



# Credit Union Lending John Meagher

### **Credit Union – Lending Through Covid**

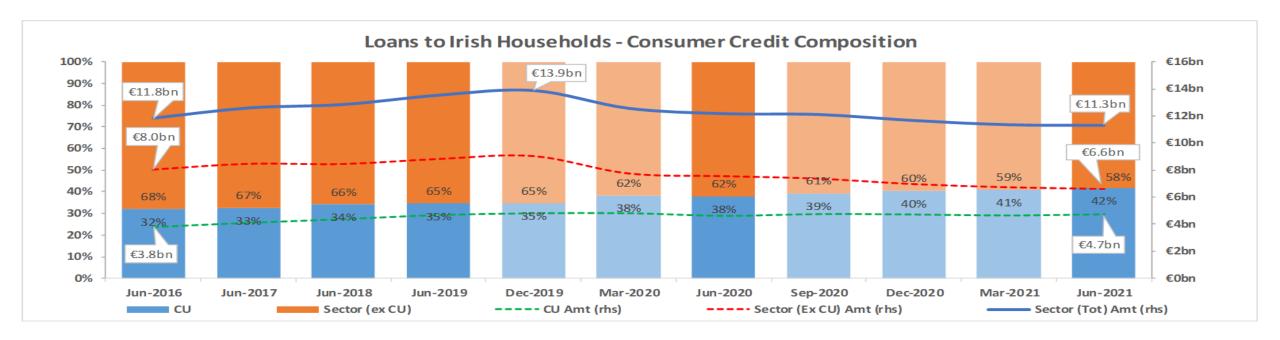
## **Credit Union - Lending Through Covid**

- ■Irish Market Lending 2016-2021
- ■Credit Union Experience In aggregate and Individually
- ■Credit Union Lending Maturity Profile 'larger loans, longer terms'
- ■Enhanced Concentration Limits Notifications/Applications
- ■Information Sources

John Meagher, Policy & Regulatory Approvals



#### **Irish Market - Consumer Lending**



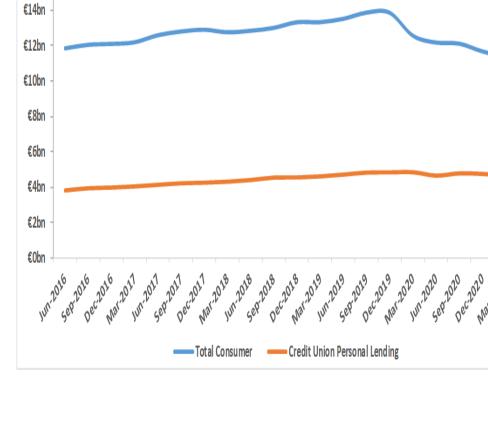
- Market growth in 2016-19 period, from €11.8bn to €13.9bn
- Household credit / consumer credit contracted sharply from onset of Covid.
- Whilst recovery is evident, net growth is still not being achieved, with loan repayments remaining well ahead of new drawdowns
- Consumer credit (total outstanding) has contracted to €11.3bn (June 2021), a fall of €2.6bn or 19%.



## **Lending through Covid - Credit Union Sector Experience**

- In aggregate Lending declined but has recovered and at June
  2021 stands at Sep 2019 level
- The 'recovery' in lending (net growth) is likely to have continued through the last quarter
- Positive economic forecasts by the CBI and ESRI, Ioan demand and growth may follow but not certain





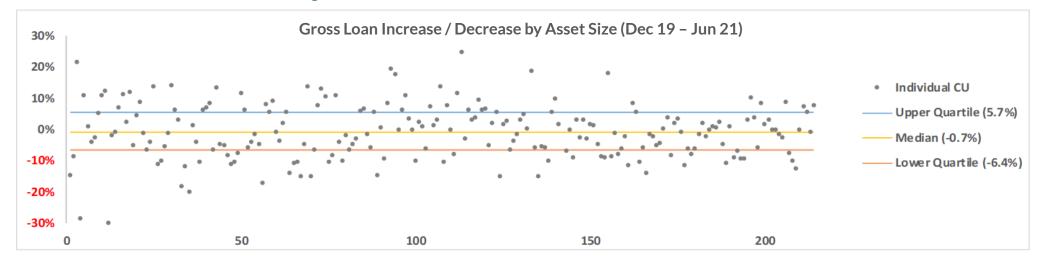
**Consumer Credit** 

€16bn

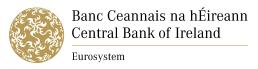


#### **Lending through Covid – Individual Entity Experience**

- Individual credit union performance varies significantly. As at June 2021:
  - 53% of credit unions below Dec 2019 in gross loans by value outstanding
  - 47% of credit unions ahead of Dec 2019 figure



- Individual performance varies significantly, reflecting local conditions and common bond attributes
- If quarter to June 2021 improvement is sustained, more credit unions will move into net positive position (versus Dec 2019) by September 2021
- LTA remains low across sector in general and improvement is important for viability and sustainability

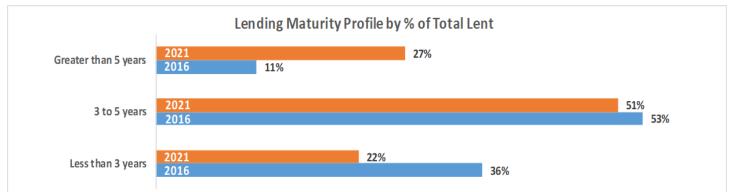


#### **Changing Profile of Irish Credit Union Lending**

- **Larger loans over longer terms** has been a feature of recent years:
  - Lending for terms >5 years grew from 11% to 27% of new lending between 2016 and 2021
  - Lending for term under 3 years decreased from 36% to 22% in the period 2016 to 2021
  - **House** loans account for 4.8% of lending, with 13% of credit unions accounting for over 80% of total. 50% of credit unions do not provide house loans

■ Business loans also a small proportion (2.5%) of total with 23%% of credit unions accounting for 79% of all loans, and 30% with no

business loans



- Larger loans and longer maturity present additional risks, credit unions should be mindful of in areas such as credit, liquidity, market, operational & conduct risk
  - Guidance in the matter of longer term lending is available https://www.centralbank.ie/regulation/industry-market-sectors/credit-unions/communications



#### **Lending Concentration Limit Increases - Notifications / Applications**

#### 2021 updates to:

- <u>Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)</u>
- Application Form and associated <u>Guidance Note</u> for the 15% Limit

**Key update** – notifications of intention to avail of the 10% limit and applications for the 15% and other notifications relating to these limits must be submitted by credit unions via the **Central Bank of Ireland Portal** 

#### Other useful Central Bank resources on lending:

- Credit Union Handbook <u>Lending</u> and <u>Liquidity</u> chapters
- Consolidated 2016 Regulations



	Received	Approved	Current Status
10% limit notifications	3	2	1 Lapsed
15% limit applications	5	2	3 under assessment

#### **Information Sources**

- https://www.centralbank.ie/publication/quarterly-bulletins/quarterly-bulletin-q4-2021
- <a href="https://www.centralbank.ie/statistics/data-and-analysis/credit-and-banking-statistics">https://www.centralbank.ie/statistics/data-and-analysis/credit-and-banking-statistics</a>



