined in Article 26, paragraph 1, letter d) of CONSOB Regulation No. 16190 of October 29, 2007, as amended (the “Intermediaries Regulation”), pursuant to Article 100, paragraph 1, letter a) of Legislative Decree No. 58 of February 24, 1998, as amended (the “Consolidated Financial Act”) and Article 34-ter, paragraph 1, letter b) of CONSOB Regulation No. 11971 of May 14, 1999, as amended (the “Issuers’ Regulation”); or (ii) in any other circumstances where an express exemption from compliance with the restrictions on offers to the public applies, including, without limitation, as provided under Article 100 of the Consolidated Financial Act and Article 34-ter of the Issuers’ Regulation.

Any offer, sale or delivery of the Notes or distribution of copies of this offering document or any other document relating to the Notes in Italy under (i) or (ii) above must be effected in

accordance with all Italian securities, tax, exchange control and other applicable laws and regulations and, in particular, must be made: (i) by investment firms, banks or financial intermediaries permitted to conduct such activities in Italy in accordance with Legislative Decree No. 385 of September 1, 1993 (the “Banking Law”), the Consolidated Financial Act, the Issuers’ Regulation and the Intermediaries Regulation, each as amended from time to time; (ii) in compliance with Article 129 of the Banking Law and the implementing guidelines of the Bank of Italy, as amended from time to time, pursuant to which the Bank of Italy may request information on the offering or issue of securities in Italy; and (iii) in compliance with any other applicable laws and regulations or requirement that may be, from time to time, imposed by the Bank of Italy, CONSOB or other Italian authority.

Any investor purchasing the Notes in this offering is exclusively responsible for ensuring that any offer or resale of the Notes it purchased in this offering occurs in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. No person resident or located in Italy other than the original recipients of this document may rely on this document or its contents.

This offering document, any other document relating to the Notes, and the information contained therein are intended only for the use of its recipient and, unless in circumstances which are exempted from the rules governing offers of securities to the public pursuant to Article 100 of the Consolidated Financial Act and Article 34-*ter* of the Issuers’ Regulation, are not to be distributed, for any reason, to any third party resident or located in Italy.

Hong Kong

The Notes may not be offered or sold by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer or invitation to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong) or the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong), or (ii) to “professional investors” within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder, or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a “prospectus” within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), and no advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Notes may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Notes which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to “professional investors” within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder.

Singapore

This document has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the Notes may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the Notes be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the “SFA”), (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 275(1), or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where the Notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 by a relevant person which is: (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole

business of which is to hold investments and the entire Note capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor, securities (as defined in Section 239(1) of the SFA) of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferable within 6 months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the Notes pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 except: (1) to an institutional investor or to a relevant person defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA, or to any person arising from an offer referred to in Section 275(1A) or Section 276(4)(i)(B) of the SFA;; (2) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer; (3) where the transfer is by operation of law; or (4) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA.

Japan

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (the "Financial Instruments and Exchange Act"), and each underwriter has agreed that it will not offer or sell any notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

France

This offering document has not been submitted to the AMF for prior approval or otherwise.

The Notes have not been offered or sold and will not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to the public in France and neither this offering document nor any other offering material relating to the Notes has been distributed or caused to be distributed nor may be distributed or caused to be distributed to the public in France, except only (i) to persons licensed to provide the investment service of portfolio management for the account of third parties and/or (ii) to "qualified investors" (as defined in Article L.411-2, D.411-1 and D.411-2 of the French *Code monétaire et financier*) acting for their own account and/or (iii) to a limited circle of investors (as defined in Article L.411-2, D.411-4 of the French *Code monétaire et financier*) acting for their own.

Such "qualified investors" are notified that they must act for their own account in accordance with the terms set out by Article L.411-2 of the French *Code monétaire et financier* and by Article 211-3 of the AMF Regulations. The Notes may not be re-transferred, directly or indirectly, in France, other than in compliance with applicable laws and regulations and in particular those relating to a public offering (*i.e.*, Articles L.411-1, L.411-2, L.412-1 and L.621-8 and *seq.* of the French *Code monétaire et financier*).

Kingdom of Sweden

THIS OFFERING DOCUMENT IS NOT A PROSPECTUS AND HAS NOT BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROSPECTUS REQUIREMENTS LAID DOWN IN THE SWEDISH FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS TRADING ACT (*LAG (1991:980) OM HANDEL MED FINANSIELLA INSTRUMENT*) NOR ANY OTHER SWEDISH ENACTMENT. NEITHER THE SWEDISH FINANCIAL SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY NOR ANY OTHER SWEDISH REGULATORY BODY HAS EXAMINED, APPROVED OR REGISTERED THIS OFFERING DOCUMENT.

NO NOTES WILL BE OFFERED OR SOLD TO ANY INVESTOR IN SWEDEN EXCEPT IN CIRCUMSTANCES THAT WILL NOT RESULT IN A REQUIREMENT TO PREPARE A PROSPECTUS PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE SWEDISH FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS TRADING ACT.

[FORM OF PRICING SUPPLEMENT] [This form may be modified as necessary for each issuance of notes.]

PRICING SUPPLEMENT No. []

(To Prospectus dated November 3, 2014 and
Prospectus Supplement dated November 3 2014)

SEK

[Principal Amount]

[Face Amount]

AKTIEBOLAGET SVENSK EXPORTKREDIT (PUBL)
(Swedish Export Credit Corporation)
(Incorporated In Sweden With Limited Liability)

[TITLE OF ISSUE]

[MATURITY DATE]

[Issue Price: []]

Medium-Term Notes, Series F
Due Six Months or More From Date of Issue

The notes are issued by Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (publ) (Swedish Export Credit Corporation). The notes will mature on [MATURITY DATE]. [The notes will not be redeemable before maturity except for tax reasons] [and] [will not be entitled to the benefit of any sinking fund].

[Interest on the notes will be payable on each [MONTH/DATE] and each [MONTH/DAY] and at maturity.]

[The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange.]

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved these securities or determined whether this pricing supplement or the related prospectus supplement and prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	<u>Price to Public</u>	<u>Discounts and Commissions</u>	<u>Proceeds, before expenses</u>
Per Note	[]%	[]%	[]%
Total	[]	[]	[]

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities To Be Registered	Amount To Be Registered	Offering Price Per Unit	Aggregatet of Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
Debt securities	U.S.\$[]	[]%	U.S.\$[]	U.S.\$[]

[If you purchase any of the notes, you will also be required to pay accrued interest from [ISSUE DATE] if we deliver the notes after that date.]

[AGENT[S]] expect to deliver the notes to investors on or about [CLOSING DATE] [through the facilities of [NAME OF DEPOSITARY].

[AGENT[S]]

The date of this pricing supplement is [DATE].

ABOUT THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT

This pricing supplement is a supplement to:

- the accompanying prospectus supplement dated November 3, 2014 relating to an unlimited aggregate principal amount of our medium-term notes, series F, due six months or more from date of issue and
- the accompanying prospectus dated November 3, 2014 relating to our debt securities.

If the information in this pricing supplement differs from the information contained in the prospectus supplement or the prospectus, you should rely on the information in this pricing supplement.

You should read this pricing supplement along with the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus. All three documents contain information you should consider when making your investment decision. You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this pricing supplement, the prospectus and the prospectus supplement. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information. We and the purchasers are offering to sell the notes and seeking offers to buy the notes only in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. The information contained in this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus is current only as of its date.

INCORPORATION OF INFORMATION WE FILE WITH THE SEC

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with them. This means:

- incorporated documents are considered part of this prospectus;
- we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents;
- information in this prospectus automatically updates and supersedes information in earlier documents that are incorporated by reference in this prospectus; and
- information that we file with the SEC and which we incorporate by reference in this prospectus will automatically update and supersede information in this prospectus.

[We incorporate by reference the documents listed below, which we filed with or furnished to the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

- our annual report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, [YEAR], which we filed with the SEC on [DATE] [and]
- [our report on Form 6-K, which we furnished to the SEC on [DATE].]

We [also] incorporate by reference each of the following documents that we will file with the SEC after the date of this prospectus until we terminate the offering:

- any report on Form 6-K filed by us pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that indicates on its cover or inside cover page that we will incorporate it by reference in this prospectus; and
- reports filed under Sections 13(a), 13(c) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

You may request a copy of any filings referred to above (excluding exhibits), at no cost, by contacting us at the following address:

Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (publ)
(Swedish Export Credit Corporation)
Klarabergsviadukten 61-63
P.O. Box 194
SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden
Tel: +46-8-613-8300

DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

We will issue the notes under the indenture, as supplemented by the first supplemental indenture, the second supplemental indenture, the third supplemental indenture and the fourth supplemental indenture. The information contained in this section and in the prospectus supplement and the prospectus summarizes some of the terms of the notes and the indenture, as supplemented. This summary does not contain all of the information that may be important to you as a potential investor in the notes. You should read the indenture, the supplemental indentures and the form of the notes before making your investment decision. We have filed copies of these documents with the SEC and we have filed or will file copies of these documents at the offices of the trustee and the paying agent(s).

Aggregate Principal Amount:	[]
Issue Price:	[]%
Original Issue Date:	[]
Maturity Date:	[]
Specified Currency:	[]
Authorized Denominations:	[]
Form:	[]
Interest Rate:	[Floating/[]% per annum/Other]
Interest Payment Dates:	[]
Regular Record Dates:	[]
Floating Rate Notes:	
Base Rate:	<p>—LIBOR</p> <p>—Commercial Paper Rate</p> <p>—Treasury Rate</p> <p>—CD Rate</p> <p>—Federal Funds Rate</p> <p>—Other</p>
Index Maturity:	[]
Initial Interest Rate:	[]
Spread (+/-) or Spread Multiplier:	[]
Interest Reset Dates:	[]
Interest Determination Dates:	[]
Maximum Interest Rate:	[Specify] [None; <i>provided, however</i> , that in no event will the interest rate be higher than the maximum rate permitted by New York law, as modified by United States law of general application]
Minimum Interest Rate:	[]
Optional Redemption:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

[Initial Redemption Date:]	[]
Optional Repayment:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Indexed Note:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Foreign Currency Note:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Purchasers:	[]
Purchase Price:	[]%
[Net Proceeds, after Commissions, to us:]	[]
Closing Date:	[]
Method of Payment:	[]
Listing, if any:	[]
Securities Codes:	[]
Trustee:	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.
Paying Agent:	[]
[Luxembourg Paying Agent:]	[]
Calculation Agent:	[]
Exchange Rate Agent:	[]
Transfer Agent:	[]
Further Issues:	We may from time to time, without the consent of existing holders, create and issue further notes having the same terms and conditions as the notes being offered hereby in all respects, except for the issue date, issue price and, if applicable, the first payment of interest thereon. Additional notes issued in this manner will be consolidated with, and will form a single series with, the previously outstanding notes.
Payment of Principal and Interest:	[]
Governing Law:	The notes will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, New York law, except that matters relating to the authorization and execution of the notes by us will be governed by the law of Sweden. Furthermore, if the notes are at any time secured by property or assets in Sweden, matters relating to the enforcement of such security will be governed by the law of Sweden.
Further Information:	[]
	[OTHER]

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

[Describe distribution arrangements, if applicable.] [[All] [A portion] of the Notes will be sold outside the United States.]



AKTIEBOLAGET SVENSK EXPORTKREDIT (PUBL)

(Swedish Export Credit Corporation)
(Incorporated in Sweden with limited liability)

Debt Securities

We, Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (publ), also known as Swedish Export Credit Corporation, or SEK, may from time to time offer and sell our debt securities in amounts, at prices and on terms to be determined at the time of sale and provided in supplements to this prospectus. We may sell debt securities having an unlimited aggregate initial offering price or aggregate principal amount in the United States. The debt securities will constitute direct, unconditional and unsecured indebtedness of SEK and will rank equally in right of payment among themselves and with all our existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness, subject to applicable bankruptcy and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and to general principles of equity. The debt securities will not be obligations of the Kingdom of Sweden.

We may sell the debt securities directly, through agents designated from time to time or through underwriters. The names of any agents or underwriters will be provided in the applicable prospectus supplement(s).

You should read this prospectus and any supplements carefully. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus, any prospectus supplement or any document incorporated by reference in either of them is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of such documents.

The debt securities will be obligations of SEK. No other company or entity will be responsible for payments under the debt securities. The debt securities will not be guaranteed by any other company or entity. No other entity or company will be liable to holders of the debt securities in the event SEK defaults thereunder. The debt securities will not be obligations of, or guaranteed by, the Kingdom of Sweden or any internal division or agency thereof, and will be subject, entirely and exclusively, to the credit risk of SEK itself. The value of debt securities may be adversely affected by changes in SEK's credit ratings or credit spreads applicable to SEK's debt.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is November 3, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS	1
INCORPORATION OF INFORMATION WE FILE WITH THE SEC	1
FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS	2
ENFORCEMENT OF LIABILITIES; SERVICE OF PROCESS	3
PROSPECTUS SUMMARY	3
General	3
Swedish Export Credit Corporation	4
The Debt Securities We May Offer	4
Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges	6
USE OF PROCEEDS	6
CAPITALIZATION	7
DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES	7
General	8
Exchanges and Transfers	10
Global Securities	10
Payment and Paying Agents	12
Additional Amounts	13
Negative Pledge	13
Consolidation, Merger and Transfer of Assets	13
Modification of the Indenture	14
Events of Default	14
Defeasance	15
Optional Redemption Due to Change in Swedish Tax Treatment	16
Governing Law	16
Consent To Service	16
Other Relationships with the Trustee	17
Note Regarding Foreign Currencies	17
SWEDISH TAXATION	18

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	Page
PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION	19
Terms of Sale	19
Method of Sale	19
EXCHANGE CONTROLS AND OTHER LIMITATIONS AFFECTING SECURITY HOLDERS	20
VALIDITY OF THE DEBT SECURITIES	20
AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE	20
EXPENSES	21
EXPERTS	21
WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION	21

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus provides you with a general description of the debt securities we may offer. Each time we sell debt securities, we will provide one or more prospectus supplements (which may include pricing supplements) that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. Such prospectus supplements (including pricing supplements) may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. If the information in this prospectus differs from any prospectus supplement (including any pricing supplement), you should rely on the information in the prospectus supplement. You should read both this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement together with additional information described below under the heading “Where You Can Find More Information.”

INCORPORATION OF INFORMATION WE FILE WITH THE SEC

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with them. This means:

- incorporated documents are considered part of this prospectus;
- we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents;
- information in this prospectus automatically updates and supersedes information in earlier documents that are incorporated by reference in this prospectus; and
- information that we file with the SEC and which we incorporate by reference in this prospectus will automatically update and supersede information in this prospectus.

We incorporate by reference:

- our annual report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, which we filed with the SEC on February 24, 2014 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- our reports on Form 6-K, furnished to the SEC on January 30, April 28, June 30, July 18, October 15 and October 23, 2014 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

We also incorporate by reference each of the following documents that we will file with the SEC after the date of this prospectus until we terminate the offering:

- any report on Form 6-K filed by us pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that indicates on its cover or inside cover page that we will incorporate it by reference in this prospectus (or any part of any such report that is indicated on the cover or inside cover page thereof to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus); and
- reports filed under Sections 13(a), 13(c) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

You may request a copy of any filings referred to above (excluding exhibits), at no cost, by contacting us at the following address:

Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit (publ)
(Swedish Export Credit Corporation)
Klarabergsviadukten 61-63
P.O. Box 194
SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden
Tel: +46-8-613-8300

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following documents relating to our debt securities may contain forward-looking statements:

- this prospectus;
- any prospectus supplement;
- any pricing supplement to a prospectus supplement; and
- the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus and any prospectus supplement or pricing supplement.

We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events. These statements include but are not limited to:

- statements regarding financial projections and estimates and their underlying assumptions;
- statements regarding plans, objectives and expectations relating to future operations and services;
- statements regarding the impact of regulatory initiatives on SEK's operations;
- statements regarding general industry and macroeconomic growth rates and SEK's performance relative to them; and
- statements regarding future performance.

Forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words “expect”, “anticipate”, “believe”, “intend”, “estimate”, “should”, and similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements are based on current plans, estimates and projections, and therefore readers should not place undue reliance on them. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and SEK undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement in light of new information or future events, although SEK intends to continue to meet its ongoing disclosure obligations under the U.S. securities laws (such as the obligations to file annual reports on Form 20-F and reports on Form 6-K) and under other applicable laws. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, most of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond SEK's control. Readers are cautioned that a number of important factors could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, the following:

- Disruptions in the financial markets or economic recessions;
- Credit risk;
- Potential material weakness in our internal controls over financial reporting;
- Potential reductions in our access to international capital markets;

- Volatile or illiquid market conditions;
- The fact that our hedging strategies may not prevent losses;
- Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;
- Increasing competition;
- Operational risk;
- Natural disasters, political unrest or other events beyond our control;
- Potential changes in law or regulation; and
- Adverse developments in emerging market countries;

in each case on a local, regional, national and/or global basis. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking information contained in these documents.

ENFORCEMENT OF LIABILITIES; SERVICE OF PROCESS

We are a public company incorporated in Sweden, and all of our directors and executive officers and the experts named herein are residents of countries other than the United States. A substantial portion of our assets and all or a substantial portion of the assets of such persons are located outside the United States. As a result, it may be difficult or impossible for investors to effect service of process within the United States upon such persons or to realize against them or us upon judgments of courts of the United States predicated upon civil liabilities under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”). We have been advised by our Swedish counsel, Advokatfirman Vinge KB, that there is doubt as to the enforceability of claims in Sweden in respect of liabilities predicated solely upon the Securities Act, whether or not such claims are based upon judgments of United States courts. We have consented to service of process in The City of New York for claims based upon the indenture (as discussed below) and the debt securities we may offer.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

General

This summary provides you with a brief overview of key information concerning SEK. This summary also provides you with a brief summary of the material terms of the debt securities we may offer, to the extent we know these material terms on the date of this prospectus. For a more complete understanding of the terms of the offered debt securities, and before making your investment decision, you should carefully read:

- the remainder of this prospectus, which explains the general terms of the debt securities we may offer pursuant to this prospectus;
- any prospectus supplement, which (1) explains the specific terms of the debt securities being offered and (2) updates and changes information in this prospectus; and
- the documents referred to below under “Where You Can Find More Information.”

Swedish Export Credit Corporation

We (Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit or the Swedish Export Credit Corporation) are a “public company” under the Swedish Companies Act. We are wholly owned by the Swedish state through the Ministry of Finance (“Sweden” or the “State”).

The Swedish Export Credit Corporation was founded in 1962 in order to strengthen the competitiveness of the Swedish export industry by meeting a need for long-term credits for both exporters and their foreign customers. SEK’s objective is to engage in financing activities in accordance with the Swedish Banking and Financing Business Act and, in connection therewith, to promote the development of Swedish commerce and industry, as well as otherwise engaging in Swedish and international financing activities on commercial terms. The duration of the Swedish Export Credit Corporation is indefinite.

The following table contains certain of our key financial figures as of the dates and for the periods specified, as computed under International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (“IFRS”):

	As of or for the Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(in millions of Skr)		
Total assets	306,553.9	313,135.6	319,701.9
Total equity	14,990.3	14,379.6 (1)	13,931.8 (1)
Net profit (after taxes) (2)	1,090.1	708.8 (1)	1,399.5 (1)

(1) Adjusted, see Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements appearing in our Annual Report on Form 20-F filed on February 24, 2014.

(2) The entire profit is attributable to our shareholder.

Our principal executive office is located at Klarabergsviadukten 61-63, P.O. Box 194, SE-101 23 Stockholm, Sweden. Our telephone number is (+46) 8-613-8300.

The Debt Securities We May Offer

We may use this prospectus to offer an unlimited amount of debt securities.

We will issue the debt securities under an indenture, dated as of August 15, 1991, as supplemented by a first supplemental indenture dated as of June 2, 2004, a second supplemental indenture dated as of January 30, 2006, a third supplemental indenture dated October 23, 2008 and a fourth supplemental indenture dated March 8, 2010 (together with the first supplemental indenture, the second supplemental indenture and the third supplemental indenture, the “supplemental indentures”), each between us and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (directly or as the successor in interest to another party), which serves as the trustee thereunder. The indenture provides that the debt securities may be issued at one time, or from time to time, in one or more series.

The debt securities will be our direct, unconditional and unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness for borrowed money, subject to applicable bankruptcy and similar laws affecting creditors’ rights generally and to general principles of equity. The debt securities will not be obligations of Kingdom of Sweden.

The prospectus supplement relating to any series of debt securities will specify the terms of such debt securities.

General Indenture Provisions that Apply to the Debt Securities.

- The indenture does not limit the amount of debt securities that may be issued thereunder or under any other debt instrument.
- The indenture allows for different types of debt securities, such as fixed rate securities, floating rate securities and indexed securities, to be issued in one or more series. The indenture permits us to issue debt securities in book-entry and certificated form.
- The indenture permits us to issue debt securities in currencies other than U.S. dollars.
- The indenture allows us to merge or consolidate with another Swedish company, or convey all or substantially all of our assets to another Swedish company, so long as the transaction would not result in an event of default. If any such transaction occurs, the other company would be required to assume our obligations under the debt securities and the indenture. We would be released from all liabilities under the debt securities and the indenture when the other company assumed our responsibilities.
- The indenture permits us to elect to redeem the debt securities of any series upon the occurrence of a change in Swedish tax law requiring us to withhold amounts payable on the debt securities in respect of Swedish taxes and, as a result, to pay additional amounts.
- The indenture provides that the holders of a majority of the principal amount of the debt securities outstanding in any series may vote to change our obligations or your rights concerning those debt securities. However, changes to the financial terms of a debt security, including changes to the stated maturity date of any principal or interest, reductions in the principal amount or rate of interest or changing the place for payment of interest, cannot be made unless every holder of that security consents.
- The indenture permits us to satisfy our payment obligations under any series of debt securities at any time by depositing with the trustee sufficient amounts of cash or U.S. government securities to pay our obligations under such series when due.

Events of Default

The indenture specifies that the following shall constitute events of default with respect to the debt securities of any series:

- default for 30 days in the payment of any interest on any debt security of such series when due;
- default for 15 days in the payment of any principal or premium in respect of any debt security of such series when due;
- default for 15 days in the deposit of any sinking fund payment in respect of any debt security of such series when due;

- default in the performance of any other covenant in the indenture (other than a covenant expressly included in the indenture solely for the benefit of debt securities of a series other than such series) that has continued for 30 days after written notice thereof by the trustee or the holders of 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series;
- default resulting in the acceleration of the maturity of any of our other indebtedness for borrowed money having an aggregate principal or face amount in excess of U.S.\$10,000,000; and
- certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization.

The holders of a majority of the principal amount of outstanding debt securities of a series may, on behalf of all holders of outstanding debt securities of such series, waive a past event of default. However, no such waiver is permitted for a default in payment of principal, premium or interest in respect of any debt security of such series.

Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges

Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges(1) for the Year ended December 31,				
2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
1.54	1.23	1.47	1.38	1.21

(1) For the purpose of calculating ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings consist of net profit for the year, plus taxes and fixed charges. Fixed charges consist of SEK's interest expenses, including borrowing costs.

The ratio of earnings to fixed charges, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was 1.61.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we will use the net proceeds from the sale of debt securities for general business purposes.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets out our unaudited consolidated capitalization as of September 30, 2014. This table should be read in conjunction with the financial statements referred to elsewhere in this document.

(Skr millions)	<u>As of</u> <u>September 30, 2014</u>
Senior debt:	
Long-term	224,249.6
Short-term	54,899.9
Total senior debt(1), (2)	279,149.5
Subordinated debt:	
Long-term	1,790.8
Short-term	—
Total subordinated debt(1)	1,790.8
Equity:	
Share capital (3,990,000) shares issued and paid-up, par value Skr 1,000(3)	3,990.0
Reserves	474.7
Retained earnings	11,411.1
Total	15,875.8
Total capitalization	296,816.1

- (1) At September 30, 2014, our consolidated group had no contingent liabilities. Other than that disclosed herein, we had no other indebtedness as at September 30, 2014.
- (2) Unguaranteed and unsecured.
- (3) In accordance with our Articles of Association, SEK's share capital shall neither be less than Skr 1,500 million nor more than Skr 6,000 million.

There has been no material change in SEK's capitalization, indebtedness, contingent liabilities and guarantees since September 30, 2014.

DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

The following description of the terms of the debt securities sets forth certain general terms and provisions of the debt securities to which any prospectus supplement may relate. The particular terms of the debt securities offered by any prospectus supplement and the extent, if any, to which the following general provisions may apply to the debt securities so offered will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such debt securities.

The debt securities will be issued under an indenture, dated as of August 15, 1991, as supplemented by a first supplemental indenture dated as of June 2, 2004 a second supplemental indenture dated as of January 30, 2006, a third supplemental indenture dated as of October 23, 2008, and a fourth supplemental indenture dated as of March 8, 2010 (together with the first supplemental indenture, the second supplemental indenture and the third supplemental indenture, the "supplemental indentures"), each between us and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (directly or as the successor in interest to another party), which serves as the trustee thereunder. We have filed the indenture and each of the supplemental indentures as exhibits to, or incorporated them by reference in, the registration statement. The statements under this caption include brief summaries of the material provisions of the indenture as supplemented do not purport to be complete and are subject to, and

qualified in their entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the indenture and the supplemental indentures including the definitions in those documents of certain terms. Numerical references in parentheses below are to sections of the indenture. Whenever we refer in this document or in a prospectus supplement to particular sections of, or defined terms in, the indenture, we intend to incorporate by reference such sections or defined terms.

General

The debt securities offered by this prospectus will be in an unlimited aggregate amount or initial public offering price or purchase price. The indenture provides that we may issue debt securities in an unlimited amount thereunder from time to time in one or more series. We may originally issue the debt securities of a series all at one time or from time to time and, unless otherwise provided, we may “reopen” any outstanding series of debt securities from time to time to issue additional debt securities of such series. (*Section 301*)

The debt securities will rank equally with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness for borrowed money, subject to applicable bankruptcy and similar laws affecting creditors’ rights generally and to general principles of equity (*Section 1011*). We refer you to the prospectus supplement relating to any particular series of debt securities for the terms of such debt securities, including, where applicable:

- (i) the designation and maximum aggregate principal or face amount, if any, of such debt securities;
- (ii) the price (expressed as a percentage of the aggregate principal or face amount thereof) at which we will issue such debt securities;
- (iii) the date or dates on which such debt securities will mature;
- (iv) the currency or currencies in which we are selling such debt securities and in which we will make payments of any principal, premium or interest in respect of such debt securities, and whether the holder of any such debt security may elect the currency in which such payments are to be made and, if so, the manner of such election;
- (v) the rate or rates (which may be fixed, variable or zero) at which such debt securities will bear interest, if any;
- (vi) the date or dates from which any interest on such debt securities will accrue, the date or dates on which such interest will be payable and the date or dates on which payment of such interest will commence;
- (vii) our obligation, if any, to redeem, repay or purchase such debt securities, in whole or in part, pursuant to any sinking fund or analogous provisions or at the option of a holder of debt securities, and the periods within which or the dates on which, the prices at which and the terms and conditions upon which such debt securities shall be redeemed, repaid or purchased, in whole or in part, pursuant to such obligation;
- (viii) the periods within which or the dates on which, the prices at which and the terms and conditions upon which such debt securities may be redeemed, if any, in whole or in part, at our option or otherwise;

- (ix) whether we will issue such debt securities in whole or in part in the form of one or more global securities and, if so, the identity of the depository for such global security or securities and the terms and conditions, if any, upon which you may exchange interests in such global security or securities in whole or in part for individual debt securities;
- (x) whether we will issue any such debt securities as indexed securities (as defined below) and, if so, the manner in which the principal (or face amount) thereof or interest thereon or both, as the case may be, shall be determined, and any other terms in respect thereof;
- (xi) whether we will issue any such debt securities as discount securities (as defined below) and, if so, the portion of the principal amount thereof that shall be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof in respect of the occurrence of an event of default and the continuation thereof;
- (xii) any additional restrictive covenants or events of default provided with respect to such debt securities; and any other terms of such debt securities. (*Section 301*)

We may issue debt securities of a series in whole or in part in the form of one or more global securities, as described below under “—Global Securities.”

If we are required to pay any principal, premium or interest in respect of debt securities of any series in a currency other than U.S. dollars or in a composite currency, we will describe the restrictions, elections, federal income tax consequences, specific terms and other information with respect to such debt securities and such currency in the prospectus supplement relating thereto.

We use the term “discount security” to mean any debt security (other than a principal indexed security) that provides for an amount less than the principal amount thereof to be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof in respect of the occurrence of an event of default and the continuation thereof. (*Section 101*) We will describe the United States federal income tax consequences and other special considerations applicable to any discount securities in the prospectus supplement relating thereto.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, we use the term “indexed security” to mean any debt security that provides that the amount of principal (a “principal-indexed security”) or interest (an “interest-indexed security”), or both, payable in respect thereof shall be determined by reference to an index based on a currency or currencies or on the price or prices of one or more commodities or securities, by reference to changes in the price or prices of one or more currencies, commodities or securities or otherwise by application of a formula. (*Section 101*) We will describe the United States federal income tax consequences and other special considerations with respect to any indexed securities in the prospectus supplement relating thereto.

Unless the prospectus supplement relating thereto specifies otherwise, we will issue any registered securities denominated in U.S. dollars only in denominations of U.S.\$1,000 or integral multiples thereof. We will issue one or more global securities in a denomination or aggregate denominations equal to the aggregate principal or face amount of the outstanding debt securities of the series to be represented by such global security or securities. (*Sections 302 and 303*)

Exchanges and Transfers

At the option of the holder thereof upon request, confirmed in writing, and subject to the terms of the indenture, registered securities of any series (other than a global security, except as set forth below) will be exchangeable into an equal aggregate principal amount (or, in the case of any principal indexed security, face amount) of registered securities of such series of like tenor, but with different authorized denominations (unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement or related pricing supplement). Holders may present registered securities for exchange, and may present registered securities (other than a global security, except as provided below) for transfer (with the form of transfer endorsed thereon duly executed), at the office of the security registrar or any transfer agent or other agency we designate for such purpose, without service charge and upon payment of any taxes and other governmental charges as described in the indenture. The transfer or exchange will be effected when we and the security registrar or the transfer or other agent are satisfied with the documents of title and identity of the person making the request. We have appointed the trustee as the initial security registrar. (Section 305)

In the event of any redemption in part of the registered securities of any series, we shall not be required:

- during the period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before the day on which notice of such redemption is mailed and ending at the close of business on the day of such mailing, to issue, register the transfer of or exchange any registered security of such series having the same original issue date and terms as the registered securities called for redemption, or
- to register the transfer of or exchange any registered security, or portion thereof, called for redemption, except the unredeemed portion of any registered security we are redeeming in part. (Section 305)

Global Securities

We may issue the debt securities of a series in whole or in part in the form of one or more global securities that we will deposit with, or on behalf of, a depository identified in the prospectus supplement relating to such series. We may issue global securities in registered form and in either temporary or definitive form. Unless and until it is exchanged in whole or in part for individual debt securities, a global security may not be transferred except as a whole by the depository for such global security to a nominee of such depository or by a nominee of such depository to such depository or another nominee of such depository or by such depository or any such nominee to a successor of such depository or a nominee of such successor. (Sections 303 and 305)

We will describe the specific terms of the depository arrangement with respect to the debt securities of any series in the prospectus supplement relating to such series. We anticipate that provisions similar to the following will apply to such depository arrangements:

- Upon the issuance of a global security, the depository for such global security will credit, on its book-entry registration and transfer system, the respective principal amounts (or, in the case of principal indexed securities, face amounts) of the debt securities represented by such global security to the accounts of institutions that have accounts with such depository (“participants”).
- The accounts to be credited shall be designated by the underwriters or agents with respect to such debt securities, or by us if we offer and sell such debt securities

directly. Only participants or persons that hold interests through participants will own beneficial interests in a global security. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global security will be shown on, and the transfer of that ownership will be effected only through, records maintained by participants or persons that hold through participants. The laws of some states require that certain purchasers of securities take physical delivery of such securities. These laws and limitations on ownership may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in a global security.

- So long as the depository for a global security, or its nominee, is the owner of such global security, such depository or such nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the sole owner or holder of the individual debt securities represented by such global security for all purposes under the indenture. Except as set forth below, owners of beneficial interests in a global security will not be entitled to have any of the individual debt securities represented by such global security registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of any such individual debt securities and will not be considered the owners or holders thereof under the indenture. (*Section 305*)
- Subject to any restrictions that may be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement, any principal, premium or interest payable in respect of debt securities registered in the name of or held by a depository or its nominee will be paid to the depository or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered owner or holder of the global security representing such debt securities.
- None of the trustee for such debt securities, any paying agent, the security registrar for such debt securities or us will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests in any global security representing such debt securities or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests. (*Section 308*)
- We expect that the depository for debt securities of a series, upon receipt of any payment of principal, premium or interest in respect of a definitive global security, will immediately credit participants' accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of such global security as shown on the records of such depository. We also expect that payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in such global security held through such participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, and will be the responsibility of such participants. Receipt by owners of beneficial interests in a temporary global security of payments in respect of such temporary global security may be subject to restrictions. We will describe any such restrictions in the applicable prospectus supplement.
- If the depository for debt securities of a series is at any time unwilling or unable to continue as depository and we do not appoint a successor depository within ninety days, we will issue individual debt securities of such series in exchange for the global security or securities representing such debt securities. In addition, we may at any time and in our sole discretion determine that debt securities of a series issued in whole or in part in the form of one or more global securities shall no longer be represented by such global security or securities and, in such event, we will issue individual debt securities of such series in exchange for the global security or securities representing such debt securities. In any such instance, an owner of a beneficial interest in a global

security will be entitled to physical delivery of individual debt securities of the series represented by such global security equal in aggregate principal amount (or in the case of any principal-indexed securities, face amount) to such beneficial interest and, if the debt securities of such series are issuable as registered securities, to have such debt securities registered in its name. If the debt securities of such series are issuable as registered securities, then we will issue individual debt securities of such series as described in the foregoing sentence. Any such individual debt securities will be issued as registered securities in denominations, unless we otherwise specify, of U.S.\$ 1,000 and integral multiples thereof. *(Sections 302 and 305)*

Payment and Paying Agents

We will make payment of any principal or premium in respect of registered securities against surrender of such registered securities at the office of the trustee or its designee in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York. Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will make payment of any installment of interest on any registered security to the person in whose name such registered security is registered (which, in the case of a global security, will be the depository or its nominee) at the close of business on the regular record date for such interest payment; *provided, however*, that any interest payable at maturity will be paid to the person to whom any principal is paid. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, payments in respect of registered securities will be made in the currency designated for payment at the office of such paying agent or paying agents as we may appoint from time to time, except that any such payment may be made by check mailed to the address of the person entitled thereto as it appears in the security register, by wire transfer to an account designated by such person or by any other means acceptable to the trustee and specified in the applicable prospectus supplement. *(Section 307)*

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will appoint the office of the trustee or its designee in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, as our sole paying agent for payments in respect of the debt securities of any series that are issuable solely as registered securities. Any other paying agent we initially appoint for the debt securities of a series will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. We may at any time designate additional paying agents or terminate the appointment of any paying agent or approve a change in the office through which any paying agent acts, except that we will maintain at least one paying agent in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, for payments in respect of registered securities. *(Section 1002)*

Any payment we are required to make in respect of a debt security at any place of payment on a date that is not a business day need not be made at such place of payment on such date, but may be made on the first succeeding business day with the same force and effect as if made on such date, and no additional interest shall accrue as a result of such delayed payment. *(Section 113)*

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, we use the term “business day” with respect to any place of payment or other location, each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is a day on which commercial banks in such place of payment or other location are generally open for business or, when used with respect to any Place of Payment with respect to any Debt Securities denominated in Euro, means any date on which the Trans-European Automated Gross Settlement Express Transfer System (TARGET) is operating credit or transfer instructions in respect of payments in Euro. *(Section 101)*

All moneys we pay to a paying agent for the payment of any principal, premium or interest in respect of any debt security that remain unclaimed at the end of two years after such principal, premium or interest shall have become due and payable will be repaid to us, and the holder of such debt security will thereafter look only to us for payment thereof. *(Section 1003)*

Additional Amounts

We will make any payments of principal, premium or interest in respect of any debt security without deduction or withholding for or on account of any present or future taxes, assessments or other governmental charges imposed on such debt security or the holder thereof, or by reason of the making of any such payment, by Sweden or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, if we are required by law to make any such deduction or withholding, we will pay such additional amounts as may be necessary so that every net payment in respect of such debt security paid to the holder thereof will not be less than the amount provided for in such debt security and in the indenture, to be then due and payable; *provided* that:

- such holder is not otherwise liable to taxation in Sweden in respect of such payment by reason of any relationship with or activity within Sweden other than his ownership of such debt security or his receiving payment in respect thereof; and
- no such additional amount will be paid:
 - with respect to any debt security if the holder thereof is able to avoid such withholding by making a declaration of non-residence or other similar claim for exemption to the relevant tax authority, or
 - where the withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to the European Union Directive on the taxation of savings adopted June 3, 2003 (implementing the conclusions of the Economics and Financial Council meeting of November 26-27, 2000) or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive. (*Section 1007*)

Negative Pledge

So long as any debt securities are outstanding, we will not and will not permit any Subsidiary (as defined in the indenture) to secure or allow to be secured any indebtedness for money borrowed now or hereafter existing by any mortgage, lien (other than a lien arising by operation of law), pledge, charge or other encumbrance upon any of our or any Subsidiary's present or future revenues or assets (except for any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge or other encumbrance on property purchased by us or any Subsidiary as security for all or part of the purchase price thereof) without at the same time affording the debt securities the same or equivalent security therefor. (*Section 1010*)

Consolidation, Merger and Transfer of Assets

We may not consolidate with or merge into, or convey, transfer or lease our properties and assets substantially as an entirety to, any person, and may not permit any person to consolidate with or merge into, or convey, transfer or lease its properties and assets substantially as an entirety to, us, unless:

- (i) in the event that we consolidate with or merge into, or convey, transfer or lease our properties and assets substantially as an entirety to, any person, such person is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Sweden and such person expressly assumes our obligations on the debt securities and under the indenture;

- (ii) immediately after giving effect to the transaction, no event of default and no event that, after notice or lapse of time or both, would become an event of default shall have occurred and be continuing; and
- (iii) certain other conditions are met. (*Section 801*)

Modification of the Indenture

The indenture permits us and the trustee, with the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount (or, in the case of any principal-indexed security, face amount) of the outstanding debt securities affected thereby, to execute a supplemental indenture modifying the indenture or the rights of the holders of such debt securities; *provided* that no such modification shall, without the consent of the holder of each debt security affected thereby:

- change the stated maturity of any principal or interest in respect of any debt security, or reduce the principal amount (or, in the case of any principal-indexed security, face amount) thereof, or reduce the rate or change the time of payment of any interest thereon, or change the manner in which the amount of any payment of any principal, premium or interest in respect of any indexed security is determined, or change any place of payment or change the currency in which a debt security is payable or affect the right of any holder to institute suit for the enforcement of payment in accordance with the foregoing; or
- reduce the aforesaid percentage of principal amount (or, in the case of any principal-indexed security, face amount) of debt securities, the consent of the holders of which is required for any such modification. (*Section 902*)

Events of Default

The indenture provides that the following shall constitute events of default with respect to the debt securities of any series:

- (i) default for 30 days in the payment of any interest on any debt security of such series when due;
- (ii) default for 15 days in the payment of any principal or premium in respect of any debt security of such series when due;
- (iii) default for 15 days in the deposit of any sinking fund payment in respect of any debt security of such series when due;
- (iv) default in the performance of any other covenant in the indenture (other than a covenant expressly included in the indenture solely for the benefit of debt securities of a series other than such series) that has continued for 30 days after written notice thereof by the trustee or the holders of 25% in aggregate principal amount (or, in the case of any principal indexed security, face amount) of the outstanding debt securities of such series;
- (v) default resulting in the acceleration of the maturity of any of our other indebtedness for borrowed money having an aggregate principal or face amount in excess of U.S.\$ 10,000,000; and
- (vi) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization. (*Section 501*)

We are required to file with the trustee annually a certificate of our principal executive officer, principal financial officer or principal accounting officer stating whether we have complied with all conditions and covenants under the indenture. (*Section 1008*).

The indenture provides that if an event of default with respect to the debt securities of any series at the time outstanding shall occur and be continuing, either the trustee or the holders of 25% in aggregate principal amount (or, in the case of any principal-indexed security, face amount) of the outstanding debt securities of such series may declare the principal amount (or, in the case of any discount securities or indexed securities, such portion of the principal amount thereof as may be specified in the terms thereof) of all such debt securities together with any accrued but unpaid interest, to be due and payable immediately. (*Section 502*) In certain cases, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount (or, in the case of any principal-indexed security, face amount) of the outstanding debt securities of any series may, on behalf of the holders of all such debt securities, waive any past default or event of default, with certain exceptions, including for any default not previously cured in payment of any principal, premium or interest in respect of the debt securities of such series. (*Sections 502 and 513*)

The indenture contains a provision entitling the trustee, subject to the duty of the trustee during default to act with the required standard of care, to be indemnified by the holders of the debt securities of any series before proceeding to exercise any right or power under the indenture with respect to such series at the request of such holders. (*Section 603*) The indenture provides that no holder of any debt security of any series may institute any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, to enforce the indenture, except in the case of failure of the trustee, for 60 days, to act after the trustee is given notice of default, a request to enforce the indenture by the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount (or, in the case of any principal-indexed security, face amount) of the then outstanding debt securities of such series and an offer of reasonable indemnity to such trustee. (*Section 507*) This provision will not prevent any holder of debt securities from enforcing payment of any principal, premium or interest in respect thereof at the respective due dates for such payments. (*Section 508*) The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount (or, in the case of any principal-indexed security, face amount) of the outstanding debt securities of any series may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceedings for any remedy available to the trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee with respect to the debt securities of such series. However, the trustee may refuse to follow any direction that conflicts with law or the indenture, or which would be unjustly prejudicial to holders not joining in such action. (*Section 512*)

The indenture provides that the trustee will, within 90 days after the occurrence of a default with respect to the debt securities of any series known to the trustee, give to the holders of debt securities of such series notice of such default if not cured or waived, but, except in the case of a default in the payment of any principal, premium or interest in respect of any debt securities, the trustee may withhold such notice if it determines in good faith that withholding such notice is in the interests of the holders of such debt securities. (*Section 602*)

Defeasance

If so specified in the prospectus supplement relating to the debt securities of any series, we may terminate certain of our obligations under the indenture with respect to all or a portion of such debt securities, on the terms and subject to the conditions contained in the indenture, by depositing in trust with the trustee money or U.S. government securities sufficient to pay any principal, premium or

interest in respect of such debt securities to stated maturity. It is a condition to such deposit and termination that we deliver:

- (i) an opinion of independent United States tax counsel that the holders of such debt securities will have no United States federal income tax consequences as a result of such deposit and termination; and
- (ii) if such debt securities are then listed on any national securities exchange, an opinion of counsel that such debt securities will not be delisted as a result of the exercise of this option.

Such termination will not relieve us of our obligation to pay when due any principal, premium or interest in respect of such debt securities if such debt securities are not paid from the cash or U.S. government securities held by the trustee for the payment thereof. (*Section 1301*)

Optional Redemption Due to Change in Swedish Tax Treatment

In addition to any redemption provisions that may be specified in the prospectus supplement relating to the debt securities of any series, if, at any time subsequent to the issuance of debt securities of any series, any tax, assessment or other governmental charge shall be imposed by Sweden or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein, as a result of which we shall become obligated under the indenture to pay any additional amount in respect of any debt security of such series (the determination as to whether payment of such additional amount would be required on account of such debt security being made by us on the basis of the evidence in our possession in respect of the interest payment date or other payment date immediately preceding the date of such determination and on the basis of the treaties and laws in effect on the date of such determination or, if we so elect, those to become effective on or before the first succeeding interest payment date or other payment date), then we shall have the option to redeem such debt security and all other debt securities of such series having the same original issue date and terms as such debt security, as a whole, at any time (except that debt securities that bear interest at a floating rate shall only be redeemable on an interest payment date). Any such redemption shall be at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest, if any, to the redemption date (except in the case of discount securities and indexed securities, which may be redeemed at the redemption price specified in such securities); *provided, however*, that at the time notice of any such redemption is given, our obligation to pay such additional amount shall remain in effect. (*Section 1108*)

Governing Law

The indenture, the supplemental indentures and the debt securities will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the State of New York, except that matters relating to our authorization and execution of the indenture, the supplemental indentures and the debt securities shall be governed by the law of Sweden. If the debt securities are at any time secured by property or assets in Sweden, matters relating to such security and the enforcement thereof in Sweden, shall be governed by the law of Sweden. (*Section 112*)

Consent To Service

Under the Indenture, we have irrevocably designated Business Sweden in The City of New York as our authorized agent under the indenture for service of process in any legal action or proceeding arising out of or relating to the indenture, the supplemental indentures, or the debt securities brought in any federal or State court in The City of New York. Under the Indenture, we

have irrevocably submitted to the jurisdiction of such courts in any such action or proceeding.
(Section 115)

Other Relationships with the Trustee

We maintain banking relationships in the ordinary course of business with the trustee.

Note Regarding Foreign Currencies

Notwithstanding any other provision of the indenture, (i) other than with respect to bearer securities, holders requesting or receiving payments in any currency other than U.S. dollars for any reason must provide wire transfer instructions to the trustee for an account in the relevant currency not less than 15 calendar days prior to the first relevant date of payment, and (ii) we must consult with the trustee regarding the appropriateness of any exchange rate agent and/or paying agent for each series of debt securities denominated in, or subject to redenomination into, a currency other than U.S. dollars.

SWEDISH TAXATION

The following summary outlines certain Swedish tax consequences relating to holders of debt securities that are not considered to be Swedish residents for Swedish tax purposes, unless otherwise stated. The summary is based on the laws of the Kingdom of Sweden as currently in effect and is intended to provide general information only. The summary does not address, *inter alia*, situations where debt securities are held in an investment savings account (*investeringssparkonto*) or the rules regarding reporting obligations for, among others, payers of interest. Investors should consult their professional tax advisers regarding the Swedish tax and other tax consequences (including the applicability and effect of tax treaties for the avoidance of double taxation) of acquiring, owning and disposing of debt securities in their particular circumstances.

Holders not resident in Sweden

Payments of any principal amount or any amount that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes to the holder of any debt security should not be subject to Swedish income tax, provided that such a holder is not resident in Sweden for Swedish tax purposes and provided that such a holder does not have a permanent establishment in Sweden to which the debt securities are effectively connected.

However and somewhat simplified, provided that the value or the return of the debt securities is related to securities taxed as shares, private individuals who have been residents of Sweden or have had a habitual abode in Sweden at any time during the calendar year of disposal or redemption or the ten calendar years preceding the year of disposal or redemption, are liable for capital gains taxation in Sweden upon disposal or redemption of such debt securities. In a number of cases though, the applicability of this rule is limited by the applicable tax treaty for the avoidance of double taxation.

Swedish withholding tax, or Swedish tax deduction, is not imposed on payments of any principal amount or any amount that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes, except for certain payments of interest (and other return on debt securities) to a private individual (or an estate of a deceased individual) with residence in Sweden for Swedish tax purposes (see “Holders resident in Sweden” below).

Holders resident in Sweden

Generally, for Swedish corporations and private individuals (and estates of deceased individuals) with residence in Sweden for Swedish tax purposes, all capital income (e.g. income that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes and capital gains on debt securities) will be taxable. Specific tax consequences, however, may be applicable to certain categories of corporations, e.g. life insurance companies. Further, specific tax consequences may be applicable if, and to the extent, a holder of debt securities realizes a capital loss on the debt securities and to any currency exchange gains or losses.

If amounts that are considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes are paid by a legal entity domiciled in Sweden, including a Swedish branch of a non-Swedish corporation, to a private individual (or an estate of a deceased individual) with residence in Sweden for Swedish tax purposes, Swedish preliminary taxes are normally withheld by the legal entity on such payments. Swedish preliminary taxes should normally also be withheld on other returns on debt securities (but not capital gains), if the return is paid out together with such a payment of interest referred to above.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Terms of Sale

We will describe the terms of a particular offering of debt securities in the applicable prospectus supplement, including the following:

- the name or names of any underwriters or agents;
- the purchase price of the debt securities;
- the proceeds to us from the sale;
- any underwriting discounts and other items constituting underwriters' compensation;
- any initial public offering price of the debt securities;
- any concessions allowed or reallocated or paid to dealers; and
- any securities exchanges on which such debt securities may be listed.

Any underwriters, dealers or agents participating in a sale of debt securities may be considered to be underwriters under the Securities Act. Furthermore, any discounts or commissions received by them may be considered to be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act. We have agreed to indemnify any agents and underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. The agents and underwriters may also be entitled to contribution from us for payments they make relating to these liabilities.

Method of Sale

We may sell the debt securities in any of three ways:

- through underwriters or dealers;
- directly to one or more purchasers; or
- through agents.

If we use underwriters in a sale, they will acquire the debt securities for their own account and may resell them in one or more transactions, including negotiated transactions, at a fixed public offering price or at varying prices determined at the time of sale. We may offer the debt securities to the public either through underwriting syndicates represented by managing underwriters or directly through underwriters. The obligations of the underwriters to purchase a particular offering of debt securities may be subject to conditions. The underwriters will also be obligated to purchase all the debt securities of an issue if any are purchased. Any initial public offering price or any concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers may be changed. Please see “—Expenses” below for a description of our expected expenses in the offering of debt securities.

We may also sell the debt securities directly or through agents. Any agent will be named and any commissions payable to the agent by us will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. Any agent will act on a reasonable best efforts basis for the period of its appointment unless the applicable prospectus supplement states otherwise.

We may authorize underwriters or dealers to solicit offers by certain institutions to purchase a particular offering of debt securities at the public offering price set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement (a pricing supplement) using delayed delivery contracts. These contracts provide for payment and delivery on one or more specified dates in the future. The applicable prospectus supplement will describe the commission payable for solicitation and the terms and conditions of these contracts.

Agents and underwriters may be customers of, engage in transactions with, or perform services for us in the ordinary course of business. Agents and underwriters may also be counterparties to swaps, which we enter into to hedge our obligations under the debt securities. There may be certain conflicts of interest between agents and underwriters that act as swap counterparties and investors in the debt securities.

EXCHANGE CONTROLS AND OTHER LIMITATIONS AFFECTING SECURITY HOLDERS

No approvals are necessary under Swedish law to enable us, at the times and in the manner provided or to be provided in the debt securities we may offer, or in the indenture, to acquire and transfer out of Sweden all amounts necessary to pay in full all amounts payable thereunder, and no approval of Sveriges Riksbank would be required for prepayment of any debt securities. Under Swedish law and our articles of association, there are no limitations on the right of persons who are not residents of Sweden or persons who are not citizens of Sweden to own or hold the debt securities offered hereby.

VALIDITY OF THE DEBT SECURITIES

The following persons will give opinions regarding the validity of the debt securities:

- *For us:* Advokatfirman Vinge KB; and
- *For the underwriters and agents, if any:* Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP.

As to all statements in this prospectus with respect to Swedish law, Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP will rely on the opinion of Advokatfirman Vinge KB.

Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP has provided legal services to us from time to time, including in connection with the establishment of this debt securities program.

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

Our authorized representative in the United States is Business Sweden, 220 E. 42nd Street, Suite 409A, New York, NY 10017.

EXPENSES

The table below sets forth the estimated expenses to be paid by us in connection with the issuance and distribution of an assumed aggregate principal amount of \$5,000,000,000 of debt securities. The assumed amount has been used to demonstrate the expenses of an offering and does not represent an estimate of the amount of debt securities that may be registered or distributed because such amount is unknown at this time.

Legal fees and expenses	U.S.\$	200,000
Accounting fees and expenses		100,000
Printing and engraving expenses		50,000
Miscellaneous		200,000
Total	U.S.\$	550,000

As a “well-known seasoned issuer” (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act), upon each offering of debt securities made under this prospectus we will pay a registration fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission at the prescribed rate. We will offset against these fees an aggregate amount of U.S.\$79,684.93 representing registration fees placed on account in respect of our previous Registration Statement on Form F-3 (No. 333-178202). We expect that the agents or underwriters through which our debt securities are offered and sold will reimburse us for the registration fees we pay. As a result, we have not included such fees in the above table.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013 appearing in Aktiebolaget Svensk Exportkredit’s Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2013, have been audited by Ernst & Young AB, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report thereon, included therein, and incorporated herein by reference. Such consolidated financial statements are incorporated herein by reference, in reliance upon such report given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

This prospectus is part of a registration statement on Form F-3 that we have filed with the SEC using a shelf registration process. This prospectus does not contain all of the information provided in the registration statement. For further information, you should refer to the registration statement.

We file reports and other information with the SEC. You can request copies of these documents, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by writing to the SEC. You may also read and copy these documents at the SEC’s public reference room in Washington, D.C. at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549.

Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on its public reference rooms, including those in New York and Chicago. Our SEC filings are also available on the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Issuer

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Pricing Supplement	
About This Pricing Supplement.....	P-1
Incorporation of Information We File with the SEC....	P-3
Risk Factors	P-4
Description of the Notes	P-6
Use of Proceeds.....	P-10
Plan of Distribution	P-10
Validity of the Notes	P-12
General Information	P-12
Clearance Through DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.....	P-14
Prospectus Addendum	
Risk Factors	PA-1
Description of Medium-Term Notes.....	PA-4
Prospectus Supplement	
About this Prospectus Supplement	S-1
Summary Description of the Notes.....	S-2
Swedish Export Credit Corporation	S-2
Risks Associated with Foreign Currency Notes and Indexed Notes.....	S-5
Currency Exchange Information.....	S-8
Description of the Notes	S-9
United States Federal Income Tax Considerations...	S-30
Plan of Distribution	S-37
Prospectus	
About this Prospectus	1
Incorporation of Information We File with the SEC....	1
Forward-Looking Statements	2
Enforcement of Liabilities; Service of Process	3
Prospectus Summary	3
Use of Proceeds.....	6
Capitalization.....	7
Description of Debt Securities.....	7
Swedish Taxation.....	18
Plan of Distribution	19
Exchange Controls and Other Limitations Affecting Security Holders.....	20
Validity of the Debt Securities	20
Authorized Representative.....	20
Expenses	21
Experts.....	21
Where You Can Find More Information	21

US\$500,000,000

AKTIEBOLAGET SVENSK EXPORTKREDIT (PUBL) (Swedish Export Credit Corporation)

Floating Rate Global Notes
Due October 2018

SEK

Joint Lead Managers

**Crédit Agricole CIB
Deutsche Bank
Scotiabank**