

Global Firms and the National Accounts

Philip R. Lane, 2nd February 2018

CSO Seminar



Overview

■ ESRG Report: One Year Later

■ GNI*: 1995 to 2016

■ CA*: 1998 to 2016

■ Other Initiatives (CSO; elsewhere)

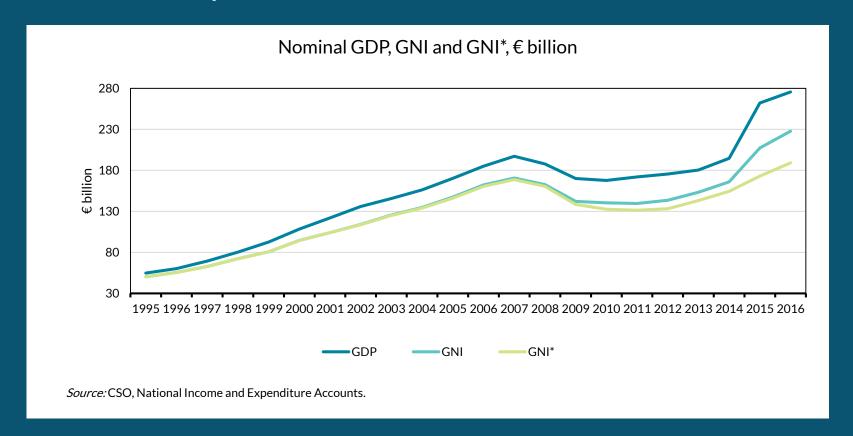
Quick takeup by official institutions

■ International awareness

■ Good measure of scale of economy essential for sustainability analysis (credit; public debt; external; ...)



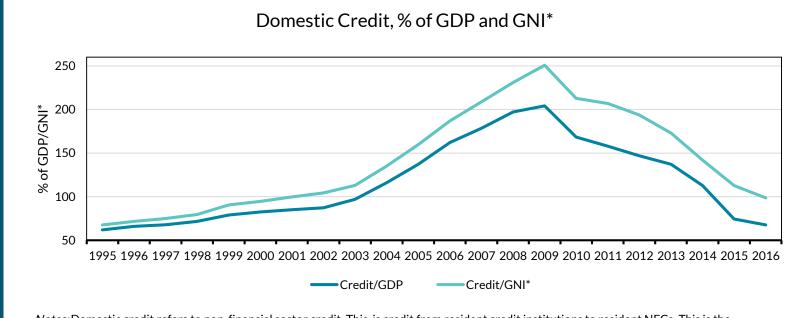
Size of the Economy







Credit Ratios



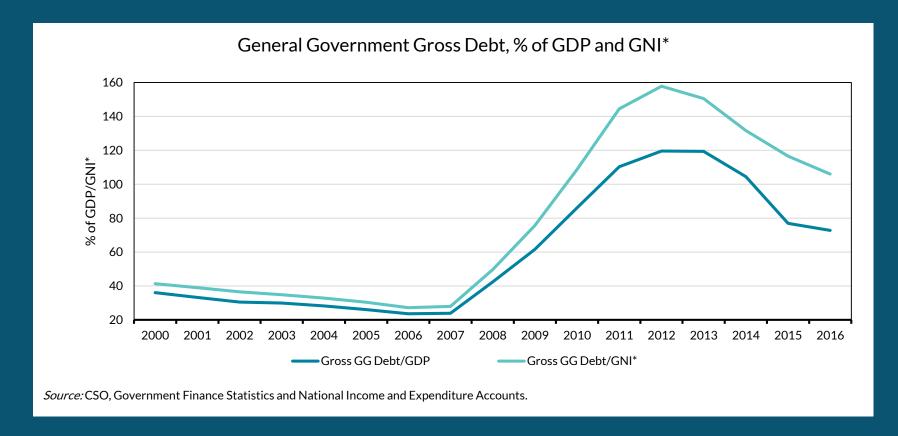
Notes: Domestic credit refers to non-financial sector credit. This is credit from resident credit institutions to resident NFCs. This is the "national specific" measure of credit considered by the Bank when setting the Countercyclical Capital Buffer (CCB) rate.

Source: Central Bank of Ireland, Quarterly Financial Accounts and CSO, National Income and Expenditure Accounts.





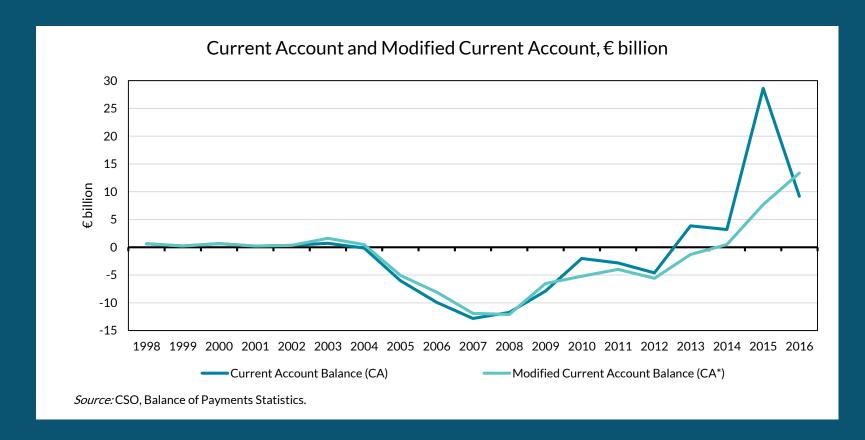
Public Debt Ratio







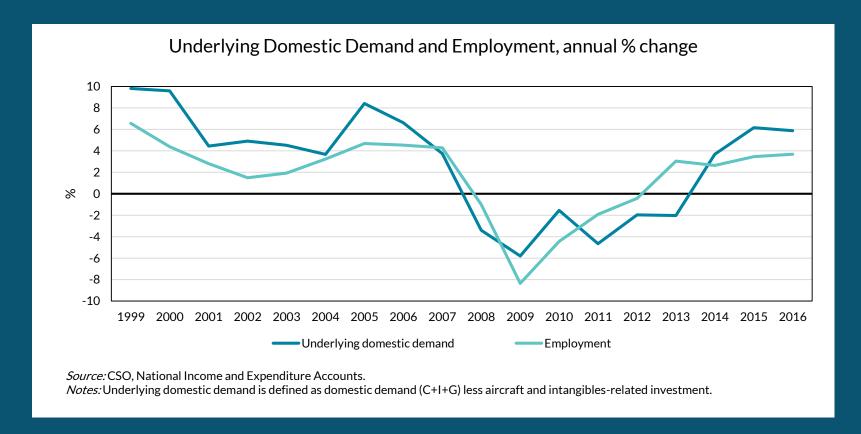
Current Account







Domestic Demand and Employment







Further Work I

- Global Firms: Domestic value added versus offshore activity
- Large Cases Unit (LCU): great potential
- GNI*: Expenditure components (investment; exports; imports)
- GNI*: Sectoral data





Further Work II

- International Investment Position (IIP)
- Stock-flow Adjustments

$$K_t^{IP} = (1 - \delta)K_{t-1}^{IP} + INVFLOW_t^{IP} + SFA_t^{IP}$$

$$K_t^{AIR} = (1 - \theta)K_{t-1}^{AIR} + INVFLOW_t^{AIR} + SFA_t^{AIR}$$

$$F_t = (1 + r_t)F_{t-1} + FLOW_t^F + SFA_t^F$$

Conclusions

- Ongoing challenges
- CSO tasks
- User responsibilities
- International convergence?



