



Protecting Consumers, Investors and SMEs during Covid-19

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The scale of the challenge

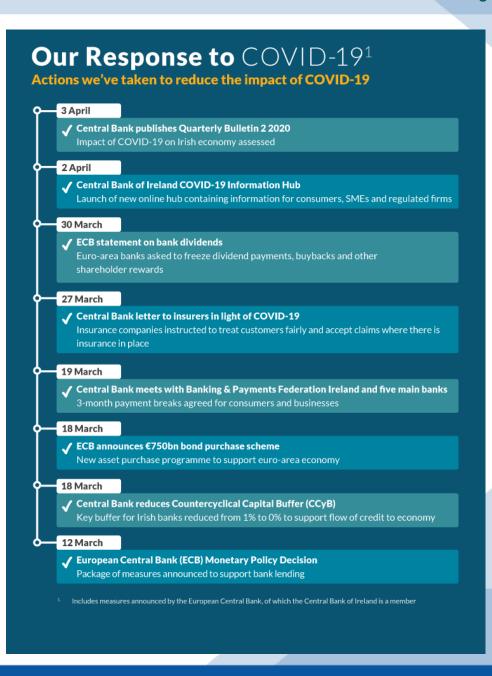
	2018	2019°	2020 ^f
Real Economic Activity			
(% change)			
Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	8.2	5.5	-8.3
Personal Consumer Expenditure	3.4	2.8	-9.0
Underlying Investment	13	2.2	-24.3
Public Consumption	4.4	5.5	7.5
Underlying Domestic Demand	5.3	3.2	-8.9



Our response to date

- ECB has increased Pandemic Emergency Purchase Programme to €1.35 trillion and made €3 trillion in liquidity available at negative interest rates
- Central Bank has released certain bank capital buffers
- European Banking Authority guidance on payment breaks
 - Breaks don't trigger classification as forbearance or distressed
 restructuring subject to certain conditions being met
- These unprecedented measures are designed to
 - > Ensure credit can continue to flow to consumers and businesses
 - > Enable all sectors of the economy absorb the shock

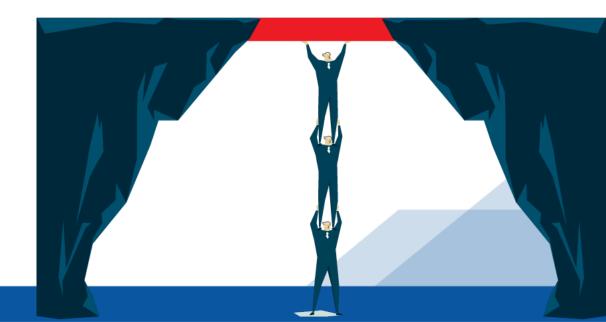




Loan payment breaks during the pandemic

- Payment breaks of up to six months are available for consumers and businesses
- Lenders must give customers sufficient information on how payment breaks operate
- Borrowers to be given option to repay the loan within remaining term /extend the term
- Breaks not specifically identified on borrower's credit report on the Central Credit Register
- Not all borrowers may be able to repay their loans when breaks expire. In such cases, we expect lenders to:
 - Ensure appropriate solutions, including forbearance, are available and to engage with borrowers
 - Assess prudently the level of distress in their loan books and in provisioning levels





Insurance cover

- Most policy wordings are clear in terms of what cover is provided and what is excluded
 - > Where there is a doubt about the meaning of a term, the interpretation most favourable to the consumer should prevail
 - The Government advice to close a business in the context of COVID-19 should be treated as a direction
- Central Bank conducting extensive, detailed and robust programme of work
- We will hold leadership teams accountable for overseeing whether or not claims are covered





Investor protection

- Essential that funds manage liquidity risk effectively and in a manner that is transparent to their investors
- Central Bank providing appropriate leeway to firms on certain reporting obligations in recognition of the current circumstances
- Firms must ensure that communications to clients and potential clients prominently explain the potential disadvantages and risks
- Products that may have previously been considered suitable for sale to retail clients may no longer be suitable in the current climate







Effective culture more important than ever

- Effective culture, in which people are able to speak truth to power, lives and breathes in every part of a firm
- Compliance professionals and employees at all levels empowered to provide senior management with an honest appraisal of risks
- Employees empowered to raise questions of ethics
- Evidence that effective culture is essential to the sustainability of financial services firms



